

Committee Minutes

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS COMMITTEE

Tour of Upper Quad Residence Facilities 7:30 a.m.

Open Session Meeting in Solitude Room, The Inn at Virginia Tech 9:30 a.m.

November 7, 2016

Open Session

Board Members Present: Mr. James Chapman-Rector, Mr. Gabe Cohen, Mr. Mehmood Kazmi, Mr. Mike Quillen, Mr. Chris Peterson, Mr. Mehul Sanghani, Mr. Steve Sturgis, Mr. Jeff Veatch

VPI & SU Staff:

Ms. Jennifer Altman, Ms. Kim Avis, Deputy Chief Mac Babb, Mr. Whit Babcock, Mr. Tom Brown, Ms. Vickie Chiocca, Mr. Van Coble, Mr. Joe Crane, Mr. Aaron Curfiss, Chief Kevin Foust, Dr. Lance Franklin, Major General Randy Fullhart, Mr. Tom Gabbard, Mr. Mark Gess, Dr. Lee Hawthorne, Mr. Rick Hinson, Dr. Robin Jones, Ms. Angela Kates, Dr. Chris Kiwus, Ms. Leigh LaClair, Mr. Brian Lee, Ms. Heidi McCoy, Mr. Mike Mulhare, Ms. Laura Neff-Henderson, Dr. Patty Perillo, Mr. Charles Phlegar, Ms. Angela Simmons, Mr. Jason Soileau, Ms. Kayla Smith, Mr. Ken Smith, Mr. Dwyn Taylor, Mr. Luke Watson, Dr. Lisa Wilkes, Dr. Sherwood Wilson, Mr. Chris Wise

Guests: Mr. Craig Montgomery, Field Project Manager – Barton Malow

1. **Tour of the Upper Quad Residence Facilities:** The Committee, in conjunction with the Student Affairs and Athletics Committee, toured several of the Upper Quad residence facilities including Monteith, Pearson, and the new residence hall.
2. **Opening Remarks and Approval of Minutes of the August 29, 2016 meeting:** The Committee approved the minutes of the August 29, 2016 meeting.
- * 3. **Resolution on Appointment to the Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority:** The Committee approved a resolution recommending that Christopher H. Kiwus, Associate Vice President and Chief Facilities Officer, be appointed as the university's representative to the Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority Board.
- * 4. **Resolution on the Virginia Tech Crisis and Emergency Management Plan:** The Committee approved a resolution adopting the revised Virginia Tech Crisis and Emergency Management Plan. The Code of Virginia requires that each public institution of higher education conduct a comprehensive review and revision of its

Crisis and Emergency Management Plan every four years to ensure that the Plan remains current. Further, the Plan must be adopted formally by the institution's Board of Visitors.

- * **5. Resolution for A & N Electric Cooperative Underground Electric Utility Easement:** The Committee approved a resolution authorizing the Vice President for Administration to execute easements to A & N Electric Cooperative. The Virginia Tech Eastern Shore Agriculture Research and Extension Center ("AREC") has requested the university grant an underground electric utility easement to A & N Electric Cooperative to provide electric service to a new building to be constructed at the AREC.
- * **6. Resolution on Demolition of University Building – English Field Press Box and Stands:** The Committee approved a resolution authorizing the demolition of English Field Press Box and Stands, an athletics structure with Building Number 0185D. It is a 2,453 gross square foot (GSF) structure located at the north end of English Field which includes a 1,030 seat grandstand facility. The structure is located near the intersection of Duck Pond Drive and Southgate Drive in Blacksburg. The building was previously used as the Press Box and main stands for English Field. The structure will be demolished so that a new baseball park facility may be constructed in its place. A temporary structure will be provided for use until the permanent replacement facility is completed.
- 7. Design Preview/Review for Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building:** The Committee approved the design graphics for the equipment storage building located at the Eastern Shore Agricultural Research and Extension Center ("AREC") in Painter, Virginia. The building will be located north of the existing main building, northwest of the existing greenhouse, and bordered by agricultural fields. The building is to be a 7,500 gross square foot (GSF) pre-manufactured metal building and will provide on-site, open floor plan storage space to meet the Eastern Shore AREC farm's agricultural equipment storage needs. The base bid includes a gravel interior floor with additive alternates to incrementally add concrete floor slab. The building is equipped with basic electrical service and lighting with no mechanical or plumbing systems. Bids were opened on October 5, 2016. It is anticipated that the Notice to Proceed will be issued on or before November 30, 2016. Substantial completion is expected within 180 calendar days from the official date of the Notice to Proceed.
- 8. Design Review for Athletics Facilities Improvements - Baseball Improvements:** The Committee approved the design graphics for the renovation and expansion of the English Field at Union Park baseball facilities. The existing press box/concession building and grandstand seating will be demolished and a new 34,956 gross square foot (GSF) ball park facility will be constructed, connected to the existing English Field and the existing left field terrace seating. The ball park building will include a ground level concourse with merchandizing and concessions, a 1,202 seat covered grandstand, three terraced, covered hospitality decks with flexible seating, and an open picnic area flanking right field. The ball park building upper level will include a

hospitality concourse linking spaces for press, coaches, scorers, and statisticians, as well as VIP suites that can be combined into one or several suites. Additionally, the John C. Weaver Baseball Center will be modified to create a new player experience. The entire first floor will be transformed with locker rooms, a team meeting/video review space, an athletic training space, and laundry and storage spaces. A mechanical room addition will support the spaces while a new stair tower will provide access between the floors. On the second floor, renovations will provide coaches offices, dressing rooms, and showers.

- 9. Design Review for Athletics Facilities Improvements - Rector Field House:** The Committee approved the design graphics for athletic facilities improvements to the Rector Field House which consists of a major addition to the north and east sides totaling 42,181 gross square feet (GSF), with 897 GSF of renovated field house mechanical space. The north-side addition is 5,395 GSF supporting the softball addition and comprises a new training room, team rooms, wet areas, officials' rooms, and storage space. The remaining 36,432 GSF will extend from the northeast corner to the southeast corner and provide a throws area, a softball practice facility, and an entry vestibule that houses restrooms, concessions, and ticketing to serve the public.
- 10. The 2015 Jeanne Clery Act Report of Campus Security and Fire Safety:** The Committee reviewed the annual campus security and fire safety report for Virginia Tech that is compiled and published by the Virginia Tech Police Department. This annual report is required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crimes Statistics Act. The purpose of the report is to provide information about security on campus, to include: campus and community crime statistics, fire statistics and safety information, policy information, safety tips, resource phone numbers and a brief overview of the many related services the university provides.
- 11. 2016 Sustainability Annual Report:** In accordance with the university's Climate Action Commitment, the Committee reviewed the FY2015-2016 Annual Report on Campus Sustainability. The presentation highlighted the activities of units within Facilities to support sustainability initiatives, the status of LEED certifications, and the latest awards and recognitions the university has earned for its sustainability efforts.
- 12. Capital Project Status Report:** The Committee received an update on the status of all capital projects, including the Undergraduate Science Laboratory, Health Center Improvements, Renovate/Renew Academic Buildings, The Upper Quad Residence Halls, and the Classroom Building.

Joint Open Session

Board Members Present: Mr. Charles T. Hill, Mr. Mike Quillen, Mr. Wayne Robinson, Mr. Steve Sturgis, Mr. Dennis Treacy, Mr. Horacio Valeiras, Mr. Jeff Veatch

VPI & SU Staff: Ms. Beth Armstrong, Ms. Kim Avis, Mr. Whit Babcock, Mr. Bob Broyden, Ms. Bridget Brugger-McSorley, Mr. Allen Campbell, Mr. Joe Crane, Mr. John Cusimano, Mr. Lefter Daku, Mr. Brian Daniels, Mr. Michael Dean, Ms. Wanda Dean, Dr. Lance Franklin, Ms. Carolyn Fulk, Mr. Derek Gwinn, Ms. Kay Heidbreder, Ms. Mary Helmick, Mr. Tim Hodge, Ms. Elizabeth Hooper, Ms. Katie Huger, Dr. Chris Kiwus, Ms. Sharon Kurek, Ms. Angela Kates, Ms. Leigh LaClair, Ms. Heather LaFon, Dr. Theresa Mayer, Ms. Heidi McCoy, Ms. Nancy Meacham, Dr. Scott Midkiff, Mr. Ken Miller, Ms. Terri Mitchell, Ms. Laura Neff-Henderson, Mr. Mark Owczarski, Mr. Tim Parker, Mr. Charlie Phlegar, Dr. Scot Ransbottom, Ms. Lisa Royal, Ms. Savita Sharma, Mr. M. Dwight Shelton Jr., Mr. Jason Soileau, Mr. Brad Sumpter, Mr. Dwyn Taylor, Mr. Jon Clark Teglas, Dr. Lisa Wilkes, Dr. Sherwood Wilson

- * 1. **Approval of Resolution for Construction of the Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building:** The Committees reviewed for approval a resolution for construction of the Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building. In March 2016, the Board of Visitors approved a \$46,000 planning project for the Eastern Shore Agricultural Research and Extension Center (AREC) Equipment Storage Building project. The AREC, working with the college and the university, developed full bid documents for the necessary facility to house and secure its equipment. The project's scope includes an approximately 7,500 gross square foot, single story structure located on site and adjacent to the AREC's other facilities. The exterior shell of the facility is a pre-engineered metal building standing on a concrete slab with insulation and heating.

Construction bids for the project were received October 4, 2016 with the low bid resulting in a total project cost of \$535,000, inclusive of the \$46,000 planning authorization. As with all self-supporting projects, the university, working conjointly with the College of Agriculture and Life Sciences, has developed a financing plan to support the entire costs of the \$535,000 project. This request is for a \$489,000 supplement to the existing \$46,000 design authorization to complete the Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building project.

The Committees recommended the Resolution for Construction of the Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building to the full Board for approval.

- * 2. **Approval of Amended Resolution for Capital Lease for Virginia Tech Transportation Institute:** The Committees reviewed for approval an amended resolution for a capital lease for the Virginia Tech Transportation Institute (VTTI). VTTI is developing a specialized connected- and automated- vehicle research initiative known as the Virginia Automation Park (the "Park") to support VTTI's strategic initiative for research expansion. During the August 29, 2016 Board

meeting, the Committees approved a resolution requesting approval to enter into a capital lease with ExpandTran, LLC for the development of approximately 28 acres of land through a capital lease with ExpandTran, LLC and an easement between ExpandTran, LLC and TORC Robotics, Inc. to house an Automation Park.

Under VTTI's proposed revised plan, a modified scope of the Park will be implemented on the approximately seven (7) acres of land leased from ExpandTran, LLC and will not use an easement of TORC Robotics, Inc. land. The estimated costs of the revised scope are \$2.5 million, and Virginia Tech has developed a nongeneral fund resource plan sufficient to support the full costs of the lease. Virginia Tech desires to update the Board of Visitors on the above-stated changes to the capital lease and corresponding Park plan approved and authorized by the Board of Visitors on August 29, 2016, and secure approval of and authorization for the revised capital lease parameters.

The Committees recommended the Amended Resolution for Capital Lease for Virginia Tech Transportation Institute to the full Board for approval.

- * **3. Approval of Resolution for the Acquisition of 201 West Roanoke Street, Blacksburg, VA:** The Committees reviewed for approval a resolution for the acquisition of 201 West Roanoke Street, Blacksburg, Virginia property (the "Property"), adjacent to the Virginia Tech campus. The Property, in close proximity to the university's main campus, will support the university's Creative and Innovation District initiative, and is a property being identified as having a strategic value to Virginia Tech in the current Campus Master Plan update. Virginia Tech has leased the Property since October 27, 2006 from the current owners, Roanoke Street Building Partnership. Virginia Tech desires to purchase the Property for both its current leased use and its future strategic value to the university.

The university has entered into negotiations with the owners of the Property for the purchase of the Property at a cost of \$550,000 subject to the satisfactory completion of all applicable university acquisition policy and procedures, including, but not limited to, Board of Visitors authorization to consummate the transaction. Virginia Tech has developed a funding plan sufficient to support the full costs of the acquisition. This request is to seek authorization for Virginia Tech to move forward with the acquisition of the Property at a cost of \$550,000 plus any due diligence and related closings costs, and for the Vice President for Administration, his successors and/or assigns, to execute a Purchase/Sales Contract, as well as any and all other documents necessary to affect the purchase of 201 West Roanoke Street, Blacksburg VA.

The Committees recommended the Resolution for the Acquisition of 201 West Roanoke Street, Blacksburg, VA to the full Board for approval.

- * **4. Approval of Resolution for Construction of Rector Field House Improvements:** The Committees reviewed for approval a resolution for the Construction of Rector

Field House Improvements. The Board of Visitors approved a \$3.5 million blanket planning project in November 2015 for various Athletics facilities improvements including an expansion and refurbishment to Rector Field House to support softball, track, and field throwing events. Planning and design work for Rector Field House is progressing with improvements to the restrooms, fire suppression, mechanical systems, and roof of the existing building and approximately 44,000 gross square feet of new construction for two building additions.

The project schedule includes an occupancy date of February 2018 for a portion of the facility to meet the Athletics' program obligation to host the Atlantic Coast Conference Indoor Track and Field Championships. The occupancy date for the remainder of the project is scheduled for fall 2018. At its August 2016 meeting, the Board of Visitors approved a \$2.4 million early site package as part of a two-phase implementation plan to ensure a timely occupancy of the project. The implementation plan is on track for entering phase two, a construction package for the remainder of the project, in January 2017. This timing will ensure a February 2018 occupancy of the field throwing events area, entrance, and restrooms which are necessary to host the event.

At this time Athletics and the university are requesting authorization to move forward with a construction contract to complete the project. The total project budget for Rector Field House Improvements is \$18.6 million inclusive of the \$2.6 million for planning work and the \$2.4 million early site package previously authorized. The supplemental budget to complete the Rector Field House improvements project is \$13.6 million.

The Committees recommended the Resolution for Construction of Rector Field House Improvements to the full Board for approval.

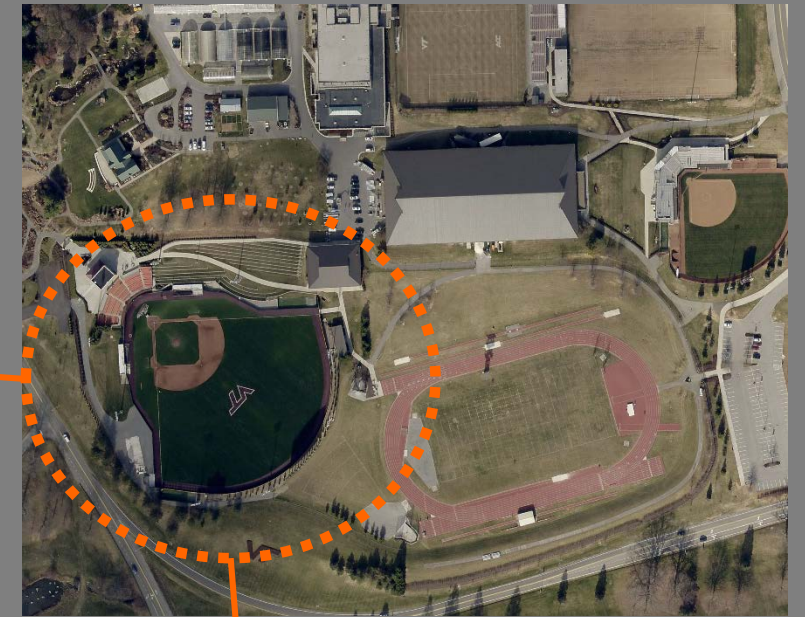
There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 12:03 p.m.

***Requires full Board approval.**

Design Review for:

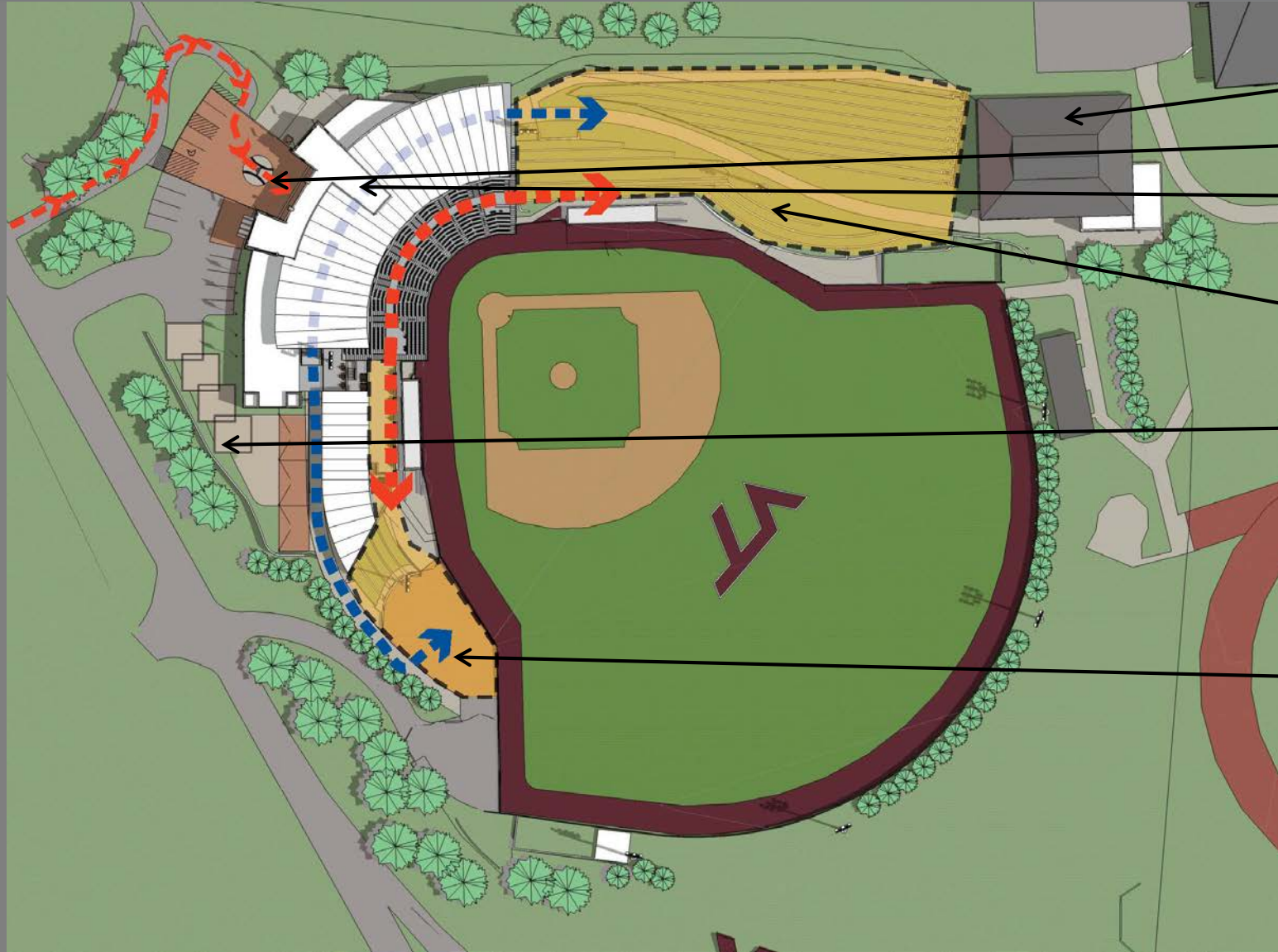
**Athletics Facilities Improvements
- Baseball Facilities Improvements**

Project Location



Baseball Facilities

Site Plan



Weaver Baseball Facility

Accessible Entry Route

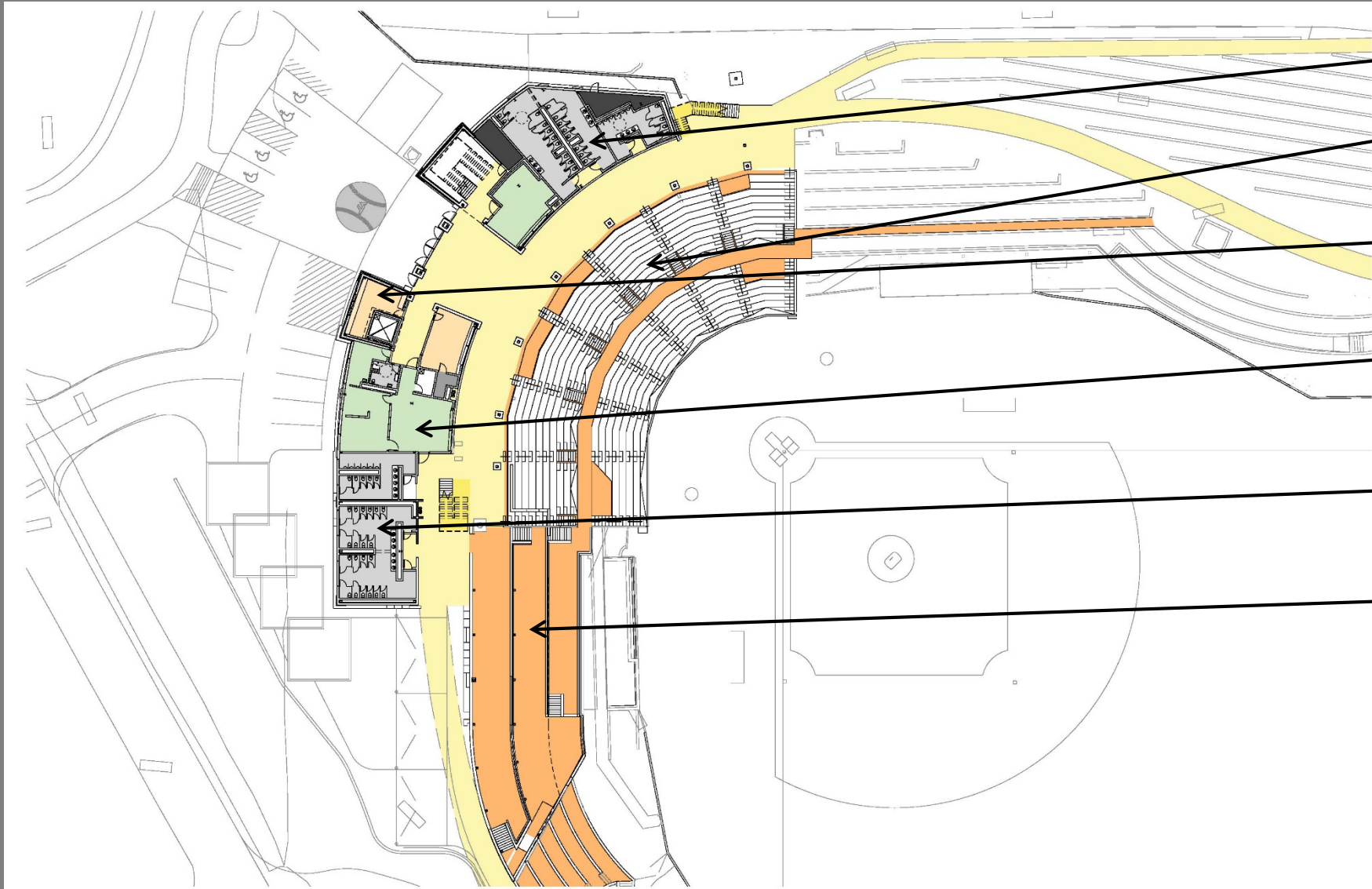
Grandstand / Press Box Roof

Existing Terrace Seating

Vendor Stations

Picnic Area

Ground Level Plan



Restrooms

New Grand Stand
Sections

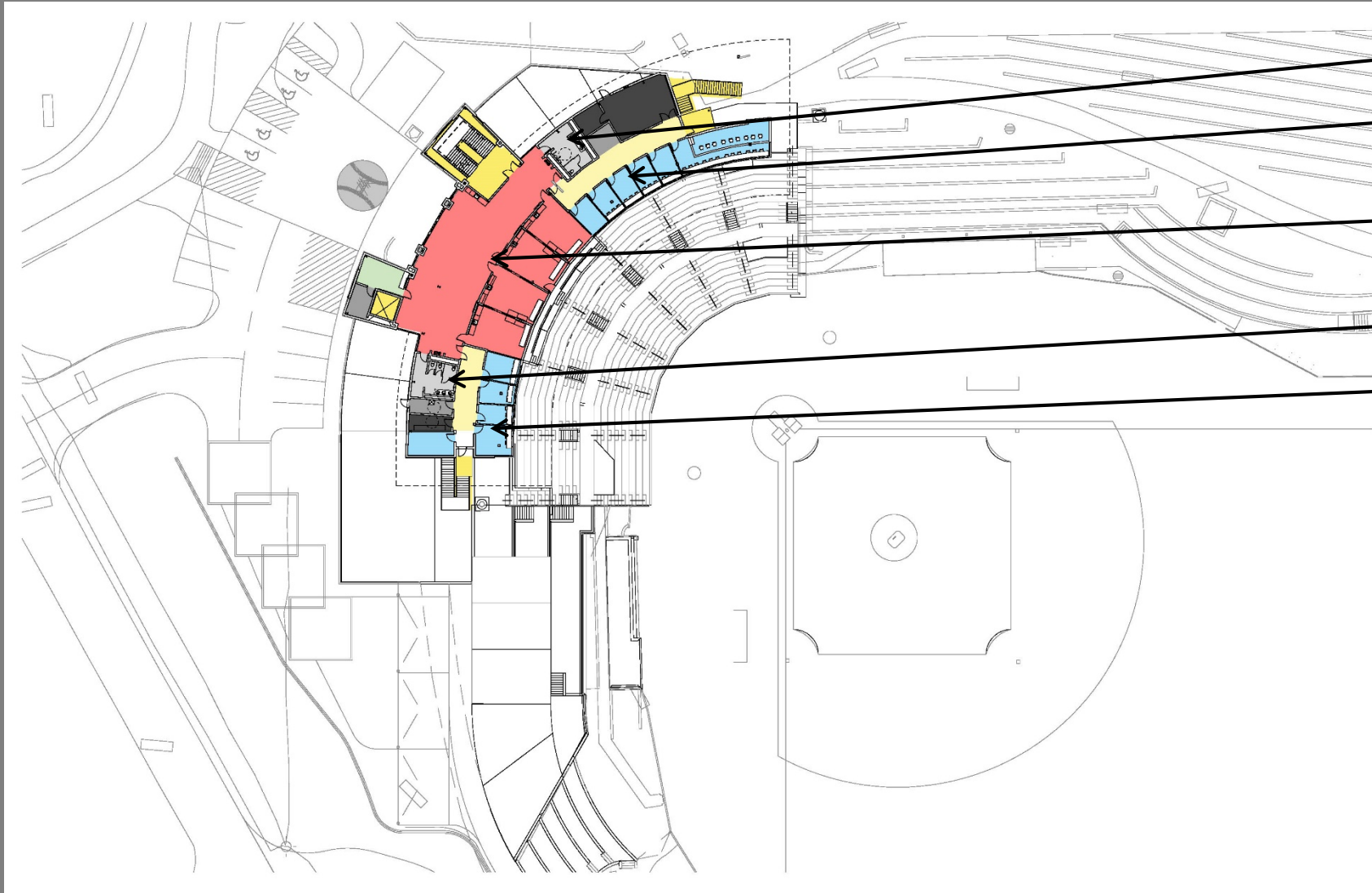
Box Offices

Concessions

Restrooms

Hospitality Deck

Upper Level Plan



Restrooms

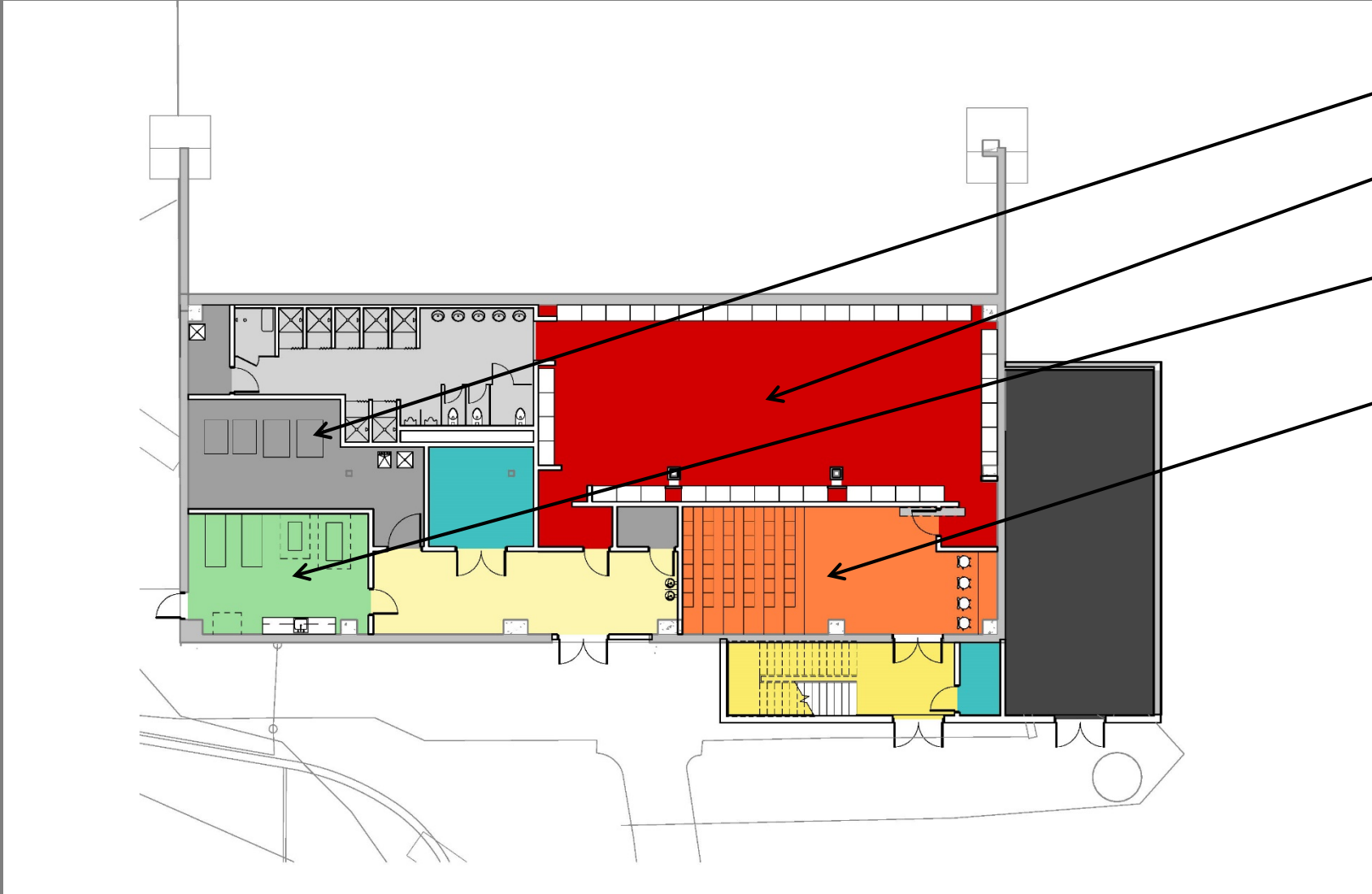
Broadcast Booths

Hospitality Areas
and Suites

Restrooms

Broadcast Booths

Weaver Baseball Facility Lower Level Plan



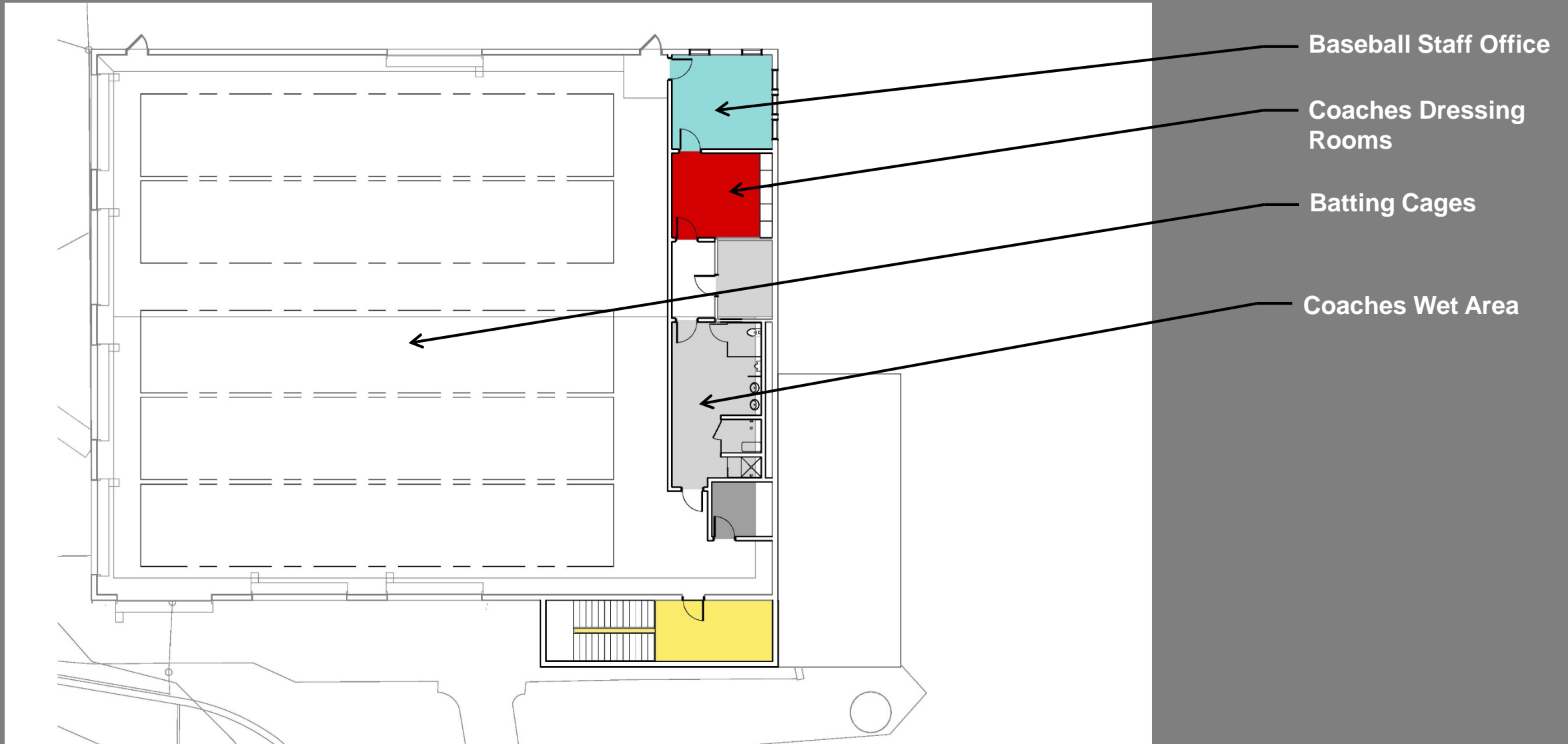
Laundry

Baseball Locker Rooms

Athletic Training Area

Meeting/Video Study

Weaver Baseball Facility Concourse Level Plan (Batting Cages)



Recommendation for Proposed Design

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Design Review graphics be approved and authorization be provided to continue with the project design consistent with the drawings shown.

DESIGN REVIEW FOR ATHLETICS FACILITIES IMPROVEMENTS - BASEBALL FACILITIES IMPROVEMENTS

Preliminary design has been prepared for the renovation and expansion of the English Field at Union Park baseball facilities. The existing press box/concession building and grandstand seating will be demolished and a new 34,956 gross square foot (GSF) ball park facility will be constructed, connected to the existing English Field and the existing left field terrace seating. Primary functions in the ball park building will include a ground level concourse with merchandizing and concessions, a 1,202 seat covered grandstand, three terraced hospitality decks with flexible seating under cover, and an open picnic area flanking right field. The ball park building upper level will include a hospitality concourse with 48 VIP seats linking spaces for press, coaches, scorers, and statisticians, as well as four VIP Suites that can be combined into one or several suites. A partial lower level beneath the hospitality decks will provide an umpire's dressing room and a field equipment storage space. Additionally, the John C. Weaver Baseball Center will be modified to create a new player experience. The entire 4,000 GSF first floor will be transformed with locker rooms, a team meeting/video review space, an athletic training space, and laundry and storage spaces. A mechanical room addition will support the spaces while a new stair tower will provide access between the floors. On the second floor, 1,066 GSF of renovations will provide new coaches offices, dressing rooms, and showers.

Capital Project Information Summary – Baseball Facilities Improvements

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS COMMITTEE

November 7, 2016

Title of Project:

Baseball Facilities Improvements

Location:

The building site encompasses the existing English Field at Union Park baseball complex at the east side of Duck Pond Drive, west of the Rector Field House. The Hahn Garden trees north of the facility site will be protected from construction activities.

Current Project Status and Schedule:

Preliminary design documents have been prepared as part of the design-build procurement design package. Working drawing design phases are expected to be completed in December 2016 and construction completed in February 2018.

Project Description:

The existing press box and concession building and the existing 1,030-seat grandstand will be demolished to provide a new ball park facility in its place. The existing team dugouts, playing field, and third baseline terrace seating will remain and be incorporated into the new design. The majority of site improvements occur along the first baseline and behind home plate. The new 34,956 gross square foot (GSF) ball park structure includes two major levels. The main level (concourse level) is at grade to the park entry and includes a 9,929 GSF concourse area, a 9,049 GSF covered grandstand, and a 5,888 GSF covered hospitality deck area. The press box level above totals 8,435 GSF, and a small field level below the hospitality deck serves umpires and field storage, totaling 1,440 GSF. In addition, the John C. Weaver Baseball Center will be modified to create a new player experience. The entire 4,000 GSF first floor will be transformed with new locker rooms, a team meeting/video review space, an athletic training space, and laundry and storage spaces. A mechanical room addition will support the spaces while a new stair tower will provide access between the floors. On the second floor, 1,066 GSF of renovations will provide new coaches offices, dressing rooms, and showers.

Brief Program Description:

The expanded complex will provide a signature game day experience within a true baseball park and serve as a venue for additional community activities. A large archway forms the main entry to the park from Duck Pond Drive. A ticket booth is immediately to the right of the entry. Fans will pass through the archway to the main concourse, which incorporates Hokie merchandizing, concessions, and restrooms. The new 1,202-seat grandstand is accessed by seven aisles. A mid-row grandstand

cross-aisle facilitates access throughout the seating, and connects the third base and first base decks and terraces to the grandstand. Flanking the first base side, three terraced hospitality decks allow hosting of group events and accommodate a variety of seating options for up to 650 patrons, protected by a roof covering. An open picnic plaza is further down the right field line, with space for more than 20 picnic tables. Between the picnic area and the hospitality area is a small grass terrace area reflecting the existing third baseline terrace seating.

The upper level includes spaces for press, statisticians, coaching staff, and scorers along a hospitality concourse. Four VIP suites are also provided at the upper level. The VIP suites are designed to be used singularly, or can be configured together to provide larger spaces through use of retracting pocket doors. Each suite has outdoor seating overlooking the field, totaling 48 seats. An upper level hospitality food and beverage station serves the VIP suites.

Contextual Issues and Design Intent:

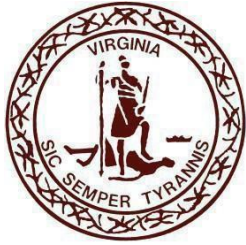
Primary exterior materials will include Hokie Stone, precast concrete with decorative reveals and heraldry, curtainwall glazing, and standing seam metal roofing. The main entryway/gateway is formed by a continuous precast concrete arch, and is flanked by two Hokie Stone/precast concrete towers with prominent glazing and precast inserts. A sweeping roof canopy projects over the press box level and the grandstand to provide shading and cover. The designers are investigating the possibility of wood as the framing and soffit material for the projecting canopy.

Design/Build Team:

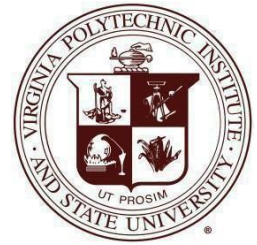
Contractor: Whiting Turner Contracting Co.
A/E: CannonDesign

THE 2015 JEANNE CLERY ACT REPORT OF CAMPUS SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY

The Committee will review the annual campus security and fire safety report for Virginia Tech that is compiled and published by the Virginia Tech Police Department. This annual report is required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crimes Statistics Act. The purpose of the report is to provide information about security on campus, to include: campus and community crime statistics, fire statistics and safety information, policy information, safety tips, resource phone numbers and a brief overview of the many services the university provides.



VIRGINIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE
AND STATE UNIVERSITY



2015 JEANNE CLERY ACT REPORT

THE ANNUAL CAMPUS SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT FOR

ALL

VIRGINIA TECH CAMPUSES

September 2016



**CAMPUS SAFETY:
A SHARED RESPONSIBILITY**

The Virginia Tech Police Department is a Nationally Accredited Law Enforcement Agency

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Mission Statement/University Overview	1
ASR Preparation Policies	2
Campus Security Authorities	2-3
Virginia Tech Police Department	3-4
Emergency Alerts	4
Timely Warnings	5
Missing Persons	5-6
Security/Access to Campus Buildings	6
Campus Facilities Maintenance	6
Alcohol/Drug Policies	7
Pastoral & Professional Counselors	8
Emergency Notifications/Preparedness	8-9
Drills/Exercise Chart	10
Emergency Evacuation Procedures	11
Secure-In-Place Procedures	12
Shelter-in-Place Procedures	13
Crime Reporting	13
Emergency Assistance	13-14
LiveSafe App	14
Incident Response	14
Services & Prevention Information	15
Title IX Training	16-17
Operation Identification	17
Fingerprinting Services	18
Safe Ride	18
Sexual Assault (VAWA) Definitions, Prevention, Programs, Procedures	18-25
Survivors Options	25-28
Student Conduct	28-30
Title IX – Student/Employee Rights, Procedures, Resources	30-36
Sex Offender Registry	36-37
Important Phone Numbers	38
Safety Tips / Risk Reduction	39
VAWA Prevention Programs	40
VAWA Resources	41
Crime Definitions / Geography	42-43
Crime Statistics	44
Fire Safety	45-55
Appendix A Blacksburg Campus Map	56
Appendix B Blacksburg Extended Jurisdiction Map	57
Divider Page Main Campus and Separate Campuses	58
VT Research Center – Arlington	59-66
VT Carilion Research Institute	67-76

TABLE OF CONTENTS CONTINUED....

Danville Institute for Advanced Learning & Research	77-84
Hampton Roads Education Center	85-92
Marion DuPont Scot Equine Medical Center	93-102
Middleburg Agricultural Research & Extension Center	103-116
Northern Virginia Center	117-125
Richmond Center	126-134
Roanoke Higher Education Center	135-142
Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center	143-150
Steger Center for International Scholarship	151-163
Washington Alexandria Campus	164-175



Mission Statement

Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University is a public land-grant university serving the commonwealth of Virginia, the nation, and the world community. The discovery and dissemination of new knowledge are central to its mission. Through its focus on teaching and learning, research and discovery, and outreach and engagement, the university creates, conveys, and applies knowledge to expand personal growth and opportunity, advance social and community development, foster economic competitiveness, and improve the quality of life.

University Overview

Dedicated to its motto, *Ut Prosim* (That I May Serve), Virginia Tech takes a hands-on, engaging approach to education, preparing scholars to be leaders in their fields and communities. As the commonwealth's most comprehensive university and its leading research institution, Virginia Tech offers more than 240 undergraduate and graduate degree programs to more than 32,000 students. The university fulfills its land-grant mission of transforming knowledge to practice through technological leadership and by fueling economic growth and job creation locally, regionally, and across Virginia.

Founded in 1872, Virginia Tech has approximately 135 campus buildings, a 2,600- acre main campus, statewide educational facilities in six regions, a study-abroad site in Switzerland, and a 1,800 acre agriculture research farm near the main campus. Surrounded by the Town of Blacksburg, Virginia Tech is located in the New River Valley and only a short drive from the scenic Blue Ridge Mountains, the Appalachian Trail, and the New River itself.

Virginia Tech Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report

The Virginia Tech Police Department has been designated as the department responsible for compiling and publishing the university's annual security and fire safety report. This document is intended to serve as the annual security and fire safety report, as required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. The purpose of the report is to provide information about security on campus, to include: campus and community crime statistics, fire statistics and safety information, policy information, safety tips, resource phone numbers and a brief overview of the many services the university provides. A map of the campus can be found at: <http://www.police.vt.edu/clerymaps> and is attached in *Appendix A*. Keep this information where it can be easily located; it provides you with a useful reference source of information.

Policies for Preparing the Annual Disclosure of Crime Statistics

Information for this report is compiled from reports provided by campus security authorities including, but not limited to, the Office of Emergency management, Office of Student Conduct, Environmental health and Safety, the Department of Human Resources, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech Women's Center, and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns property, leases property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property. Information for the main campus in Blacksburg was obtained from the Blacksburg Police Department, the Montgomery County Sheriff's Office, the Christiansburg Police Department, the Virginia Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control, the New River Regional Drug Task Force, and the Virginia State Police.

Campus Security Authority (CSA)

Under Federal Law CSA's are required to report a crime.

"Campus security authority" is a Clery-specific term that encompasses four groups of individuals and organizations associated with an institution.

- A campus police department or a campus security department of an institution.
- Any individual or individuals who have responsibility for campus security but who do not constitute a campus police department or a campus security.
- Any individual or organization to which students and employees should report criminal offenses.
- An official of an institution who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, including, but not limited to, student housing, student discipline and campus judicial proceedings. An **official** is defined as any person who has the authority and the duty to take action or respond to particular issues on behalf of the institution.

If someone has significant responsibility for student and campus activities, he or she is a campus security authority.

Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Virginia Tech Police Department. Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible; however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study, and live on campus.

Virginia Tech Police Department

The Virginia Tech Police Department (VTPD) is a nationally and internationally accredited professional law enforcement organization staffed by highly trained men and women. The department consists of 50 sworn officers, 8 security officers, 5 security center representatives and 7 full time support staff employees. The Virginia Tech Police Department operates 24 hours a day and provides full police services to the university community. Sworn officers are state-certified and empowered to enforce all federal, state, and local laws on university property and have full authority to make arrests and carry firearms. In addition to patrol, investigation, and crime prevention, the department answers calls for assistance, such as motorist assists. Campus Security officers are state-certified. They are unarmed and do not have authority to make arrests. Their sole purpose is to maintain peace and order. They are primarily responsible for ensuring the safety, security and welfare of students, faculty, staff and visitors.

Virginia Tech police officers have jurisdiction and respond to incidents on the immediate campus in Blacksburg, Virginia, property owned or leased by Virginia Tech, and university related corporations in the Blacksburg area. The Virginia Tech Police Department has jurisdiction on any other public or private institution of higher learning, if requested by the institution. A concurrent jurisdiction agreement was granted by the Circuit Court Judge of Montgomery County and includes the Towns of Blacksburg and Christiansburg, as well as the County of Montgomery.

The Virginia Tech Police Department also has a specified enhanced patrol zone in downtown Blacksburg. Officers have the authority to conduct routine patrol and make arrests in the enhanced patrol zone. A map displaying these boundaries has been added to this report as Appendix B and can be found online at <http://www.police.vt.edu/clerymaps>.

The Virginia Tech Police Department maintains a close working relationship with the Virginia State Police, the Blacksburg Police Department the Montgomery County Sheriff's Office, and the Christiansburg Police Department, as well as other law enforcement agencies throughout the state. The Virginia Tech Police Department has a written Memorandum of Understanding

with the Blacksburg Police Department and the Virginia State Police, as required by Virginia State Law, concerning sexual assault and death investigations. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have any other written Memorandum of understand with any other law enforcement agency concerning the investigation of alleged criminal incidents, as the department has the responsibility and authority to conduct all criminal investigations for crimes that occur on Virginia Tech owned, leased, or controlled property. The monitoring and recording of criminal activity in which students engaged at non-campus locations of officially recognized student organizations, including those with non-campus housing facilities is done through communications with the Blacksburg Police Department, and other local law enforcement agencies based on addresses of recognized student organizations. As a participant in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) and the Virginia Crime Information Network (VCIN), the Virginia Tech Police Department is able to transmit and receive crime information with other police agencies throughout the United States. Through its membership in related professional organizations, the department is able to keep abreast of new or developing ideas and has a medium for the exchange of information on law enforcement issues. The Virginia Tech Police Department has a news release called “Daily Crime and Fire Log” that is published each day with the exception of weekends, holidays and when the university is closed. The “Daily Crime and Fire Log” list actual fires in residence halls and all incidents of crime within the past 24 hours, or over the weekend. The report is available for review 24 hours a day at the Virginia Tech Police Department Security Center currently located at 230 Sterrett Drive, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061, at the Office of the Chief of Police located at 330 Sterrett Drive, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061, and on the department’s website at www.police.vt.edu. The Security Center will be moving to 330 Sterrett Drive in January 2017. The Blacksburg Police Department notifies the university, via a Referral of Student Conduct, when students or university recognized student groups are involved in criminal activities off campus within the Town of Blacksburg.

In June, 2016 the New River Valley Emergency Communications Regional Authority officially opened. NRV 911 is comprised of Montgomery County, the Towns of Blacksburg and Christiansburg and Virginia Tech to provide quality and reliable 911 dispatch and emergency communication services to the community. This partnership promotes interoperability, collaboration and commitment to excellence in public safety to foster a safe environment and promptly respond to the needs of citizens. The centralized 911 dispatch center more quickly and accurately routes calls to the appropriate local emergency medical, fire and law enforcement agencies by reducing transfers, saving valuable response time and, therefore, lives.

Policies and Regulations

Emergency Alerts

Virginia Tech’s Emergency Notification System (ENS), more commonly known as VT Alerts, is in place to provide rapid incident communication through multiple media to the Virginia Tech community. The ENS addresses the reporting requirements of the 2008 Higher Education Opportunity Act and Section 23-9.2:11, Code of Virginia, as amended.

Timely Warnings/ Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings / Crime alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, within the Virginia Tech Clery Geography (On Campus, Public Property and Non-campus Property), that, in the judgment of the chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, major incidents of arson, Murder & Non-negligent manslaughter, burglary, robbery, sex offenses (considered on a case-by-case basis depending on the facts of the case, when and where the incident occurred, when it was reported, and the amount of information known by the Chief of Police or designee). In cases involving sexual assault, they are often reported long after the incident occurred, thus there is no ability to distribute a “timely” warning notice to the community. All cases of sexual assault, including stranger and non-stranger/acquaintance cases, will be assessed for potential issuance of a Timely Warning Notice, aggravated assault (cases involving assaults among known parties, such as two roommates fighting which results in an aggravated injury, will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis to determine if the individual is believed to be an ongoing threat to the larger Virginia Tech community) and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations or the Virginia Tech Police Department. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website and may be posted on social media outlets. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Timely Warning Notices will be distributed as soon as pertinent information is available, in a manner that withholds the names of victims as confidential, and with the goal of aiding in the prevention of similar occurrences.

Missing Persons

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing, he or she should immediately notify the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority at 540-382-4343. The NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority will notify the Virginia Tech Police Department to generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation.

After investigating the missing person report, should the Virginia Tech Police Department determine that the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours: the Virginia Tech Police Department will notify the student’s confidentially identified missing person contact, no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, the Virginia Tech Police Department will notify the student’s parent or legal guardian and any other designated contact person after making the determination that the student has been missing for more than 24 hours. As required by law,

the Virginia Tech Police Department will inform the Blacksburg Police Department of any missing student in order to inform them that the Virginia Tech Police Department has conducted an initial investigation and has determined that a student is missing. This notification will be made no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

In addition to registering an emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing have the option to identify, confidentially, an individual to be contacted by Virginia Tech in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. Students who wish to identify a confidential contact can do so through the Hokie Spa web site (www.hokiespa.vt.edu). Annually updating emergency contact information is required through Registrar's office. This confidential contact information will be accessible to authorized campus officials and law enforcement only, and will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation.

Security and Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. Designs are reviewed by the Virginia Tech Police Department for compliance with security requirements. Exterior doors in all residence hall buildings remain locked at all times except in those buildings that also house university offices. During special circumstances such as student move in, exterior entrances are scheduled to be unlocked during specified time periods. Residents of the building and their escorted guests, as well as authorized persons, access the building by utilizing the card access system. Resident Advisors (RAs) and Housing and Residence Life Resource Officers make rounds during evening hours to verify that exterior entrances are locked and secured. Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public during operating hours and are generally secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. For information about the access protocol for a specific building, see the building manager, a department head, or contact the Virginia Tech Police Department at 540-231-6411. All campus buildings are patrolled daily by the Virginia Tech Police Department in order to monitor and address any security measures needed.

Virginia Tech has designed policies and regulations in order to create a safe and harmonious environment for the members of its community. All campus community members and visitors of the university are required to obey these regulations. These policies not only reflect the university's high standards of conduct, but also local, state and federal laws. Observed and enforced, they create a significant degree of safety for the university community.

Security Considerations used in the Maintenance of Campus Facilities

Housing and Residence Life Resource Officers also make reports of malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions that need to be addressed. Information in those reports are forwarded to the appropriate facility/ department for follow-up. Facilities and landscapes are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. When facilities receive maintenance or renovations, security measures such as lighting, landscape and entrance security are included, if it is deemed necessary by the Office of the University Architect and the Virginia Tech Police Department Crime Prevention Specialist. Maintenance issues can be reported to the Security Center by calling 540-231-6411.

Alcohol and Drugs

Virginia Tech recognizes that the misuse and abuse of alcohol is a persistent social and health problem of major proportion in our society and that it interferes with the goals and objectives of any educational institution. Accordingly, Virginia Tech strongly discourages illegal or otherwise irresponsible use of alcohol. Members of the university community are responsible for their decisions regarding their use of alcohol as well as their behavior, which occur as a result of these decisions. In this context, Virginia Tech created a comprehensive policy on Alcoholic Beverages and Other Controlled Substances. This policy can be found in the University Policies for Student Life.

Alcohol Policy

Virginia Tech fully enforces the alcohol regulations of the Commonwealth of Virginia. All state laws apply to Virginia Tech students, faculty, staff, and visitors while in the Commonwealth of Virginia. These laws prohibit possession, use, sale, distribution, and consumption of all alcoholic beverages by persons less than 21 years of age while in the Commonwealth of Virginia and are enforced by the Virginia Tech Police Department. To maintain conditions conducive to a learning environment, and to ensure that all community members are in a safe, productive environment, the university further restricts the use of alcohol within specified criteria. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy on Alcoholic Beverages.

Alcohol Affects

Alcohol is a depressant that progressively affects different brain areas. Alcohol first affects the part of the brain that controls inhibitions. When people lose their inhibitions, they may talk more, get rowdy, and do things that they would have otherwise not done. After several drinks, they may feel "high," but really, their nervous system is slowing down. Alcohol acts fast because it moves directly into the bloodstream from the small intestine. It takes approximately one hour for the liver to process the alcohol in one standard drink.

Drug Abuse Affects

Learning to recognize the physical or behavioral signs of drug abuse can aid in preventing the problem from getting worse. Changes in appearance, such as bloodshot or glazed eyes, dilated or constricted pupils, abrupt weight changes, bruises, infections, or other physical signs at the drug's entrance site on the body, can be clues to possible drug abuse. Other clues include increased irritability, lethargy, and depression, sudden changes in a social network, dramatic changes in habits, financial problems, and involvement in criminal activity. Drugs can affect almost every organ in your body and if you already have health issues it can make them worse.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use, sale or possession of any controlled substance. Virginia Tech fully enforces both federal and state drug laws. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action that may include suspension and / or dismissal from the university, for the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority who will contact the Virginia

Tech Police Department to take appropriate legal actions. In compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, Virginia Tech publishes information regarding the University's educational programs related to drug and alcohol abuse prevention: sanctions for violations of federal, state, and local laws and University policy; a description of health risks associated with alcohol and other drug use; and a description of available treatment programs for Virginia Tech students and employees. A complete description of these topics, as provided in the University's annual notification to students and employees, is available online. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at <http://www/.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Women's Center at Virginia Tech employs counselors. Crimes reported to the Women's Center are confidential but information such as the location, date, and offense type are communicated to the police department for inclusion in the annual crime statistics. Counselors at the Cook Counseling Center provide information to survivors about other community services available to them as well as the procedures for reporting crimes to the Virginia Tech Police Department. The Director at Cook Counseling is required to report Clery crimes. There are no formal procedures that require professional counselors to inform persons they are counseling of any procedures to report crimes on a voluntary and confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Information Compiled by the Office of Emergency Management

Emergency Notifications

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring on the campus. In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, "VT Alerts," to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The "VT Alerts" system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; classroom electronic message boards; university website notices; campus loud speakers / sirens, desktop alerts and twitter feed @vtalerts. In the event all systems are non-functional, face to face communications, Sirens/PA or other channels as developed would be utilized. Protocols for emergency notifications, as outlined in the Emergency Notification Systems Protocols, accessible from the university web site.

Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for all of the immediate notifications through Virginia Tech Alerts. However, they are able to sign up for Desktop Alerts and the @vtalerts twitter feed and are encouraged to do so and can also check the University Website for updates during an emergency on campus. VT Phone Alerts and VT Desktop Alerts require registration. Become familiar with the additional types of emergency notification systems delivery methods which do not require registration. The Virginia Tech Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community.

There are other departments on campus that could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department, the Office of Emergency Management and the Vice President for Administrative Services have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter or secure in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system, when applicable. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

One of the listed departments above will, without delay, take into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community include the Virginia Tech Police Department, Virginia State Police, Blacksburg Police Department, Montgomery County Sheriff's Office, Christiansburg Police Department, Virginia Tech Rescue and the Blacksburg Fire and EMS Department. Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the "Alert" process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy accessible from university web site.

Emergency Preparedness

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be accessed by searching "Be Hokie Ready" from the university web site. In an emergency it is important to remember three important things; **do not take unnecessary risks, there is no substitute for remaining calm, and always use common sense.**

University departments are responsible for developing Emergency Action Plans (EAP) and Continuity of Operations Plans (COOP) for their staff and areas of responsibility. The University conducts numerous emergency response exercises each year, including table top exercises, functional exercises, drills and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution. Drills and exercises completed during 2015 are listed in table 1.

Location	Date	Name	Description of Exercise	Announced or Unannounced
VT Main Campus - DSA IT & HR	2/2/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - Student Conduct	2/4/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA - Dean of Students - Student Advocacy - Multicultural Programs	2/5/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Students with Disabilities	2/5/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA New Student Family Programs - Alumni Programs	2/6/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Shiffert Health Center	2/10/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Housing & Residential Life - Fraternity & Sorority Life	2/12/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA VT Engage	2/13/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Communications	2/16/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Cranwell Intl Center	2/18/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - Vice President Student Affairs Office	2/19/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Career Services	2/20/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Dining Services	2/23/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - DSA Recreational Sports	2/26/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - Office of Emergency Management	3/13/2015	EOC Operatiom	Drill	Announced
Northern Virginia Center - Falls Church	3/18/2015	Tornado Drill	Drill	Announced
VT Alerts Test	3/25/2015	Test	Test of System	Announced
Main Campus - Multicultural Program	4/2/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus -Global Education	5/1/2015	Preparedness & Response	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus -Office Emergency Management	5/1/2015	LifeSafe App	Drill	Announced
Virginia Tech Roanoke Center	5/4/2015	Preparedness & Response	Tabletop Exercise	Announced
Virginia Tech Hampton Roads Center/Newport News Center	5/12/2015	Preparedness & Response	Tabletop Exercise	Announced
Virginia Tech Richmond Center	5/12/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Virginia Tech Research Center - Arlington	5/13/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
Virginia Tech Carilion	5/14/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Virginia Tech Safety & Security Policy Committee	5/18/2015	Preparedness & Response	Functional Exercise	Announced
Middleberg Agriculture Research Experiment Center	5/21/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Natioanl Capital Region - Occoquan Watershed Monitoring Laboratory	5/21/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Northern Virginia Center - Falls Church	5/22/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center - Abingdon	5/28/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - Facilities Managers Group	6/6/2015	Preparedness & Response	Tabletop	Announced
Washington Alexandria Architecture Center - Alexandra	6/16/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Equine Medical Center - Leesburg	6/17/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
Language and Culture Institute - Fairfax	6/17/2015	Recovery & Resilience	Exercise	Announced
IALR - Danville	6/23/2015	COOP	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - Housekeeping Staff	7/16/2015	Preparedness & Response	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - Sterrett Facilities Complex	7/22/2015	Shelter in Place	Drill	Announced
VT Main Campus - Housekeeping Staff	7/23/2015	Preparedness & Response	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - Powerplant	7/29/2015	Shelter in Place	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - Housekeeping Staff	7/30/2015	Preparedness & Response	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - various depts from campus	8/11/2015	ESF exercise	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - University Finance	8/11/2015	ESF of Finance	Tabletop	Announced
VT Main Campus - Electrical Services	8/11/2015	Secure in place	Exercise	Announced
VT Main Campus - University Relations	8/20/2015	Joint information Center training	Exercise	Announced
VT All Campus - Alerts	9/23/2015	Test of System	Test of System	Announced

The Virginia Tech Police Department, the Office of Emergency Management and other critical university divisions are trained in Incident Command and response to campus incidents. When a serious incident occurs that causes an immediate threat, the first responders to the scene at the Blacksburg campus to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community include the Virginia Tech Police Department, Virginia State police, Blacksburg Police Department, Montgomery County Sheriff's Office, Christiansburg Police Department, Virginia Tech Rescue and the Blacksburg Fire and EMS Department, Virginia Tech Office of Emergency Management, as well as other university departments and jurisdictions. These agencies work together to manage the incident. At other campuses first responders from local jurisdictions will manage incident response.

General information about the emergency response and evacuation procedures for Virginia Tech is publicized each year as part of the institution's Clery Act compliance efforts. Virginia Tech will notify the university community of its emergency notification protocols, emergency response and evacuation procedures via email, in conjunction with at least one announced or unannounced drill or exercise each calendar year. Each test is documented and includes a description of the exercise, the date and time of the exercise, and whether it was announced or unannounced. Information related to emergency notifications and emergency guidelines can be found at <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. Information related to evacuation procedures can be found at <http://www.ehss.vt.edu>.

Emergency Evacuation Procedures

Each occupied residence hall is required to conduct a quarterly fire drill in compliance with the Virginia statewide fire code. Thus, the emergency response and evacuation procedures are tested at least twice each year and, for some of the buildings, four times a year. The purpose of the drills is to provide all residents and staff practice in the event there is ever a real fire or other evacuation emergency. The drills prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. Evacuation drills are used as a way to educate and train occupants on fire safety issues specific to their building. During the drill, occupants familiarize themselves with procedures and the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm. Alarms and other components of the fire safety system are also checked to see that they are working properly. The fire drills are generally held within the first 10 days of the semester, during the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 11:00 p.m. Following the drill, residents receive a report and feedback on the evacuation process. Be sure you know what to do when the fire alarms sounds, and always evacuate!

Each university department or unit develops an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies. Evacuation planning is a part of each department's EAP. All drills must be coordinated with Environmental Health and Safety Services (EHSS) in advance by calling (540) 231-9068 or email firesafe@vt.edu. EHS fire Safety and Residential Programs work together each year to provide fire and life safety education to students living on campus. Each year Area Coordinators, Resident Directors and Resident Assistants are required to attend fire and life safety training during their orientation in August.

Secure-In-Place Procedures

When it is necessary to secure-in-place, you will be the safest by placing a locked door or other barricade between you and the associated violence or danger.

HOW DO I SECURE-IN-PLACE?

A. REMAIN CALM!

- B. If you are outside during a secure-in-place emergency you should seek cover in the nearest unlocked building.
- C. If the buildings in the immediate area have exterior doors that have been locked, continue to move away from the danger, seek cover, move to another building, or leave campus if it is safe to do so.
- D. Once inside, find an interior room and lock or barricade the doors.
- E. To minimize vulnerability, turn off lights, silence phones, draw blinds, and move away from the windows.
- F. Await further instruction from VT Alerts and emergency personnel.
- G. **DO NOT** leave until an “All Clear” is received.

WHAT IF SOMEONE WANTS TO ENTER A SECURE AREA?

If there is any doubt about the safety of the individuals inside the room or building, the area needs to remain secure. Allowing someone to enter a secure location may endanger you and others. **USE GOOD JUDGEMENT.**

If there are individuals outside the secured door who wish to get in, several factors should be considered to determine if it is safe:

- Can you see the area outside the door to determine that someone is not lying in wait? Is it a trap?
- If a physical description of the subject was given in the secure-in-place alert, consider similarities such as age, race, clothing description, height, weight, gender, and hair and eye color.

If the decision is made to let a person in, consider the following:

- Have the person leave anything he or she is carrying (a backpack, laptop case, package, etc.) on the ground, outside of the secure area.

Remember to always use common sense. There are exceptions to all guidance and prescribed directions.

Shelter-In-Place Procedures

Shelter-in-place events are usually weather related emergencies. When it is necessary to shelter-in-place, you will be safest by moving inside to a building space that protects you from the danger **DO NOT** lock doors behind you as others may also need to shelter-in-place.

- A. **REMAIN CALM!**
- B. Immediately seek shelter inside the closest sturdy building.
- C. Do not wait until you physically see a tornado or severe weather event to react.
- D. Resist the temptation to go outside and check the weather conditions yourself.
- E. Once inside, stay away from windows, glass, and unsecured objects that may fall.
- F. Seek shelter in interior rooms and corridors
- G. Avoid large free standing expanses such as auditoriums and gymnasiums
- H. **DO NOT** use elevators.
- I. Await further instruction from VT Alerts and emergency personnel.
- J. **DO NOT** leave until an “All Clear” is received.

During a tornado, seek shelter on the lowest level possible. If warranted, consider crouching near the floor and seeking additional shelter under a sturdy desk or table, or cover your head with your hands.

Remember, always use common sense. There are exceptions to all guidance and prescribed directions.

WEATHER DEFINITIONS

- A. Watch: Conditions are favorable for the development of severe weather. Closely monitor the situation in case it gets worse.
- B. Warning: Severe Weather has actually been observed. Listen closely to instructions provided by weather radios / emergency officials.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats or risks to the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority who will notify the Virginia Tech Police Department, when the victim elects to, or is unable to, make such a report. Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority @ 540-382-4343 or 911 for an emergency. The NRV 911 center will notify the Virginia Tech Police Department. Survivors or witnesses of crimes on campus may report those crime anonymously on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual crime disclosure online at www.police.vt.edu.

Criminal or suspicious acts and emergencies should be reported to the police immediately in person, by telephone or by using one of the blue light phones located throughout campus. Currently there are 109 blue light phones on campus that can directly connect you with the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority. The phones are available 24-hours-a-day, 7-days-a-week and a

simple push of a button is all it takes to connect. Calling 911 on a land line or cell phone is another option. The *LiveSafe* app is available for download for Android and iPhone devices. *LiveSafe* allows students, faculty, and staff to send tips and messages to the Virginia Tech Police Department, share their location with friends or family as they walk on campus, find buildings on campus, and access emergency preparedness information. A program has been added to the Virginia Tech Police Department's website that enables students, faculty and staff to report incidents via the internet. The report form contains all information needed to complete a police report. This form can only be used for vandalism, damage or destruction of property, larceny or theft offenses and annoying or harassing phone calls. If a person want to report an incident anonymously and or confidentially to the Virginia Tech Police Department or a Campus Security Authority, they may do so in person, or by accessing the *Stop Abuse* website, stopabuse.vt.edu or by clicking on the link provided on the Virginia Tech Police Department's website.

This allows anyone to report a crime anonymously / confidential, or simply to give information about a crime or alleged crime he or she has general knowledge or suspicion about. All information is kept in the strictest confidence and is only accessible to the authority the reporting part selects. This information will be reported in the annual crime disclosure. These forms can be accessed at www.police.vt.edu. If you ever need to contact the police, officers and staff will attempt to assist you in any way possible. The Virginia Tech Police Department has two locations to serve our community. There is a Security Center located at 230 Sterrett Drive, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061. The Security Center is staffed 24 hours a day and department personnel are available to answer questions or to have an officer respond to take a complaint. The second location is the Public Safety Building located at 330 Sterrett Drive, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061. The Public Safety Building is open during normal business hours Monday- Friday.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of a crime to come forward and report it to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Just because a crime has been reported with the police department does not mean that criminal charges have to be filed. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. This information will be included in the annual disclosure of crime if the caller provides the date, location and crime committed.

Dial 911 for all emergency calls for Police, Fire, and Rescue. For non-emergency calls contact the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority @ 540-382-4343.

Clery Reportable Crimes

Response to Reported Incidents

In response to reports of criminal activity occurring on the VT campus, the NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority will take the required action, either dispatching a Virginia Tech Police officer to the incident location or asking the survivor to report to the Virginia Tech Police Department Security Center located at 230 Sterrett Facilities Complex, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061. The Security Center is staffed to answer questions or to have an officer respond to take a complaint. Virginia Tech Police Department

officers are available 24/7. The Virginia Tech Police Department is also available at the Public Safety Building at 330 Sterrett Drive, Blacksburg, Virginia 24061. The Public Safety Building is open during normal business hours Monday-Friday. All Virginia Tech Police Department incident reports involving students or conduct referrals involving students are forwarded to the Office of Student Conduct for potential action, as appropriate. In some instances, these reports and or referrals are held during active investigations, and then provided at a later time. The Virginia Tech Police Department Investigative division will conduct criminal and administrative investigations when it is deemed appropriate.

Services and Prevention Information

Alcohol and Drug Abuse Prevention Services

The Campus Alcohol Abuse Prevention Center, located in 147 McComas Hall is the university resource for alcohol abuse prevention. They may be contacted at 540-231-2233 or by email to CAAPC@vt.edu. Drug education prevention is provided by A.D.A.P.T. (Alcohol and Drug Prevention Team). ADAPT Peer Educators are dedicated to addressing alcohol and other drug abuse issues in the Virginia Tech community.

ADAPT members promote awareness through educational programs and outreach, while serving as accessible resources for fellow students. ADAPT members strive to minimize the abuse of alcohol and other drugs in an effort to encourage students to pursue positive behavioral changes, and to promote a healthier environment at Virginia Tech. They can be contacted through the Office of Student Conduct in Suite 141 New Hall West or at 540-231-3790.

Safety and Security Programs

The Virginia Tech Police Department has community outreach and residence life officers that provide educational programming and other crime prevention functions to the university community. Educational programs include Student Police Academy, Alcohol Awareness, Bicycle Safety, Drug Awareness, Operation ID, Personal and Property Safety (basic crime prevention and personal safety) Rape Aggression Defense, and Women's Awareness and Safety.

Safety programs begin with orientation sessions for incoming freshmen and their parents. Once school begins, the Community Services Unit continues with educational programs throughout the year in the residence halls as requested and actively recruits participants for its interactive programs. These programs include personal safety and security on campus as well as safety when traveling abroad, drug and alcohol awareness, women's awareness, sexual assault prevention and other requested topics. All programs are available to faculty, staff and students upon request or if a need becomes apparent. During 2015, the Virginia Tech Police Department conducted 114 Crime Prevention, Safety Awareness presentations that had 7,286 attendees. The presentations included safety (shelter in place, secure in place, evacuations), RAD, Terrorism, Drugs, Alcohol Awareness, Violence Prevention, Emergency Preparedness, securing property, bicycle safety and building/lighting assessments. Virginia Tech Athletics conducted 7 programs throughout the year addressing safety & security, sexual assault education, Title IX presentations and Title IX resources. These programs were presented to all athletic teams with some specifically addressing incoming new students and transfer students. The Virginia Tech Women's Center conducted 62

presentations with a total of 3,514 participants on prevention, education and awareness of sexual violence through the Red Flag Campaign, White Ribbon Campaign, Mentors in Violence Workshops and Saves Peer Educators. Corp of Cadets presented 7 programs at various times during the year dealing with safety, bystander intervention, awareness, prevention, culture differences and Title IX. Student Affairs and Human Resources conducted 13 presentations. These programs included diversity training, Title IX orientation, alcohol and drug prevention and recovery programs, and bystander intervention. A common theme of these programs is to encourage students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others.

Training, Outreach, and Education- Sexual Harassment/ Sexual Violence Office of Equity and Access

The Office of Equity and Access is responsible for training and educational efforts for employees at Virginia Tech. In 2015, their efforts included the following:

Continued mandatory Title IX, VAWA, and Retaliation Training for all new employees within the first 90 days of employment.

- Compliance Workshop: University Policy 1025, Title IX and the Violence Against Women Act

Training is conducted via either an in person seminar or the On Demand Web Access Module. Additional training is provided upon request by a department, an individual employee or student, or at the recommendation of the Office of Equity and Access, the Division of Student Affairs, or the Department of Human Resources.

In addition to the mandatory training, the Office of Equity and Access offers the following workshops related to Title IX and VAWA Compliance:

- Understanding VAWA: Sexual Assault, Stalking, and Domestic or Dating Violence
- Traveling on University Business: Prevent Sexual Harassment
- Engaging with Minors- Reporting Child Abuse, Sexual Harassment, and Sexual Misconduct

Education and Outreach remain an integral part of risk reduction and intervention at Virginia Tech. In that regard, the Office of Equity and Access and the Division of Student Affairs collaborate with university stakeholders, departments, and HR partners to create and implement resources and training programs to increase appropriate and safe bystander intervention and to encourage risk reduction and prevention of sexual violence on the college campus.

Training, Outreach, and Education- Sexual Harassment/ Sexual Violence Division of Student Affairs and the Women’s Center

Educational programs and initiatives for Virginia Tech students are provided through the collaborative efforts of the Division of Student Affairs and the Virginia Tech Women's Center. In 2015, these efforts included the following:

Mandatory online training module for all incoming students in fall 2015.

- HAVEN: Understanding Sexual Assault.

HAVEN is an interactive web-based training tool that educates students about sexual violence, strategies on how to be an active bystander to help prevent sexual violence, and information on campus resources for victims of violence and their friends and family members.

In addition to the mandatory training, the Division of Student Affairs, the Virginia Tech Women’s Center, and the Virginia Tech Police Department offered the following prevention and education initiatives in 2015:

- The Deputy Title IX Coordinator issued a letter to all on-campus residents that brought awareness to sexual harassment and sexual assault and encouraged students to report and seek help. The letter also included contact information for the following: advocacy and support resources, medical treatment facilities, police, and university reporting. The letter also advertised Virginia Tech’s *Stop Abuse* website.
- The Women’s Center provided bystander-intervention workshops across campus.
- The Division of Student Affairs provided information on Title IX and sexual violence, including sexual harassment, sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking, via a one-stop website: www.stopabuse.vt.edu. The website clearly and concisely helps students understand how to make a report, provides supporting resources, educates students on consent and the different forms of abuse, and encourages students to take an active role in preventing abuse within the Virginia Tech community.
- The Division of Student Affairs and the Women’s Center trained resident advisors on responding to and reporting sexual violence.
- The Division of Student Affairs facilitated workshops on Title IX and sexual violence for athletes, members of the Corps of Cadets, Fraternity and Sorority Life, orientation leaders, and peer mentors.
- The VTPD offered Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) courses for women, which include self-defense tactics and techniques.
- The Women’s Center facilitated several prevention and awareness campaigns, including the White Ribbon and Red Flag campaigns.

Operation Identification

The Virginia Tech Police Department has engravers to loan for the purpose of engraving personal property. It is thought to help make items theft resistant, because engraved items are more easily identified making them harder to sell. The nationally recognized identification procedure is to abbreviate your state and driver’s license number on items. (e.g. VA211110000) A benefit to the

program is, if an item is lost or stolen, then recovered, it is much easier for the owner to be located and the property returned. Other procedures include engraving your Hokie passport number, or other identifiable numbers or letters on the item with an engraving tool. Do not use your social security number due to the rise of identity theft.

Fingerprinting Services

The Virginia Tech Police Department also provides fingerprinting services for Virginia Tech students, faculty, staff, and their families at no cost, Monday- Friday from 9am – 2pm.

Safe Ride

The Virginia Tech Police Department sponsors a nighttime safety escort service called “Safe Ride.” This service is available to all students, faculty, staff, and visitors to the university. Safe Ride operates from dusk until dawn and provides transportation or a walking escort, upon request, to persons who must cross campus during the nighttime alone. Safe Ride may be contacted by calling 540-231-SAFE (7233).

Sexual Assault and Prevention

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things *prohibits* discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including *sexual harassment* and *sexual violence* in all of its forms, *domestic violence*, *dating violence*, and *stalking*, as defined by VAWA. While we provide for campus wide awareness and prevention and a holistic response to complaints, we are constantly assessing our policies and practices to ensure we are consistent with the law and best practices, and to ensure that we treat the members of our community who are impacted with respect, compassion, and care.

Sexual violence – physical sexual acts perpetrated against a person’s will or where a person is incapable of giving consent due to the survivor’s use of drugs or alcohol, or is unable to give consent due to an intellectual or other disability. Sexual violence includes rape, sexual assault, sexual battery, and sexual coercion.

- **Sexual Assault** – actual or attempted sexual contact with another person without that person’s consent. (VA – any form of unwanted sexual contact obtained without consent and/or obtained through the use of force, threat of force, intimidation, or coercion.) (VAWA---An offense that meets the definition of rape, fondling, incest, or statutory rape as used in the FBI’s Uniform Crime Reporting program. Per the National Incident-Based Reporting System User Manual from the FBI UCR Program, a sex offense is any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
- **Sexual Battery (Fondling)** – intentional touching of another person’s intimate parts without the person’s consent: or other intentional sexual contact with another person without that person’s consent. (Clery and UCR define fondling as the touching of another person’s private parts for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and / or against the person’s will, or including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or mental incapacity.)
- **Rape** – The penetration no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or

object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

- **Incest** – Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.
- **Statutory Rape** – Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Incapacitation – includes but is not limited to being asleep, drugged, intoxicated or unconscious.

Gender – based harassment – acts of verbal, nonverbal, or physical aggression, intimidation, or hostility based on sex or sex-stereotyping, even if those acts do not involve conduct of a sexual nature.

Domestic Violence – A pattern of abusive behavior that is used by an intimate partner to gain or maintain power and control over the other intimate partner. It can be sexual, emotional, economic, or psychological actions or threats of action that influence another person. This includes any behaviors that intimidate, manipulate, humiliate, isolate, frighten, terrorize, coerce, threaten, blame, hurt, injure, or wound someone. (VA – A pattern of behavior, and a method of control. It is a means of establishing a hierarchy of power within a relationship, in which one partner dominates the other through use of physical violence and/or psychological abuse. Family violence includes five primary categories of abusive behaviors: physical violence, emotional abuse, sexual assault, economic control and neglect.) (VAWA--A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed: by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim: by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common: by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the victim as a spouse or intimate partner: by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred: or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.)

Dating Violence – Acts of physical or sexual abuse committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The relationship will be determined based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration in the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Includes, sexual or physical abuse or threat of such abuse but does not include acts covered under definition of Domestic Violence. (VA – Kind of intimate partner violence that occurs between two people in a close relationship. It can be verbal, physical, or emotional abuse by one partner against the other within the context of either casual dating or long-term relationship.) (VAWA defines as Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim: the existence of such a relationship shall be based on the reporting party's statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship: For the purposes of this definition, Dating Violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.)

Stalking

Repeatedly contacting another person when the contact is unwanted. Additionally, the contact may cause the other person reasonable apprehension of imminent physical harm or cause substantial impairment of the other person's ability to perform the activities of daily life. Contact includes communicating with (either in person, by phone, or by computer) or remaining in the physical presence of the other person. (VA - repeated conduct which places a person, or his or her family, in reasonable fear of death, sexual assault, or bodily injury.) (VAWA—engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: fear for the person's safety or the safety of others: or, suffer substantial emotional distress. For the purpose of this definition—Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property: reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim: substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.)

Consent – knowing, voluntary, and clear permission by word or action, to engage in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. The existence of consent is based on the totality of circumstances, including the context in which the alleged consent occurred. Silence does not necessarily constitute consent and coercion, force, or threat of either party invalidates consent. (No VA state definition)

- Consent cannot be given where a person is incapacitated due to drugs or alcohol: or where a person has a disability; or is not of legal age to consent as defined by law.
- Consent to any one form of sexual activity cannot automatically imply consent to any other forms of sexual activity. Consent can be withdrawn at any time.
- Previous relationships or prior consent cannot imply consent to future sexual acts.

Responsible Employee – means a person employed by Virginia Tech who has the authority to take action to redress sexual violence, who has been given the duty of reporting acts of sexual violence or any other misconduct by employees or students to the Title IX coordinator or other appropriate institution designee, or whom an employee or student could reasonably believe has this authority or duty.

Preventing Acquaintance Rape

There are no definite rules to avoid becoming a victim of acquaintance rape. However, if expectations and feelings about sex are clearly communicated, rape is less likely to happen. Here are some suggestions that will help clarify relationships:

- Be careful not to let alcohol or other drugs decrease your ability to take care of yourself and make sensible decisions.
- Trust your gut feelings. If a place or the way your date acts makes you nervous or uneasy, get out.

- Check out a first date or a blind date with friends. Meet in and go to public places. Carry money for a phone call or taxi or take your own car.
- Don't leave a social event with someone you've just met or don't know well.
- Do not accept beverages from someone you don't know and trust. Always watch your drink and never leave it unattended.
- Be assertive. Express your expectations and feelings clearly. Stand up for your rights without violating those of others.
- Communicate clearly. Realize that it takes effort or two people to understand each other. Rape can happen when two people have different expectations and desires. For example, the man may think the woman is playing hard to get when she really means no. Take responsibility. Say "YES" if you mean "YES" and "NO" if you mean "NO"----and know the difference.
- Before you end up in a situation in which you are vulnerable, think about your alternatives.

Dater's Bill of Rights

1. I have the right to refuse a date without feeling guilty.
2. I can ask for a date without feeling rejected or inadequate if the answer is no.
3. I do not have to act macho.
4. I may choose not to act seductively.
5. If I don't want physical closeness, I have the right to say "no."
6. I have the right to start a relationship slowly, to say, "I want to know you better before I become involved."
7. I have the right to be myself without changing to suit others.
8. I have the right to change a relationship when my feelings change. I can say, "We used to be close, but I want something else now."
9. If I am told a relationship is changing, I have the right not to blame or change myself to keep it going.
10. I have the right to an equal relationship with my partner.
11. I have the right not to dominate or be dominated.
12. I have the right to act one way with one person and a different way with someone else.
13. I have the right to change my goals whenever I want to.

How do you help a friend?

If someone you know shows signs that they are experiencing, or have been a victim of, harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, or stalking, there are ways you can help:

- First of all, believe them! Don't immediately question or dismiss their experience.
- Listen to your friend. Keep questions to a minimum and ask how you can help.
- Assure them that it is not their fault that this has happened.
- Tell them that help is available! Share the resources on our Get Help page, and let them know

that you are here to support them in whatever choices they make.

If you believe that someone you know may be experiencing sexual violence of some kind, use your voice to let them know you care about their well-being, and that you can help. Encourage this person to seek help. Getting help promptly can alleviate crisis and protect the health and well-being of your friend.

Below are a few examples of what your friend may be feeling. If someone is experiencing other feelings, they still may have experienced some form of sexual violence.

People who have experienced abuse may feel:

- **Shock, disbelief, numbness, withdrawal**
- **Preoccupation with thoughts and feelings about the assault**
- **Unwanted memories, flashbacks, and/or nightmares**
- **Intense anger, fear, anxiety, depression**
- **Physical symptoms: sleep disturbance, headaches, stomach aches**
- **Inability to concentrate, lower grades**
- **Loss of focus on academics**
- **Loss of interest in sex**
- **Fears about safety**
- **Feelings of guilt and shame**

What is an active bystander?

Bystanders, the largest group involved in violence, who greatly outnumber both perpetrators and victims have the power to stop abuse and to get help for people who have been victimized. Active bystanders are people who are aware of an abusive situation, and choose to speak up and say or do something without putting their own safety at risk.

The power to stop sexual violence is not limited to eyewitness heroics or endangering your own safety. Things you can do before or after an instance of violence will help STOP ABUSE at Virginia Tech:

- Call 911 if there is immediate danger to you or someone else.
- Speak up if someone says or does something indicating intent to commit sexual violence. Like stopping a friend from driving drunk, or stopping a friend or teammate from inappropriate actions, your intervening can help protect more than one person.
- Respect your fellow Hokies. Say something to protest offensive or derogatory remarks, including sexist or racist jokes. Always ask for partner consent in intimate situations. If you sense trouble, ask the affected person if help is needed.
- For more tips on intervening in a potential sexual harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, or stalking situation:
- Go to [Men Can Stop Rape](#)
- Download our [Bystander Intervention Playbook](#)

How can I get involved?

- **Apply to be a SAVES peer educator**

Affiliated with the Women's center at Virginia Tech, Sexual Assault and Violence Education by Students (SAVES) peer educators facilitate presentations, conduct programs, and provide outreach to the Virginia Tech community about sexual assault, relationship violence, and stalking prevention. From facilitating presentations to residence halls and student organizations to planning events like Downtown Initiatives and The Red Flag Campaign, SAVES strives to make a positive difference in the Virginia Tech community.

- To learn more about SAVES, contact Katie Mey, Gender Based Violence Coordinator, at 540-231-7806 or katie2@vt.edu.
- **Volunteer at Women's Resource Center (WRC) of the New River Valley**
Located in Radford, VA, the WRC is a non-profit, human service agency who provides programs and services to adult and child victims of domestic and sexual violence. Volunteers assist WRC staff in providing shelter services and maintaining their Crisis Hotline. Other areas of special interest may be working with children, acting as advance volunteers and providing emergency advocacy services, or providing assistance on one-time projects such as decorating a transitional apartment or organizing holiday parties.
- For more information contact the WRC at volunteers@wrcnr.org, or call 540-639-1123.
- **Become involved in the Red Flag Campaign**
A statewide public awareness effort aimed at stopping relationship violence on college campuses in Virginia, the Red Flag Campaign (RFC) encourages us all to speak up when we see red flags (or warning signs) for potential abusive or unhealthy behaviors in our friends' relationships. The campaign was created by the Virginia Sexual and Domestic Violence Action Alliance and is being used to prevent relationship violence in 49 states. For more information about how you can become involved go to the <http://www.womenscenter.vt.edu/Program/RFC>
- **Become a Virginia Tech's Mentors in Violence Prevention Program (MVP) Facilitator**
Mentors in Violence Prevention program is designed to educate, inspire, and empower men and women in self-understanding, integrity, and courageous leadership to prevent, interrupt, and respond to sexist abuse in order to create a civil and just community. The program is coordinated by the Women's Center and is affiliated with MVP National, a project of the National Consortium of Academics and Sports and the Northeastern University Center for Sport in Society. Workshops are 90 minutes long and group size is kept to 20 participants in order to create a safe and meaningful learning environment for everyone.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Virginia Tech Police Department has the authority to investigate sexual assaults which occur on campus. Detectives are regularly on call and capable of responding at any time. Once reported to the police, officers or detectives respond, investigate, and make applicable criminal

charges based on evidence collection and survivor/witness statements. The Virginia Tech Police Department works closely with other area law enforcement personnel and other university departments, including the office of Title IX to ensure that appropriate support services are made available and utilized when necessary. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not the survivor's fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The Virginia Tech Police Department and the Women's Center provide educational awareness programs regarding rape, acquaintance rape, other sex offenses, personal safety, and Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. Rape Aggression Defense classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips, and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The police department's Victim/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witnesses of crimes. Referral information is available at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, emergency housing, visa and immigration assistance, and financial assistance. Virginia Tech complies with Virginia Law in recognizing orders of protection, restraining orders, and no contact orders. A complainant should provide a copy of a protective order to the Virginia Tech Police Department to develop a plan to reduce the risk of harm while on campus and going to and from campus. The plan may include, but is not limited to: escorts, special parking arrangements, changing classroom location or allowing the student to complete assignments from home. The University cannot apply for the different protective orders for the victims from the applicable jurisdictions. However, responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. Reports of all domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking made to the police department will automatically be referred to the Title IX Coordinator for investigation regardless of if the complainant chooses to pursue criminal charges. The NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority should be contacted for on-campus incidents and they will dispatch a Virginia Tech Police officer. The local police should be contacted for off-campus incidents. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested. Furthermore, victims have the right to decline to notify law enforcement.

- Go to the New River Valley medical Center in Radford or Lewis-Gale Hospital at Montgomery in Blacksburg. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings, if you decide to prosecute. The New River Valley Medical Center and or Lewis-Gale Montgomery Regional Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence. It is important that a victim of sexual assault not bathe, douche, smoke, change clothing or clean the bed/linen/area where they were assaulted if the offense occurred within the past 96 hours so that evidence may be preserved that may assist in proving that the alleged criminal offense occurred/or is occurring or may be helpful in obtaining a protection order. In circumstances of sexual assault, if victims do not opt for forensic evidence collection, health care providers can still treat injuries and take steps to address concerns of pregnancy and/or sexually transmitted infections. Victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, stalking, and dating violence are encouraged to also preserve evidence by saving text messages, instant messages, social networking pages, other communications, and keeping pictures, logs or other copies of documents, if they have any, that would be useful to University adjudicators/investigators or police.
- The hospital will notify the Women's Resource Center of Radford, who will supply you with a trained companion at the hospital. The companion will look after your needs and will help direct you to available services.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six month must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, the Women's Center at Virginia Tech, the Women's Resource Center, or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member. (See Counseling Options)
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges (See Legal and Judicial Options).
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available, regardless of whether a report is filed with the Virginia Tech Police Department.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they cannot if you do not ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the New River Valley Medical Center or Lewis-Gale Hospital at Montgomery for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. The New River Valley Medical Center and Lewis-Gale Hospital at Montgomery offer the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible.

Virginia Tech students can receive medical care through Schiffert Health Services; however, Schiffert cannot collect evidence and will refer survivors to Lewis-Gale Montgomery Regional Hospital or the New River Valley Medical Center. The Women's Clinic of Schiffert Health Services offers gynecological care, pregnancy testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted diseases. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling options

Students coping with a sexual assault have at least three counseling options that are free of charge. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. The Women's Resource Center in Radford offers a 24-hour crisis line, individual and group counseling, and legal advocacy. These three agencies frequently collaborate to provide services to survivors of sexual assault and these services are CONFIDENTIAL. Many other options exist which have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivors.

Legal and Judicial Options

Sexual assault survivors have four options from which to choose: filing criminal charges, filing campus judicial charges, requesting an administrative investigation, and filing a civil suit for monetary damages. Survivors are not limited to just one of these options, but can choose any combination including filing all three types of charges. Below is a brief description of each type of judicial process.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be filed. The location of where the assault occurred will determine the jurisdiction of the investigating authority. The Virginia Tech Police Department investigates all crimes on campus. If the assault occurs anywhere other than on the Virginia Tech campus, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the student in notifying these authorities, if the student requests assistance.

Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitations for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at Lewis Gale Montgomery Regional Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the State of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Confidentiality

The University does not publish the name of crime victims or other identifiable information regarding victims in the Daily Crime Log or in the annual crime statistics that are disclosed in compliance with the *Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act*. Furthermore, if a *Timely Warning Notice* is issued on the basis of a report of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking, the name of the victim and other personally identifiable information about the victim will be withheld.

Campus

The university's disciplinary process includes a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution process. The process will be conducted in a manner that is consistent with the institution's policy and that is transparent to the accuser and accused. Campus judicial charges can only be filed if the alleged offender is a Virginia Tech student. The referral agent is typically a member of the Virginia Tech community. The campus judicial system examines violations of university policy. Campus judicial hearings do not replace or substitute for criminal prosecutions, and students who choose campus judicial hearings are also encouraged to seek redress through the criminal justice system and civil court. So long as the accused student is enrolled in school, there is no statute of limitations on filing judicial charges. The student accused of sexual misconduct may choose between an administrative or student conduct committee hearing, absent special circumstances. The student will be notified in advance of the conduct charges he/she has allegedly violated, and the time, date, and location of the hearing. The hearing typically takes place within two weeks of the time of the complaint, called a referral of student conduct. At the hearing, the alleged offender and the referral agent each have the opportunity to present their side of the story and to call witnesses. Each also may have a support person / advisor present. The burden of proof is lower than in a criminal court. The hearing officers will base their decision on a preponderance of the evidence. Both the accuser and the accused will be notified of the outcome of the judicial hearing.

Upon written request Virginia Tech will disclose to the alleged survivor of a crime of violence, or a sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by such institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such a crime or offense. If the alleged survivor is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such survivor shall be treated as the alleged survivor for purposes of this paragraph.

Sexual misconduct is classified in the Student Code of Conduct as a violation of the Abusive Conduct Policy. Depending on the circumstances of the case, students who are found in violation of the Abusive Conduct Policy may receive sanctions up to and including suspension for one or more semesters or dismissal from the university. *If a student is found guilty of a sexual assault involving penetration, the minimum sanction will be one year's suspension however; the student may be dismissed from the university permanently.*

Students found in violation of the university sexual misconduct policy do have the right to appeal. The survivor also has the right to the appeal process. Notification of judicial action taken against students is made on a “need to know” basis. This includes the Commandant of Cadets in cases involving cadets, the Office of the Graduate School in cases involving graduate students and international students, the Athletic Department in cases involving varsity athletes, the Director of the Office of Student Programs, in cases involving residence hall students, and survivors of violent crime, including sexual assaults, involving student perpetrators. Other university agencies or organizations may be required to obtain written release before they can receive notification. Copies of all judicial sanction letters are archived in the Office of Student Conduct. Additional information can be located in the University Policies of Student Life or by contacting the Student Life & Advocacy Office.

Civil Court

Sexual assault survivors may also choose to pursue a civil action against an alleged perpetrator, and the student may choose to consult Student Legal Services or an attorney for advice.

Student Conduct

All Virginia Tech students and student organizations are responsible for conducting themselves in a manner consistent with the expectations the university has set forth to help create a fair, just disciplined university community. As such, the university may take disciplinary action for any act constituting a violation of the law or university policy when the act is contrary to the university's interest as an academic community. Disciplinary action may be taken by the university, irrespective of and separate from action taken by civil authorities. Should the university receive a complaint regarding a student/student organization, the following sanctions may be imposed for a violation of university policy: formal warning, probation, deferred suspension, suspension, dismissal, loss of privileges, or other restrictions. Complaints can be made by anyone regardless of their affiliation with Virginia Tech. In cases involving alleged violent behavior, the complainant has a right to be informed of the hearing outcome. To help them prepare their response, students or organizational representatives may choose an advisor, who may be present at the formal hearing but may not participate in the proceedings. The advisor's role is specifically limited to conferring with her or his advisee. When the formal hearing involves an assault or any complaint where a student is the referral agent, and/or alleged survivor, the complainant and accused student may have a support person or advisor present throughout the formal hearing, but the support person may not participate in the process.

The following student conduct sanctions may be imposed upon a student or student organization for violation of university policy. Student conduct sanctions are generally cumulative in nature. This information will only be relevant after a student accepts or is found responsible for the violation. When multiple incidents occur over a short period of time, student conduct hearings are usually scheduled in chronological order according to the date of the incident(s), and all student conduct records are considered in determining an appropriate sanction. The Office of Student Conduct determines both status and educational sanctions. Status sanctions refer to the student's status within the university community. Educational sanctions are meant to help students reflect on and learn from their experiences, provide an opportunity for personal growth, and connect students with resources both on and off-campus. These outcomes not only cover all policies in the Student Code of Conduct, *but more specifically may be considered for allegations of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.*

Status Sanctions

Formal Warning Student/organization is officially notified that his or her actions have constituted a violation of university policies and are, therefore, inappropriate. Further violations may result in more serious disciplinary action.

Probation Student/organization is notified that his or her status with the university, for a specified period of time is such that further violations of university policies will result in his or her being considered for suspension from the university. If at the end of the specified time period no further violations have occurred, the student is removed from probationary status. Student organizations are notified that their status with the university, for a specified period of time is such that further violations of university policy will result in being considered for loss of recognition from the university.

Denial of Privileges or Associations Student/organization is notified that, for a specified period of time, certain privileges or associations within the university are withdrawn. This sanction includes, but is not limited to, termination of residence hall contract, removal from athletic events, removal from the Corps of Cadets, and denial of the privilege of participating in recreational sports activities, and revocation of the privilege of accessing certain university facilities and revocation of social function privileges for student organizations.

Deferred Sanction In some cases, a sanction of suspension or a denial of privilege may be held in abeyance for a specified period. This means that, if the student/organization is found responsible for any violation during that period, he or she will be subject to the deferred sanction without further review in addition to the disciplinary action appropriate to the new violation. During this time, the certain student organizations may be prohibited from participating in any social functions. For students involved in serious misconduct, the conferring of an academic degree will be deferred for the duration of the sanction.

Suspension from the University Student is notified that he or she is separated from the university for a specified period of time. Students who are suspended must leave campus within the time prescribed by the hearing/appeal officer. Permission to return to Virginia Tech may be required by the director of student conduct. Permission must be granted before a student will be permitted to re-enroll. If the decision to suspend a student is made, imposition of the suspension may be delayed until the following semester at the discretion of the university, if the decision occurs very late in the semester. However, if the hearing officer feels that the health and safety of the student or the university community is at risk, the suspension may be effective immediately. A notation is placed on the student's academic transcript: "suspended by university action." For student organizations, recognition with the university is

withdrawn for a specified period of time. Permissions to regain status may be required by the director of student conduct and other appropriate university officials. For students involved in serious misconduct that could result in suspension, the conferring of an academic degree will be deferred for the duration of the suspension. Suspensions effective for the subsequent semester will be effective immediately following the conclusion of the current semester.

The length of the suspension is determined based upon the type and severity of the violation, any additional policy violations that occurred in the incident, and any prior conduct history for that student. The duration of the suspension is a minimum of one semester, and may be multiple semesters or years. In order to be reinstated, the student must complete their assigned sanctions and a re-enrollment meeting with Student Conduct.

Dismissal Student is notified that he or she is permanently separated from the university. A notation is placed on the academic transcript: “dismissed by university action.” Student organization is notified that the university is permanently removing recognition of the organization. For students involved in serious misconduct that could result in dismissal, the conferring of an academic degree will be deferred. If the decision to dismiss a student is made, imposition of the dismissal may be delayed until the following semester at the discretion of the university, if the decision occurs very late in the semester. However, if the hearing officer feels that the health and safety of the student or the university community is at risk, the dismissal may be effective immediately. Dismissals effective for the subsequent semester will be effective immediately following the conclusion of the current semester.

Educational:

Educational Activity Student/organization is required to demonstrate his or her responsibility as a member of the university community by performing certain reasonable and relevant educational activities. Failure to complete the educational activity by the time prescribed by the student conduct officer/committee will result in one semester of suspension from the university (excluding summer). Failure of student organizations to complete the educational activity by the time prescribed by the student conduct officer/committee will result in withdrawal of university recognition for one semester (excluding summer).

TITLE IX COORDINATOR

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for the development, implementation, and oversight of the institution’s meaningful efforts to comply with Title IX and VAWA. Individuals who wish to report incidents of sex discrimination, sexual harassment, and/or sexual violence, including dating and domestic violence, and stalking, may make a report to either the Title IX Coordinator or the Deputy Title IX Coordinator. Reports involving students at Virginia Tech are addressed by Title IX investigators within the Division of Student Affairs, while reports involving employees are addressed by the Office of Equity and Access.

In 2015, the position of Title IX Coordinator underwent some organizational transition as a result of personnel changes and restructuring. From January through August of 2015, the Executive Director of the Office of Equity and Access served in the role, with the Senior Associate Vice President of Student Affairs serving at the deputy coordinator. In September, the Senior Associate Vice President for Student Affairs assumed the role on an interim basis for the remainder of the year.

The Title IX Coordinator and Deputy Title IX Coordinator work collaboratively with the Virginia Tech Police Department and the University's Women's Center to address training and investigatory matters within the campus community. They also maintain a Cooperative Agreement with the Blacksburg Police Department and the Women's Resource Center of the New River Valley, which specifically addresses interactions related to Title IX investigations and victim support.

In response to continued guidance from the Department of Education Office for Civil Rights (OCR) and VAWA (including Campus SaVe), the Office of Equity and Access and the Division of Student Affairs, in collaboration with other university stakeholders, take a holistic approach to the risk reduction, intervention, and investigation of sexual violence, including dating and domestic violence, and stalking. In addition to providing continuous training, education, and outreach to the University community, these offices maintain updated policies and procedures and persistently evaluate more effective means to prevent and reduce the risk of incidents and provide appropriate support to victims. The Student Code of Conduct, enforced by the Division of Student Affairs, addresses complaints of sexual violence made against a student. University Policy 1025, enforced by the Office of Equity and Access, is the authority by which Virginia Tech addresses complaints of sexual violence made against an employee.

In 2015, the following updates were made to University Policy 1025 and other university policies:

- The title and contact information of the Title IX Coordinator and the Deputy Title IX Coordinator (as appropriate) were added;
- Definitions of Sexual Violence were updated, including sexual assault, sexual battery, sexual coercion, rape, incapacitation, gender-based harassment, sexual exploitation, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, consent, and responsible employee; these updated definitions are included in Policy 1025 and in the Student Code of Conduct;
- Language was added encouraging victims to file a complaint with the appropriate law enforcement agency, including a statement of survivor's rights to report a crime to the police department in the appropriate jurisdiction;
- The definition of a responsible employee was added, and
- Procedures for the handling of student complaints were formalized and made publicly accessible

These changes have been reflected in documents and statements, including, but not limited to: undergraduate, graduate, and professional student handbooks; faculty and employee handbooks; and each place where they appear in publications and websites issued by Virginia Tech entities and affiliated programs. The university will continue to make updates to University Policy 1025 as new guidelines are implemented. Changes to the policy proceed through the university system of shared governance. University Commissions formulate and recommend policies and policy changes to the University Council, which in turn submits recommendations to the university president. The President and the Board of Visitors have final authority for the approval of all policies.

Updates are made, as necessary, to student and employee resources, pursuant to the requirements of Title IX and VAWA. Resources, policy, process, and related updates can be found at:

Office of Equity and Access

www.hr.vt.edu/oea

University Anti-Discrimination or Harassment Policy

www.policies.vt.edu/index.php

Title IX	www.hr.vt.edu/oea/title_ix/
Student Code of Conduct	www.hokiehandbook.vt.edu/codeofconduct/
StopAbuse VT	www.stopabuse.vt.edu
The Women's Center	www.womenscenter.vt.edu
Division of Student Affairs	www.dsa.vt.edu

Rights of Employee Complainants involved in a Title IX Investigation

The following is a summary of the rights of employee complainants, regardless of the status of the respondent (student, employee, or third party):

- If a crime has been alleged, any party has the right to file a complaint with the police department.
- In addition to a criminal complaint, each party has the right to have the complaint investigated by the Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator or a Compliance Investigator.
- Any party has the right *not* to participate in any portion of the investigation process; if a person does not wish to participate, this decision does not relieve the institution from its responsibility to provide a reasonable response according to university policy and Title IX guidance, if it is relevant.
- If a party decides to participate, the person has the right to present witnesses and evidence during the investigation and/or hearing process.
- If a party does decide to participate, the person has the right to request confidentiality, although it may not always be able to be granted. For Title IX cases, the Title IX and/or the Deputy Title IX Coordinator(s) will consider the request to determine whether or not the university may honor it while still providing a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. Honoring such a request may limit the university's ability to respond fully to the incident, including pursuing appropriate disciplinary action against the alleged perpetrator.
- Complainants have the right not to abide by a non-disclosure (or confidentiality) agreement, whether such an agreement is oral or in writing.
- All parties have the right to a prompt, adequate, reliable, and impartial investigation of the complaint. The U.S. Office for Civil Rights presumes a typical Title IX investigation may be completed within 60 calendar days following receipt of the complaint. All parties also have the right to receive updates regarding the status and progress of the investigation.
- All parties have the right to have an advocate or attorney present during any interview throughout the investigation process, providing the advocate may not also be called as a witness to the same investigation. The advocate may not ask or answer questions during the investigator's interviews, but may provide advice to the advocate's party.
- Complainants have the right to be notified, in writing, about the outcome of the complaint and their rights to challenge a decision.
- All parties have the right to be protected from retaliation. University Policy 1025, the Student Conduct Code and Federal law prohibit retaliation against anyone for participating in a discrimination or harassment complaint, including sexual harassment and sexual violence. You should report complaints of retaliation to the Office of Equity and Access immediately.

- If you believe the institution is violating Federal or state employment law, you have the right to file a complaint with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (www.eeoc.gov) or the Virginia Council on Human Rights within 300 days of the alleged discrimination or harassment.
- If you want to learn more about your rights or would like to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights, you may contact them by phone at: (800) 421-3481; or you may visit its website at www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr.

Rights of Student Complainants involved in a Title IX Investigation

The following is a summary of the rights of student complainants, regardless of the status of the respondent (student, employee, or third party):

- If a crime has been alleged, you have the right to file a complaint with the police department.
- In addition to a criminal complaint, you have the right to have your complaint investigated by the Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator.
- You have the right *not* to participate in any portion of the Title IX process; if you do not wish to participate, that decision does not relieve the institution from its responsibility to provide a reasonable response according to university policy and Title IX guidance.
- If you decide to participate, you have the right to present witnesses and evidence during the Title IX investigation and/or hearing process.
- If you decide to participate in the process, you have the right to request confidentiality. The Title IX and/or the Deputy Title IX Coordinator(s) will consider your request to determine whether or not the university may honor your request while still providing a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students; honoring your request may limit the university's ability to respond fully to the incident, including pursuing appropriate disciplinary action against the alleged perpetrator.
- If you are an individual with a disability, you have the right to request a reasonable accommodation throughout the investigation process.
- You have the right to receive updates regarding the status and progress of the Title IX investigation and/or hearing.
- You have the right to a prompt, adequate, reliable, and impartial Title IX investigation of the complaint and the U.S. Office for Civil Rights presumes a typical investigation may be completed within 60 calendar days following receipt of the complaint.
- You have the right to the preponderance-of-the-evidence standard of proof throughout the investigation and/or hearing process.
- You have the right to have an advocate present during any interview throughout the Title IX investigation and/or hearing process.
- You have the right to have an attorney with you during a student conduct hearing and if a school permits one party to have an attorney present it must do so equally for both parties.
- You have the right to be notified, in writing, about the outcome of the complaint and any rights to appeal.
- You have the right not to abide by a non-disclosure (or confidentiality) agreement, whether such an agreement is verbal or in writing;
- You have the right to be protected against retaliation. University Policy 1025, the Student Conduct Code and Federal law prohibits retaliation against anyone for participating in a

discrimination or harassment complaint, including sexual harassment and sexual violence; You should report complaints of retaliation to the Title IX or the Deputy Title IX Coordinator;

- Information regarding the Student Conduct Code may be found at: <http://www.hokiehandbook.vt.edu/codeofconduct/>.
- Additional information regarding Title IX may be found here: http://www.hr.vt.edu/oea/title_ix/.
- If you want to learn more about your rights, or you would like to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights, you may contact them by phone at: (800) 421-3481; or you may visit its website at: <http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr>.

Contact Information

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 Title IX Coordinator
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Office of Equity and Access
 Division of Administrative Services
 North End Center, Suite 2300
 300 Turner St NW Blacksburg, VA 24061
 Phone: 540-231-2010 | Fax: 540-231-3830
equityandaccess@vt.edu

Incident Being Reported: Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking

Procedures the Office of Equity and Access will follow:

1. Upon notification, the Office of Equity and Access will assess the immediate safety needs of the complainant and provide the complainant with access to care and resources, as appropriate, including the Women's Resource Center and medical assistance, if needed.
2. The Office of Equity and Access will contact the Virginia Tech Police Department and the appropriate local police department as necessary, and will advise the Virginia Tech Threat Assessment Team, if needed.
3. The Office of Equity and Access will assist the complainant with contacting the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or the appropriate local police department, as needed and at the request of the complainant AND will provide the complainant with the contact information to the appropriate police department, as necessary.
4. The Office of Equity and Access will take all reasonable steps necessary to *protect* the complainant and to assess the need to implement interim or long-term protective measures, including administrative leaves, position reassignments, no contact requirements, and other measures as deemed appropriate.
5. The Office of Equity and Access will provide to all complainants and respondents a copy of the Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University Policy on Harassment, Discrimination, and

Sexual Assault (University Policy 1025), a copy of the rights of any party involved with an Office of Equity and Access investigation, and a list of available resources. The Office of Equity and Access will also inform all parties of timeframes for inquiry, investigation, and resolution.

6. The Office of Equity and Access will inform the complainant and the respondent simultaneously of the outcome of the investigation, whether or not a violation of policy was found to have occurred, and any measures to be taken to stop the unwanted behavior. In addition, the Office of Equity and Access will advise both the complainant and the respondent of any changes to any of the above mentioned determinations.
7. Any disciplinary action taken as a result of an Office of Equity and Access investigation will be imposed by the employee's department, in conjunction with and at the recommendation of Human Resources. The department may impose a wide range of sanctions, depending on the severity of the conduct, which can range from counseling and/or training through suspension and termination.
8. Employees will be advised of their right to grieve any disciplinary action taken as a result of an Office of Equity and Access investigation by contacting the Virginia Tech Department of Human Resources and in deference to university and state policy.
9. The Office of Equity and Access will investigate complaints of retaliation, as per the Policy on Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Assault (University Policy 1025), and will take immediate and separate action against parties that retaliate against a person for complaining of sex-based discrimination or for assisting in an Office of Equity and Access investigation.

Evidentiary Standard:

The Virginia Tech Police Department and the Virginia Tech Threat Assessment Team are immediately notified of cases involving Sexual Violence (Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking cases). The appropriate local police department will immediately be notified of cases occurring in their jurisdiction. Such cases involving employees as respondents are immediately referred to the Office for Equity and Accessibility and are adjudicated pursuant to university policy 1025 using the *preponderance of the evidence* standard.

As per the Policy on Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Assault (University Policy 1025), Consent is defined as

“Knowing, voluntary, and clear permission by word or action, to engage in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. The existence of consent is based on the totality of circumstances, including the context in which the alleged consent occurred. Silence does not necessarily constitute consent and coercion, force, or threat of either party invalidates consent.

- Consent cannot be given where a person is incapacitated due to drugs or alcohol; or where a person has a disability; or is not of legal age to consent as defined by law.
- Consent to any one form of sexual activity cannot automatically imply consent to any other forms of sexual activity. Consent can be withdrawn at any time.
- Previous relationships or prior consent cannot imply consent to future sexual acts.

In November, 2014, the President of the university established a standard that all current employees and subsequently new employees, complete within 90 days of employment at Virginia Tech, a workshop which addresses prevention and awareness of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking. During the first half of 2015, the workshop was referred to as Title IX and Retaliation

Workshop and focused on those issues. In July 2015, when VAWA became effective for employment, the content was revised and the workshop was changed to be referred to as Compliance Workshop: Policy 1025; Title IX and the Violence Against Women Act. In addition, the Policy on Harassment, Discrimination, and Sexual Assault (University Policy 1025) clearly prohibits these forms of sexual misconduct, provides definitions of these forms of sexual misconduct and of consent, and also describes the responsibilities of Administrators, Supervisors, and Responsible Employees.

As per the Office of Equity and Access Statement of Rights, which is provided to all complainants upon notification of a complaint, if a person decides to participate in an Office of Equity and Access investigation, *“the person has the right to request confidentiality, although it may not always be able to be granted. For Title IX cases, the Title IX Coordinator and/or the Deputy Title IX Coordinator(s) will consider the request to determine whether or not the university may honor it while still providing a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students and employees. Honoring such a request may limit the university’s ability to respond fully to the incident, including pursuing appropriate disciplinary action against the alleged perpetrator.”*

As per the Office of Equity and Access Statement of Rights, *“all parties have the right to a prompt, adequate, reliable, and impartial investigation of the complaint. The U.S. Office for Civil Rights presumes a typical Title IX investigation may be completed within 60 calendar days following receipt of the complaint. All parties also have the right to receive updates regarding the status and progress of the investigation.”*

The Office of Equity and Access expects that its employees, including Title IX investigators, receive annual training on the issues related to dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking; as well as training on how to conduct an investigation that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability.

As per the Office of Equity and Access Statement of Rights, *“all parties have the right to have an advocate or attorney present during any interview throughout the investigation process, providing the advocate may not also be called as a witness to the same investigation. The advocate may not ask or answer questions during the investigator’s interviews, but may provide advice to the advocate’s party.”*
***Effective July 1, 2016, the Office of Equity and Access was renamed the “Office for Equity and Accessibility”.**

Sex Offender Registry and Access to Related Information

The federal “Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act”, enacted on October 28, 2000, went into effect October 28, 2002. The law requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by a state under section 121 of the Adam Walsh Child Protection Act of 2006. (42 U.S.C. 16921) concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained, such as the law enforcement office of the institution, a local law enforcement agency with jurisdiction for the campus, or a computer network address.. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a state to provide notice, as required under state law, of each institution of higher education in that state at which the person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers their services, or is a student. Information about the Sex Offender registry can be found at <http://sexoffender.vsp.virginia.gov/sor/>, or can be accessed through the Virginia Tech Police Department web site at <http://www.police.vt.edu>.

In the Commonwealth of Virginia, convicted sex offenders must register with the *Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry*. The registry was established pursuant to §19.2-390.1 of the Commonwealth's Criminal Code. Every person convicted on or after July 1, 1997, including juveniles tried and convicted in the circuit courts pursuant to § 16.1-269.1, whether sentenced as adults or juveniles, of an offense for which registration is required shall be required as a part of the sentence imposed upon conviction to register and re-register with the Commonwealth's Department of State Police, as provided in this section.

In addition, all persons convicted of offenses under the laws of the United States, or any other state substantially similar to an offense for which registration is required, shall provide to the local agency all necessary information for inclusion in the State Police Registry within ten days of establishing a residence within the Commonwealth. Any person required to register shall also be required to reregister within ten days following any change of residence, whether within or outside of the Commonwealth.

Nonresident offenders entering the Commonwealth for employment, to carry on a vocation, volunteer services or as a student attending school who are required to register in their state of residence or who would be required to register under this section if a resident of the Commonwealth shall, within ten days of accepting employment or enrolling in school in the Commonwealth, be required to register and reregister pursuant to this section. For purposes of this section "student" means a person who is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher education.

Information concerning offenders registered with the *Sex Offender and Crimes Minors Registry* may be disclosed to any person requesting information on a specific individual in accordance with the law. Information regarding a specific person requested pursuant to the law shall be disseminated upon receipt of an official request form that may be submitted directly to the Commonwealth's Department of State Police or to the State Police through a local law-enforcement agency. The Department of State Police shall make registry information available, upon request, to criminal justice agencies including local law enforcement agencies through the Virginia Criminal Information Network (VCIN). Registry information provided under this section shall be used for the purposes of the administration of criminal justice, for the screening of current or prospective employees or volunteers or otherwise for the protection of the public in general and children in particular. *Uses of the information for purposes not authorized by this section are prohibited and a willful violation of this section with the intent to harass or intimidate another shall be punished as a Class 1 misdemeanor.*

Virginia State Police maintain a system for making certain registry information on violent sex offenders publicly available by means of the internet. The information made available includes the offender's name; all aliases which he has used or under which he may have been known; the date and locality of the conviction and a brief description of the offense; the offender's date of birth, current address and photograph; and such other information as the State Police may from time to time determine is necessary to preserve public safety. The system is secure and is not capable of being altered except by or through the State Police. The system is updated each business day with newly received registrations and re-registrations.

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in the Women's Center at Virginia Tech.

Important Phone Numbers

For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this report, and for assistance or services, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

- NRV Emergency Communications Authority 911 (emergency, on campus)
540-382-4343 (non-emergency)
- Virginia Tech Police Department 540-231-6411 (non-emergency)
- Lewis Gale Montgomery Regional Hospital 540-953-1111 (main number)
- New River Valley Medical Center 540-731-2000
- Women's Center at Virginia Tech 540-231-7806
- Women's Resource Center 540-639-1123 (hotline, 24 hours)
540-639-9592 (office)
- Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center 540-231-6557
(8:00am – 5:00pm)Mon-Thurs
540-231-6444
(9:00am – 5:00pm)Friday
- Schiffert Health Services 540-231-6444
- Cranwell International Center 540-231-6527
- Blacksburg Police Department 911 (emergency, off campus)
540-961-1150(non-emergency)
- Montgomery County Sheriff's Office 540-382-2951(non-emergency)
- Christiansburg Police Department 540-382-3131 (non-emergency)
- Dean of Students 540-231-3787
- Office of Student Conduct 540-231-3790
- Office of Student Programs 540-231-6204
- Student Legal Services 540-231-4720
- Safe Ride (Dusk until Dawn) 540-231-SAFE (7233)
- Title IX Coordinator 540-231-8771
- Office of Emergency Management 540-231-2438
- University Relations 540-231-4733

Safety Tips / Risk Reduction

Security doesn't begin and end with the university police. It takes the entire university, faculty, staff, and students to make our campus a safe and secure place to live, work, and play. What can you do to help? The number one thing you can do is to take a few precautions and follow a few safety tips that will help us, help you.

- A. Trust your instincts. If a place or situation doesn't feel right, it probably isn't.
- B. Avoid working or studying alone in a building at night.
- C. Avoid shortcuts and isolated areas when walking after dark.
- D. Stay alert when crossing roads and be mindful of your surroundings.
- E. Don't walk alone after dark. Travel in groups. Use the Safe Ride Service.
- F. Know how to defend yourself---enroll in a self-defense class.
- G. Become familiar with the locations of the blue-light emergency phones on campus.
- H. Don't leave personal property (iPods Laptops, iPhones, book bags) lying around unattended.
- I. Carry a whistle or other noisemaker.
- J. Keep your bike locked in a rack or storage facility when not using it.
- K. Never prop open exterior doors, even for a short time.
- L. Keep your room door locked when leaving even for "Just a minute" and when sleeping.
- M. Lock windows and close shades after dark.
- N. Never attach your name and address to keys, if lost or stolen they could lead to theft.
- O. When traveling in your vehicle keep windows up and doors locked.
- P. Engrave your valuables.
- Q. Report any suspicious or criminal activity to the police and report all crimes immediately.
- R. Don't put personal information on social networking sites.
- S. Do not accept drinks from strangers or leave your drink unattended because it could be drugged.
- T. If you suspect someone of having alcohol poisoning, call 911 immediately. Do not wait until it is too late.

<u>VAWA PREVENTION, AWARENESS, BYSTANDER INTERVENTION, ONGOING & PRIMARY PREVENTION PROGRAMS/RISK REDUCTION</u>					
NAME OF PROGRAM	TYPE	SEXUAL ASSAULT, DV, DOMV, STALKING	NATURE OF CONTENT	DATE OFFERED	TARGETED AUDIENCE
RED FLAG CAMPAIGN	AWARENESS/OUTREACH/BYSTANDER INTERVENTION	DATING VIOLENCE	PUBLIC AWARENESS CAMPAIGN USING POSTERS, & OTHER MEDIA TO PREVENT DV & ENCOURAGE BYSTANDERS TO LOOK FOR SIGNS OF DV	FALL / SPRING	STUDENTS, FRIENDS, & COMMUNITY MEMBERS
WHITE RIBBON CAMPAIGN	EDUCATIONAL	ALL	EDUCATES MEN TO SPEAK UP AGAINST VIOLENCE/MEN WORKING TO END GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE	FALL / SPRING	CORP OF CADETS, ATHLETICS, FRATERNITY/SORORITY, RESIDENCE HALLS, ETC
MENTORS IN VIOLENCE PREVENTION	BYSTANDER INTERVENTION	ALL	EMPOWERING MEN & WOMEN TO PREVENT, INTERRUPT, & RESPOND TO SEXIST ABUSE	FALL / SPRING	ATHLETICS, RESIDENCE LIFE, PEER EDUCATOR/STUDENT GROUPS, CORP OF CADETS
SAVES	PREVENTION, BYSTANDER INTERVENTION	ALL	STUDENT PEERS EDUCATING INTERESTED STUDENTS TO RAISE AWARENESS	FALL / SPRING	RESIDENCE LIFE, PEER EDUCATOR/STUDENT GROUPS, CORP OF CADETS
RAD	RAPE AGGRESSION DEFENSE	ALL	BASIC PHYSICAL DEFENSE FOR WOMEN	THROUGHOUT THE YEAR	STUDENTS, STAFF & FACULTY
MYPLAYBOOK	EDUCATIONAL	SEXUAL ASSAULT	PREVENTION / BYSTANDER INTERVENTION	SEPT	FRESHMEN / SOPHOMORES
INTERNATIONAL STUDENT ORG	RISK REDUCTION/INFORMATION	ALL	ACCESS TO ASSISTANCE, RISKS & AVOIDANCE STRATEGIES, & CULTURAL CHALLENGES	FALL / WINTER	INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS
HAVEN	ONLINE MODULE	ALL	REQUIRED INTERACTIVE ONLINE PROGRAM ON SEXUAL ASSAULT	JUNE/JULY	INCOMING STUDENTS
TITLE IX & VTPD	ORIENTATION PROGRAM	ALL	INFORMATION & RESOURCES	JUNE/JULY	STUDENTS / FAMILIES
VTPD, TITLE IX & MVP	STUDENT TRAINING	ALL	INFORMATION/PREVENTION	JAN-JULY	STUDENTS / FAMILIES
SAFE ZONE 101	GENDER TRAINING	ALL	EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION	FALL	ALL
TRANSGENDER 101	GENDER DIVERSITY	ALL	EDUCATIONAL INFORMATION	FALL	ALL
HARASSMENT PREVENTION/TITLE IX	PREVENTION, INFORMATIONAL	ALL	EDUCATES EMPLOYEES	VARIOUS TIMES	DINING SERVICE STAFF
StopAbuse	Risk Reduction	All	Reporting Confidentiality/Options	Accessible on Main Website	All

RESOURCES		
FOR VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, SEXUAL ASSAULT & STALKING		
REPORT OPTIONS		
Title IX		540-231-8064 Students 540-231-2010 Employees
Virginia Tech Police Department	230 Sterrett Dr, Blacksburg, VA (Security Center)	911 emergency 540-382-4343 non emergency --NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority--dispatch
RESOURCES		
ON CAMPUS--Students	ADDRESS	PHONE NUMBER
Cook Counseling Center	895 Washington St SW McComas Hall room 240	540-231-6557
Shiffert Health Center	895 Washington St SW McComas Hall room 140	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Women's Center	206 Washington St	540-231-7806
Office of Student Conduct	190 West Campus Dr, 141 New Hall West	540-231-3790
Dean of Students Office	500 Drillfield Dr, 109 East Eggleston Hall	540-231-3787
Threat Assessment & Management Team	email: threatassessment@vt.edu	540-231-7194
Office of Compliance	website: www.hr.vt.edu/oea/harassment	540-231-2010
Cranwell International Center	240 West Campus Dr., Harper Hall	540-231-6527
ON CAMPUS--Employees		
University ADA Services	300 Turner St NW, Blacksburg, VA (North End Center)	540-231-9718
Leave Program HR	300 Turner St NW, Blacksburg, VA (North End Center)	540-231-1237
Cranwell International Center	240 West Campus Dr., Harper Hall	540-231-6527
Community Resources--Both		
Women's Resource Center of the New River Valley	24 hr hotline	540-639-1123
Blacksburg Police Department	200 Clay St SW, Blacksburg, VA	911 (EMERGENCY)
	NON-EMERGENCY	540-961-1152
	NON-EMERGENCY	540-961-1150
Medical Treatment: Carilion New River Valley Medical Center (Radford)	2900 Lamb Circle, Christiansburg, VA	540-731-2000
Medical Treatment: LewisGale Montgomery (Blacksburg-Christiansburg)	3700 S Main St, Blacksburg, VA	540-953-5122 (ER)
ProBono Counseling Program	303 Church St, Blacksburg, VA	540-951-4990

Crime Definitions specified by the Clery Act:

Murder & Non-negligent Manslaughter - The willful killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by Negligence – the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Rape – Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his / her age or temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity. This definition includes any gender of victim or perpetrator.

Fondling – The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his / her age or temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Incest –sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape – Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Robbery – The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault – An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury.

Burglary – The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft.

Motor Vehicle Theft – The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle.

Arson – Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft or personal property of another.

Liquor Law Violations – The violation of state laws or local laws/ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession and use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

Drug Law Violations – Violations of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, use, possession, transportation or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance.

Weapons Law Violations – The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.

Referrals – The referral of any person to any campus official who initiates a disciplinary action of which a record is kept and which may result in the imposition of a sanction.

Domestic Violence – includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by: a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

Dating Violence – violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Includes but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse. Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Stalking – engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific persons that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Definitions of Geography

On-Campus – Any building or property owned or controlled by the institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls; and any building or property that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purpose. (Statistics for university housing facilities are recorded and included in both the on-campus category and residential category)

Non-Campus – Any building or property not part of the core campus and does not fit the definition of separate campus and is owned or controlled by the institution, is used in direct support of or in relation to the institution’s educational purposes, and is frequently used by students. Other Non-Campus property that is Clery reportable is property “owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution such as fraternity and sorority houses.”

Public Property – all public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Definition of the term “Unfounded”; On occasion, an agency will receive a complaint which is determined through investigation to be false or baseless. If the investigation shows that no offense occurred nor was attempted, the reported offense can be “unfounded” by a law enforcement officer.

Virginia Tech Blacksburg Campus Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Rape	4	8	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	6	3	3	4	N/A	1	0
Fondling	2	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	2	1	3	2	N/A	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	0	1
Aggravated Assault	0	4	2	0	1	0	3	0	0	3	5	2	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Burglary	20	22	33	0	1	0	0	0	0	20	23	33	6	17	29	N/A	3	2
Motor Vehicle Theft	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	3	1	3	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	515	640	542	0	0	0	10	0	0	525	640	542	457	579	492	N/A	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	139	114	74	0	0	0	6	4	2	145	118	76	54	58	33	N/A	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	25	30	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	29	51	6	21	29	N/A	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	59	45	73	0	0	0	13	3	0	72	48	73	25	30	38	N/A	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	N/A	0	0
Arson	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A	0	0
Domestic Violence**	1	3	7	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	4	7	0	0	3	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	4	0	1	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013 and 2014.

2015-----1 on-campus vandalism characterized by race bias.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Blacksburg Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Virginia Tech Higher Education Opportunity Act Blacksburg Campus Fire Safety Annual Compliance Report for 20 | 5

Overview

The Higher Education Opportunity Act (Public Law 110-315) became law in August, 2008, requiring all United States academic institutions to produce an annual fire safety report outlining fire safety practices, standards, and all fire-related on-campus statistics related to student housing. The following public disclosure report details all information required by this law as it relates to Virginia Tech as outlined in the initial regulation; subsequent yearly reports will comply with the Act as amended and published October 29, 2009.

On-Campus Housing Fire Safety Equipment

At Virginia Tech, all forty-six of our residence halls are protected by [fire detection and alarm systems](#) which are centrally monitored 24 hours/day, seven days/week. The buildings are also equipped with either emergency generators or lighting fixtures that incorporate backup batteries; upon loss of power, these systems automatically activate to assure adequate egress lighting in hallways and emergency exit stairwells. [Twenty-eight](#) of our residence halls are fully sprinklered, including all high-rise residence halls. Carbon monoxide detectors have been installed in all residence hall mechanical rooms where products of combustion could occur. All fire safety systems and equipment are strictly maintained and tested in accordance with applicable national standards. A summary of the fire protection systems present in each residence hall is provided in Table I.

Fire Safety Education, Training and Fire Drills

All on-campus residents (including those with special needs) receive intensive and comprehensive fire safety training at the beginning of each semester. Training on fire and life safety is also provided to all Residential Advisors, Area Coordinators, Building Managers, Fraternity & Sorority House Managers, Event Planning Office Staff & Crowd Managers, Housekeeping staff and Hot-work Coordinators. In addition, a quality control program that covers emergency and evacuation procedures is reviewed regularly with the occupants and staff of each respective residence hall. Each resident is required to review and comply with the requirements outlined in the [Hokie Handbook](#), [Housing Policies](#), [University Policies for Student Life](#), and [Housing and Residence Life Policies](#), which include information on fire safety and what appropriate action to take during a fire alarm or fire emergency. Student Affairs also maintains extensive information on fire safety on its [website](#). There is an emergency evacuation map posted on each floor to direct occupants to primary and secondary exits.

Fire drills are conducted four times per year in all of the **occupied** residence halls in coordination with Virginia Tech's offices of Environmental, Health and Safety Services and Student Affairs. Fraternity and sorority houses that are located on university property must follow the same procedures that apply to residence halls. The fire drills occur within the first 10 days of classes for each of the four semesters (Fall Semester, Spring Semester, Summer School I & Summer School II). Fire drills are conducted in every residence hall during the Fall and Spring Semesters and only in the occupied residence halls during Summer School I & II.

Specific Fire Prevention Related Policies and Programs

- Policy 1005, [Health and Safety](#), affirms that faculty, staff and students must comply with university health and safety policies and programs, attend required training, report any identified safety or health hazard, and know their roles in an emergency.
- Policy 1010, [Policy on Smoking](#), prohibits smoking in all university properties owned and operated by Virginia Tech, including residence halls.
- Policy 5000, [University Facilities Usage and Event Approval](#), requires that an application must be submitted for certain types of events on campus, and affirms that these events are subject to a review and approval process. The use of open flames and pyrotechnics, layout of assembly areas/events, and use of decorations are all evaluated during this review.
- Policy 5406, [Requirements for Temporary Facilities/Tents/Stages](#), assures that tents, stages and other temporary facilities comply the Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code, including the prohibition on the use of open flames near or under any tent.
- Policy 5605, [Residence Hall Fire and Fire Alarm Procedures](#), affirms that students must evacuate the building upon fire alarm activation and outlines the role of staff members in overseeing evacuation procedures and reentry into the building when authorized.
- Policy 5615, [University Safety and Security](#), requires that Resident Advisors be trained to perform safety audits of residence rooms, coordinate emergency evacuations and warning procedures, and facilitate the performance of fire and other drills.
- The [Hokie Handbook](#), [Housing Policies](#), [University Policies for Student Life](#), and [Housing and Residence Life Policies](#), which are part of the housing contract, limit the types of electrical appliances allowed in residence halls, establish expectations for compliance with drills and training, provide for periodic health and safety inspections of residence rooms, affirm limitations on materials that may be stored in resident rooms, prohibit open flames without a permit, limit the use of combustible decorations/furnishings, and define the consequences if students violate university policies and programs. Specifically:
 - Electrical appliances such as electric stoves, George Foreman-type grills, toaster ovens, toasters, crock pots, sandwich makers, air conditioners, space heaters, hot plates, and other open coiled appliances are not permitted in residence hall rooms. No extension cords of any type are permitted, and halogen bulb lamps and high intensity lamps are prohibited. Hover boards are banned from within all buildings.
 - Room furnishings/decorations and the decorating of public spaces is strictly controlled. Additional limitations on the use of flammable and combustible materials for decorations in both residence rooms and common areas are affirmed in the [Policy for Residence Hall Decorations](#).
 - Items that require an open flame, operate on fuel, or produce heat (such as Bunsen burners, lit candles, incense, and alcohol burners) are prohibited.
 - Student rooms, common areas, storage, and mechanical areas are subject to regular inspection by the Virginia State Fire Marshal's office, Environmental Health and Safety personnel, and Student Affairs staff. In addition, resident room inspections are conducted once per

semester by hall staff in order to identify any health or safety concerns. Violations of fire and life safety policies are subject to university judicial action and appropriate sanctions.

- Anyone found causing a false fire alarm, tampering with fire-safety equipment, or not properly evacuating during a fire alarm will face arrest and/or judicial referral.
- Virginia Tech's [Fire and Life Safety Program](#) establishes requirements for the performance of periodic fire safety inspections of all university buildings, including residence halls, these inspections are to correct fire safety violations such as the removal of prohibited items and to assure that fire protection devices are not blocked and/or damaged; provides for periodic training for employees and students on basic fire safety, the training consists of how to activate fire alarms, notifying emergency personnel, assisting with emergency evacuations, and identifying common fire hazards (combustible waste, ignition sources, improper storage, accumulation of combustibles, hoarding, block exits and hallways, open flames); affirms conditions that must be maintained in all university properties to comply with the Virginia State Wide Fire Prevention Code; and, establishes requirements for the permitting, approval and inspection of hot work, use of open flames/burning, pyrotechnics and special effects, and temporary facilities, tents and stages.

Table I - Fire Protection Systems in Blacksburg Campus Residential Facilities

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring (VTPD)</i>	<i>Partial Sprinkler System²</i>	<i>Full Sprinkler System³</i>	<i>Smoke Detection</i>	<i>Fire Extinguishing Devices</i>	<i>Evacuation Plans & Signs</i>	<i>Number of Fire Drills each calendar year⁴</i>
Ambler Johnston Hall (East) 700 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2
Ambler Johnston Hall (West) 720 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2
Barringer Hall 240 Kent St.	X			X	X	X	2
Brodie Hall 310 Alumni Mall	X ¹			X	X	X	2
Campbell Hall (East) 320 Drillfield Drive	X			X	X	X	2
Campbell Hall (Main) 300 Drillfield Drive	X			X	X	X	2
Cochrane Hall 770 Washington St. SW	X	X		X	X	X	2

Building Name	Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring (VTPD)	Partial Sprinkler System²	Full Sprinkler System³	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguishing Devices	Evacuation Plans & Signs	Number of Fire Drills each calendar year⁴
Eggleston Hall (Main) 440 Drillfield Drive	X ¹			X	X	X	2
Eggleston Hall (West) 410 Drillfield Drive	X ¹			X	X	X	2
Graduate Life Center at Donaldson Brown 155 Otey St. NW	X		X	X	X	X	4
Harper Hall 240 West Campus Drive	X		X	X	X	X	4
Hillcrest Hall 385 West Campus Drive	X ¹			X	X	X	2
Johnson Hall 500 Washington St SW	X			X	X	X	2
Lee Hall 570 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2
Miles Hall 460 Washington St. SW	X ¹			X	X	X	2
Monteith Hall 170 Turner St. NW	X ¹			X	X	X	2
New Hall West 190 West Campus Drive	X		X	X	X	X	2
New Hall East 540 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2
Newman Hall 200 Kent St.	X ¹			X	X	X	4
O'shaughnessy Hall 530 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2

Building Name	Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring (VTPD)	Partial Sprinkler System²	Full Sprinkler System³	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguishing Devices	Evacuation Plans & Signs	Number of Fire Drills each calendar year⁴
Payne Hall 380 Drillfield Drive	X		X	X	X	X	2
Peddrew-Yates Residence Hall 610 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2
Pritchard Hall 630 Washington St. SW	X		X	X	X	X	2
Rasche Hall 260 Alumni Mall							0 ⁶
Slusher Tower 201 Drillfield Drive	X		X	X	X	X	2
Slusher Wing 201 Drillfield Drive	X		X	X	X	X	2
Thomas Hall 190 Turner St. NW	X ¹			X	X	X	2
Transfer House – Bldg. SPEH, 2745 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Vawter Hall 180 Kent St.	X			X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. A 2750 Oak Lane	X	X ⁵		X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. B 2740 Oak Lane	X	X ⁵		X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. C 2720 Oak Lane	X	X ⁵		X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. D 2805 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. E	X		X	X	X	X	2

Building Name	Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring (VTPD)	Partial Sprinkler System²	Full Sprinkler System³	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguishing Devices	Evacuation Plans & Signs	Number of Fire Drills each calendar year⁴
2705 Oak Lane							
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. F 2615 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. G 2575 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. H 3205 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. I 3160 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. J 3170 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. K 3115 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. L 3115 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. M 3025 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. N 3025 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. O 2965 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. P 2965 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. Q 2875 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. R 2875 Oak Lane	X		X	X	X	X	2

¹ denotes single stations in residence rooms with smoke and/or heat detection in common areas

² denotes having sprinklers in the common areas only

³ denotes having sprinklers in both common areas and individual rooms

⁴ denotes having drills conducted four times per year when the building is occupied year-round; drills are otherwise conducted within 10 days of the beginning of each semester when occupied

⁵ denotes having sprinklers in mechanical rooms only

⁶ Rasche Hall was demolished in October 2013

Fire Statistics

The number and cause of each fire in each residence hall is summarized in Table 2. There were no reported fire-related injuries or fatalities in residence halls during calendar years 2013 through 2015. There were three (3) reported fires during this period. Total damages for fire-related losses were \$121.50.

Fire Reporting

The Virginia Tech Police Department monitors the status of all fire detection and fire suppression systems in residence halls. If a fire has occurred, it should be reported to the Communications Center of the Virginia Tech Police Department by calling either 540-231-6411 (non-emergency) or 911 (emergency). In the spring of 2016, all fire detection and fire suppression systems started being monitored by Simplex (a third party vendor). In the event of an activation, Simplex contacts the Virginia Tech Police Department and the Virginia Tech Police Department dispatches Blacksburg Fire Department.

Responding to a Fire/Evacuation Procedures

The Blacksburg Fire Department responds to all fire alarms. All occupants must exit the building whenever a fire alarm sounds, regardless of the cause. Keep your keys handy, so you can easily grab them in the event of an emergency. When the general fire alarm sounds, feel the room door, if cool leave immediately closing the door behind you. Proceed quickly and in an orderly manner to the nearest exit. Stay out of the building until given the “all clear” signal by emergency personnel or housing and resident life staff. Failure to evacuate properly during a fire alarm is a serious breach of university policy. Use stairwells in the event of fire. Do not use elevators, which might become inoperable and trap occupants. Stairwell doors in resident halls are fire doors and must remain closed at all times, unless a magnetic hold-open is installed (this is part of the alarm system). Never wedge doors open, especially while evacuating. If the door is hot, remain in the room, place wet towels or clothing under the door, open the window from the top, call 911, and if necessary yell out the window for help. If you see smoke or flames and the alarm is not sounding, pull the closest fire alarm and exit the building. Stay close to the floor while escaping from a burning building. If smoke is present, remain close to the floor, keep your mouth and nose covered, use a wet cloth if possible. Do not use elevators during a fire alarm. If you are unable to evacuate without special assistance or a modified plan, contact services for students with disabilities or housing and residence life. Move at least 50 feet away from the building and out of the way of responding emergency personnel. Means of egress in the residence halls include hallways, stairways, and door over which an exit sign is placed. Emergency evacuation routes have been placed in the residence halls to direct occupants to exits in case of an emergency. Obstructing these

means of egress is not permitted. Bicycles, trash, furniture, boxes, holiday decorations, or other items shall not be placed in hallways or stairwells at any time.

Plans for Future Improvement

Virginia Tech maintains a prioritized list of projects to upgrade older fire systems, enhance the capabilities of existing systems, or install new fire safety systems in existing buildings. Currently, Virginia Tech does have plans for future improvements to fire safety.

Table 2 - Fire Statistics for the Blacksburg Campus Residential Facilities for Calendar Years 2013, 2014 and 2015

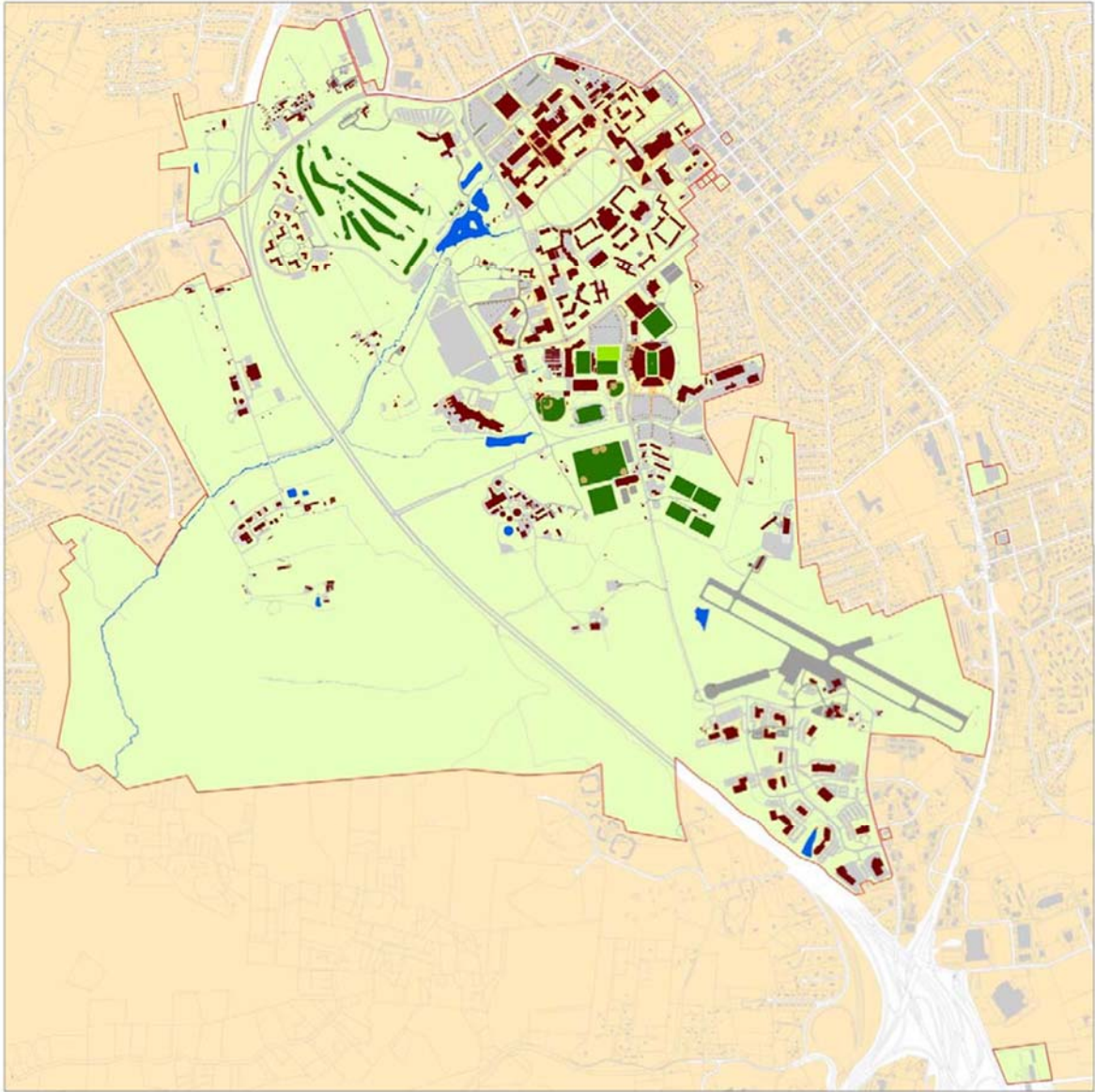
<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>		<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
Ambler Johnston Hall (East) 720 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Ambler Johnston Hall (West) 700 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Barringer Hall 240 Kent St.	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Brodie Hall 310 Alumni Mall	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Campbell Hall (East) 320 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Campbell Hall (Main) 300 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Cochrane Hall 790 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Eggleston Hall (East)	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Eggleston Hall (Main) 440 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Eggleston Hall (West) 410 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Graduate Life Center at Donaldson Brown 155 Otey St. NW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Harper Hall 240 West Campus Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Hillcrest Hall 385 West Campus Drive	1	1	5/6/13 1828 hours	2 nd floor kitchen	Unintentional – oven mitt left in oven when turned on	0	0		\$0

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>	<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
Johnson Hall 500 Washington St SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lee Hall 570 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Miles Hall 460 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Monteith Hall 170 Turner St. NW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New Hall West 190 West Campus Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
New Hall East 540 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Newman Hall 200 Kent St.	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
O'shaughnessy Hall 530 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Payne Hall 380 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Peddrew-Yates Residence Hall 610 Washington St. SW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Pritchard Hall 630 Washington St. SW	2	1 2	12/14/2014 0246 10/11/2015 1530	4 th Floor 4 th Floor	Intentional – Lighter used to set corkboard on fire Intentional - lighter	0 0	0 0	\$100.00 \$21.50
Rasche Hall 260 Alumni Mall	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Slusher Tower 280 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Slusher Wing 280 Drillfield Drive	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Thomas Hall 190 Turner St. NW	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transfer House –Bldg. SPEH, 2745 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Building Name	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire Number	Date/Time	Location	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)
Vawter Hall 180 Kent St.	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. A, 2750 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. B, 2740 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. C, 2720 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. D, 2805 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. E, 2705 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. F, 2615 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. G, 2575 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. H, 3205 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. I, 3160 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. J, 3170 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. K, 3115 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. L, 3115 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

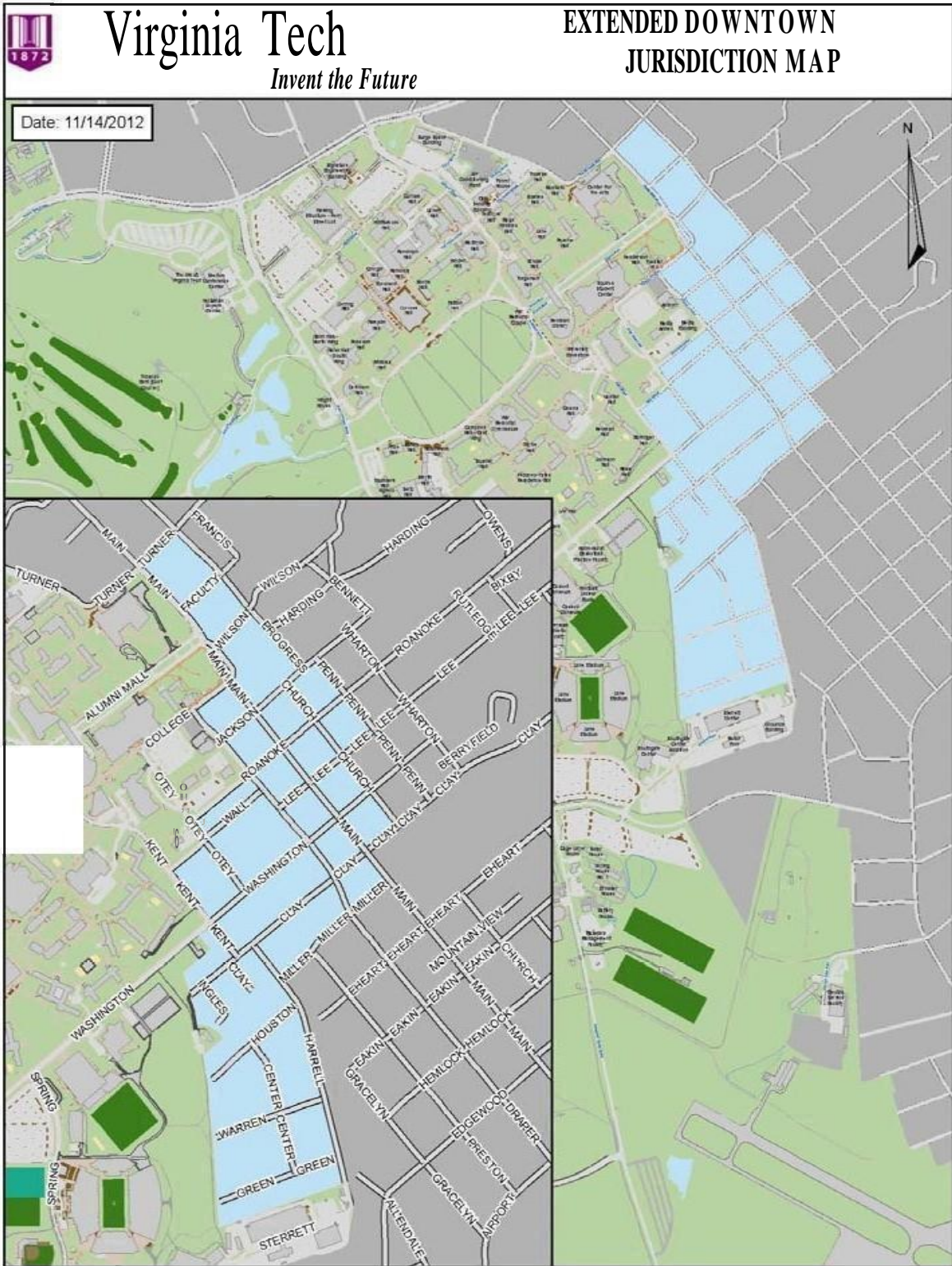
<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>		<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. M, 3025 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. N, 3025 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. O, 2965 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. P, 2965 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. Q, 2875 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Special Purpose Housing - Bldg. R, 2875 Oak Lane	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A

APPENDIX A
Blacksburg Campus Clery Reporting Boundary Map



APPENDIX B

Blacksburg Campus Extended Downtown Jurisdiction Map





The Virginia Tech Campus in Blacksburg is the core campus. Virginia Tech currently has twelve other campuses located throughout Virginia and one in Switzerland. All locations adhere to the policies and procedures of the main campus unless otherwise stated. Resources may vary from campus to campus.

The following pages highlights the individual campuses and provides important information specific to their location.

Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus.

Crime information for the Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington is obtained from the Director and the Arlington County Police Department. Individuals, who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Arlington County Police Department or the Director of the Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington.

Overview

The Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington is located at 900 N. Glebe Road. The highly visible state-of-the-art facility will further the university's mission to expand its research portfolio in the National Capital Region. The region offers great opportunity for partnerships with corporate research entities and close proximity to government agencies and other public and private-sector organizations. The building is located in the Ballston district of Arlington, a short distance from many of the leading science and research agencies of the federal government and many high-technology companies. The seven-floor, 144,000-square-foot Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington features first floor amenities which include retail, exhibits, and outdoor terrace restaurant, and abundant green space. The interior includes computational laboratories, offices, and a conference center to accommodate meetings, forums, symposia, and other events. The second floor conference center is available to the science and technology communities throughout the region for meetings and events not specifically related to the university and two of the seven floors in the building not occupied by Virginia Tech are available for Commercial lease. The building is among the best connected research facilities in the world, incorporating next-generation internet with direct fiber access to National LambdaRail, Internet 2, and multiple federal networks. High-performance connectivity links this research center to Virginia Tech's main campus in Blacksburg, as well as to other major universities. The network provides access to international peering points in New York, Chicago, Seattle, Los Angeles, and Florida, and the building includes a secure data center for high performance computing (HPC)-based research.

A number of established Virginia Tech research centers and institutes are located in this facility.

Access to Campus Buildings

When this facility was in the planning phase, security measures such as lighting, landscape and entrance security were included by the University Architects Office. The first layer of deterrence is the landscape design, as to include the lighting after hours. All exterior doors remain secured, with exception to the main entrance to the reception area. The next layer of detection is all exterior doors have security cameras. Access to the Arlington Center is controlled by layered security.

All visitors are welcomed at a reception desk, and then escorted within the facility by a staff member. The reception area has both a camera and a push-button alarm to alert the security personnel. Security personnel are onsite the same days/hours that the parking garage operates at. Reports of malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions that need to be addressed are forwarded to the onsite Facilities Maintenance Technician. Facilities and landscapes are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions.

Law Enforcement Services

The Virginia Tech Police Department does not normally provide law enforcement services to the Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington. Day-to-day law enforcement services to the center are provided by the Arlington County Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have an MOU with the Arlington County Police Department since they investigate all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warnings/Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings/Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings/Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Arlington County Police Department, the Virginia State Police or the Director of the Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington does not have any pastoral or professional counselors. However, students and faculty are encouraged to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics by contacting the Virginia Tech Police Department by phone 540-231-6411 (non-emergency) or by accessing the online report form on the Virginia Tech Police Department website.

Emergency Response and Evacuation

Emergency Notifications

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2.11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices: phone, cellular phone, and text messages: and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Arlington Center and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Regional VT Alerts are available for the Virginia Tech Research Center – Arlington.

Immediate/emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of satellite campus communities will be provided when information is received, either from the Director at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Director of the satellite campus, the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations.

The Arlington County Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Executive Director or Senior Director could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as, a pandemic flu outbreak, etc.

The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and / or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Arlington County Police Department or authorized staff member at the Arlington Center, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the center. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Arlington County Police, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the center include the Arlington county Police, Virginia State Police, the Arlington county Fire Department and the Arlington-Falls Church Volunteer Rescue Squad.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the “Alert” process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>. For the Arlington Center the Executive Director makes the decision to close or postpone classes in the event of a weather emergency. In the event of a closure or scheduling change, the Director of Human Resources provides information about closings or delay s to affected personnel by means of an email, website updates and local television and radio affiliates.

Each university department or unit develops an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies. Evacuation planning is a part of each department's EAP. Once you have reviewed your evacuation and fire prevention plans with your employees, practice drills are recommended to ensure that the employees are prepared for emergencies. All drills must be coordinated with EHS in advance by calling (540) 231-9068 or email firesafe@vt.edu.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Arlington County Police Department at 703-558-2222 or 911 for an emergency.

Survivors or witnesses can report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics through the Virginia Tech Police Department website by accessing the Online Report Form, Anonymous Tips Form.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages every one that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the

main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, and Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Cook Counseling Center will facilitate referrals. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a *Timely Warning* report and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Arlington County Police Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class. The Arlington County Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is available regarding area services for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority. For crimes that occur at the center, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Arlington County Police Department. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Arlington County Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center.

- Go to the Virginia Hospital Center Arlington. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from the Department of Human Services Behavioral Healthcare Division located at North George Mason Drive, Arlington, Virginia 22205, (703-228-4256) or a private counselor. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges.
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Virginia Hospital Center Arlington for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. The Virginia Hospital Center Arlington offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened at the center, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Arlington County Police Department. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Virginia Hospital Center Arlington for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted

by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore, offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Arlington County Police Department	703-558-2222
	911 (emergency)
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Women's Center Northern Virginia	703-281-2657
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557(8am-5pm)
	540-231-6444(5pm-8am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Cranwell International Center	540-231-6527
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411
VT HR Employee Assistance Program	866-725-0602
(employees who are covered by the university's health insurance)	
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Virginia Hospital Center Arlington	703-558-5000
Arlington C. Community Service Board	703-228-4871
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

The Arlington County Community Services Board (ACCSB) consists of members of the community appointed to oversee services provided through divisions within the Department of Human Services to persons challenged by mental health, intellectual disabilities, and substance abuse issues. The ACCSB provides the principal forum for residents and consumers of services to review, comment on, and influence the direction of those services.

The ACCSB acts as an advocate, educator, community organizer, and community planner for services. Visit the rest of the ACCS B site for more information.

Virginia Tech Arlington Research Center Crime Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Arlington Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Virginia Tech
Higher Education Opportunity Act
Alexandria Campus
Fire Safety Annual Compliance Report for 2015

Overview

The Gallery Apartments in Alexandria, Virginia has 3 levels and includes 23 units that are connected by atrium space. The individual units contain an individual kitchen and bathroom. The building also provides common areas for the residents as well as laundry facilities. The property belongs to the Virginia Tech Foundation, and it includes an addition to the original building.

Gallery Apartments Fire Safety Equipment

The fire protection systems at the Gallery Apartments include Portable Fire Extinguishers, Dual Duty Smoke Detectors and a Partial Sprinkler and Alarm System as follows:

- All common areas of the Gallery Apartments are equipped with portable fire extinguishers.
- The addition, which includes the atrium and 9 apartments as well as the common area, is protected by a sprinkler and fire alarm system. No central monitoring of these systems is provided.
- All apartments are equipped with dual duty smoke detectors that also detect Carbon Monoxide, these were updated in 2015.

All fire protection equipment is strictly maintained and tested in accordance with the Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code. The periodic maintenance and testing activities are conducted by contractors. In addition, a Fire and Life Safety inspection is conducted by the local Fire Official on a periodic basis. This inspection includes an audit of the fire protection equipment testing and maintenance activities and a fire code review of all apartment units and common areas. For more information, see Table I.

Fire Safety Education, Training and Fire Drills

All current Gallery Apartment Residents have been provided information on the fire protection systems present in the subject building and evacuations procedures to be followed, and all future residents will be provided this information when their lease is initiated. Since the facility is classified as **R-2** under the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code but is not a university owned building, there are no requirements for conducting fire drills and no drills have been performed. A Resident who lives on the property in one of the 23 units is available to assist residents during emergency evacuations.

Specific Fire Prevention Related Policies and Programs

Based on the facility classification under the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, no special policies other than a No Smoking policy have been implemented.

Fire Statistics

There were no fires or fire losses reported in the Gallery Apartments during Calendar Years 2013, 2014 or 2015. See Table 2.

Fire Reporting

If a fire has occurred, it should be reported to the local Police Department by calling 911 (emergency). It should also be reported to Greg Lawrence Property Manager, Capitol Property Management at (703) 707-6404.

Responding to a Fire

If a fire emergency occurs, while you are in the building, notify occupants by knocking on their doors and shouting “fire” as you exit the building. Do not jeopardize your own safety to do this. Do not reenter the building until the fire department says it is safe to do so. If you are unable to leave your room, place towels under the door to prevent smoke from entering. Call 911 and give them your exact location and as much information as possible. Remain calm.

Plans for Future improvement

The Virginia Tech Foundation will continue to work with the local Authorities to enhance and improve the existing building fire protection system capabilities as required by applicable codes, standards and best business practices.

Table 1 - Fire Protection Systems in the Alexandria Campus Residential Facility

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring</i>	<i>Partial Sprinkler System (*)</i>	<i>Full Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Smoke Detection (**)</i>	<i>Fire Extinguishing Devices</i>	<i>Evacuation Plans & Signs</i>	<i>Number of Fire Drills each calendar year</i>
Gallery Apartments 207 S. Patrick Street		X		X	X	Not Required	Not Required

* The addition, which includes the atrium and 9 apartments as well as the common area, is protected by a sprinkler and fire alarm system. No central monitoring of these systems is provided.


** All apartments are equipped with dual duty smoke detectors that also detect Carbon Monoxide, these were updated in 2015.

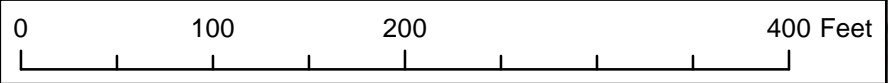
Table 2 - Fire Statistics for the Alexandria Campus Residential Facility for Calendar Years 2013, 2014 and 2015

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>	<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
Gallery Apartments 207 S. Patrick Street	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Arlington Research Center



 900 N Glebe Rd
Arlington, VA



Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute is obtained from the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report should report them to the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department or the Director Virginia Tech Carilion Medical School.

Information for this annual report is compiled from reports provided by Carilion Police and Security Department officials, Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Office of Student Conduct, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech Women's Center, and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns, leases or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property.

Overview

The Research Institute opened in August 2010 and is located at 2 Riverside Circle in Roanoke, Virginia 24016. Collectively called Virginia Tech Carilion (VTC), the Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute leverages Virginia Tech's world-class strength in basic sciences, bioinformatics, and engineering with Carilion Clinic's highly experienced medical staff and rich history in medical education.

Utilizing an innovative patient-centered curriculum, the Virginia Tech Carilion School of Medicine (VTC SOM) addresses the increasing need for research-competent physicians who can translate research from the bench to the bedside and into the community. The Virginia Tech Carilion School of Medicine will also ameliorate some of the physician shortage that has been identified as a priority by the American Association of Medical Colleges and the American Medical Association.

Research conducted at the Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute (VTCRI) creates a bridge between basic science research at Virginia Tech and clinical expertise at Carilion Clinic and increases translational research opportunities for both partners. Research conducted by scientists at the institute is aimed at understanding the molecular basis for health and disease, and development of diagnostic tools, treatments, and therapies that will contribute to the prevention and solution of existing and emerging problems in contemporary medicine. Research areas of emphasis which presently align with areas of strength and active research at Virginia Tech include inflammation, infectious disease, neuroscience, and cardiovascular science and cardiology.

Virginia Tech Carilion is located near downtown Roanoke, Virginia, adjacent to Carilion Roanoke Memorial Hospital, in a burgeoning biomedical health sciences campus. The Virginia Tech Carilion building is contemporary in style and is partially constructed with Hokie Stone, the traditional stone utilized on the Virginia Tech campus in Blacksburg.

Access to Campus Buildings

Access to the Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute is controlled by layered security. The doors have card access and all visitors are welcomed at a reception desk, and then escorted within the facility by a staff member. Visitor passes are issued when guests are signed in, and visitors are signed out upon departure from the facility. All exterior doors, except the main entrance, are locked at all times. Police are stationed within the facility 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and 365 days a year. Reports of malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions that need to be addressed are forwarded to the onsite Facilities Maintenance Technician. Facilities and landscapes are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. For information about the access protocol for a specific building, see the building manager, a department head, or contact the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department at 540-981-7516

Law Enforcement Services

The Virginia Tech Police Department does not normally provide law enforcement services to the School of Medicine. Day-to-day law enforcement services to the Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute are provided by the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department has a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department since the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction. The Carilion Police have full police powers and are certified through DCJS as police officers within the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department maintains a close working relationship with the Roanoke City Police Department as well as other law enforcement agencies throughout the state. As a participant in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC) and the Virginia Crime Information Network (VCIN), Carilion Clinic Police and Security personnel are able to transmit and receive crime information with other police agencies throughout the United States. Through its membership in related professional organizations, the department is able to keep abreast of new or developing ideas and has a medium for the exchange of information on law enforcement issues. The Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department has a news release called “Daily Crime and Fire Log” that is published each day with the exception of weekends and holidays. The “Daily Crime and Fire Log” lists all incidents of crime over the past 24 hours, or over the weekend. It is available for review by the public at the Police Department. The Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department notifies the university, via a Referral of Student Conduct, when students or university recognized student groups are involved in criminal activities on campus.

Timely Warning Notices

Timely Warnings/ Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community.

Timely Warnings/ Crime Alerts can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department, the Virginia State Police, the Roanoke City Police or the Dean or Vice Dean of the School of Medicine and Research Institute. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute offer's professional counseling to students. These services are outlined on page 41 of the student handbook. This option may not be practical for students at the Roanoke Higher Education Center. Many other options exist in Roanoke that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute. Immediate emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of satellite campus communities will be provided when information is received from the Carilion Chief of Police or a designee. VT Alerts will normally be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations.

The Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Police Chief or their designee could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Carilion Clinic and Security Department or authorized staff member present at the school, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the school. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Carilion Police, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at

the School include the Carilion Police and Security Department, Virginia State Police and the Roanoke City Fire / EMS Department.

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alert system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the “Alert” process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>. For the Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute, the Dean or Vice Dean of the School of Medicine and Research Institute makes the decision to close campus or postpone classes in the event of a weather emergency. In the event of a closure or scheduling change, the Dean or Vice Dean provides information about closings or delays to affected personnel by means of an email, website updates and local television and radio affiliates.

Each university department or unit develops an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies. Evacuation planning is a part of each department's EAP. Once you have reviewed your evacuation and fire prevention plans with your employees, practice drills are recommended to ensure that the employees are prepared for emergencies. All drills must be coordinated with EHS in advance by calling (540) 231-9068 or email firesafe@vt.edu.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department (540-981-7911 or 911) for an emergency.

The Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime, the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic

advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a *Timely Warning* report and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Safety and Security Programs

The Virginia Tech Police Department has community outreach and residence life resource officers that provide educational programming and other crime prevention functions to the university community. Educational programs located on the Blacksburg campus include Student Police Academy, Alcohol Awareness, Bicycle Safety, Drug Awareness, Operation ID, Personal and Property Safety (basic crime prevention and personal safety), Rape Aggression Defense and Women's Awareness and Safety. All programs are available to faculty, staff and students upon request or if a need becomes apparent. Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department should be contacted to determine what types of classes are available.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

In conjunction with the Carilion Clinic Police and Security Department, The Virginia Tech Police Department is always available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self- defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The CarilionClinic Police and Security Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the Virginia Tech Carilion School of Medicine and Research Institute. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the Roanoke Memorial Hospital in Roanoke. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling options from the Roanoke City Department of Social Services located at 1510 Williamson Road, Roanoke Virginia 24012 (540-853-2591) or a private counselor. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges.
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.
- Seek counseling options from the Roanoke City Department of Social Services located at 1510 Williamson Road, Roanoke Virginia 24012 (540-853-2591) or a private counselor. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or

academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.

- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Roanoke Memorial Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. The Roanoke Memorial Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at Carilion School of Medicine. Many other options exist in the Roanoke area that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Carilion Police and Security Department. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Roanoke Memorial Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Women's Center	703-281-2657
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8am – 5pm) 540-231-6444 (8pm – 5am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (located in Blacksburg)
VT HR Employee Assistance Program (Employees who are covered by the university's health insurance)	866-725-0602
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Carilion Clinic Police and Security	540-981-7911 911 (emergency)
Carilion Roanoke Memorial Hospital	434-266-6000
Roanoke City Police	540-853-2212
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

One of the largest hospitals in the state, Carilion Roanoke Memorial Hospital (CRMH) is a 703-bed hospital with an additional 60-bed Neonatal Intensive Care Unit. The CRMH facility includes the Carilion Clinic Children's Hospital complete with a Pediatric Emergency Room. Now in its second century of providing premiere healthcare services, CRMH also features a Level I trauma center.

Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute Crime Statistics 2015

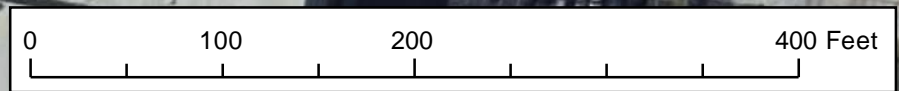
OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Carilion Institute Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

2 Riverside Circle
Roanoke, VA



Institute for Advanced Learning and Research

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus.

Crime information for the Danville Institute for Advanced Learning and Research Center (IALR) is obtained from the IALR Director and the Danville Police Department. Individuals, who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Danville Police Department or the Director of the IALR facility.

Campus Overview

The IALR is located at 150 and 230 Slayton Avenue; Danville Virginia 24540. The Institute's state-of-the-art facility represents the tangible presence of high-technology in Southside. Throughout the building is evidence of the changing face of the world; a world that emphasizes imagination and dreams. The IALR facility is a breath of fresh air for the region, designed to inspire and stimulate. The latest and most advanced technology is present around every turn. Degree programs offered through the IALR, in partnership with state and private higher education institutions, are designed to address three needs: preparing a core economy workforce for the future, meeting current employer needs, and expanding access to higher education opportunities.

Access to Campus Buildings

Access to the IALR is controlled by the issuance of keys to approved personnel. Only the main doors to the facility are locked. Reports of malfunctioning lights and other unsafe physical conditions that need to be addressed are forwarded to a maintenance technician. Facilities and landscapes are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. For information about the access protocol for a specific building, see the building manager or department head.

Law Enforcement Services

The Virginia Tech Police Department does not normally provide law enforcement services to the IALR. Day-to-day law enforcement services to the IALR are provided by the Danville Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have an MOU with the Danville Police since the Danville Police investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warnings/Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community.

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Danville Police Department, the Virginia State Police or the Director of the IALR. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Danville Police who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The IALR does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. However, the IALR center has a strong commitment to providing a safe and secure environment wherein associates can, should and do report items of concern to leaders of the organization, board members and community law enforcement officials.

Emergency Response and Evacuation

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the Danville IALR. Immediate/emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of satellite campus communities will be provided when information is received, either from the Director at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Director of the satellite campus, the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. The Danville Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Executive Director or Senior Director could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Danville Police Department or authorized staff member at the IALR, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the IALR. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Danville Police, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the IALR include the Danville Police, Virginia State Police, the Danville Fire Department and the Danville Life Saving Crew.

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the IALR and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the “Alert” process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>. For the Danville IALR, the Executive Director or Senior Director makes the decision to close or postpone classes in the event of a weather emergency. In the event of a closure or scheduling change, the Director of Human Resources provides information about closings or delays to affected personnel by means of an email, website updates and local television and radio affiliates.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Danville Police Department at 434-799-6510 or 911 for an emergency.

The IALR strongly encourages survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics. The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women’s Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Cook Counseling Center will facilitate referrals. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making Timely Warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The Danville Police Department should be contacted to determine what types of classes are available. Any requests for programs that are not conducted by the Virginia Tech Police Department should be directed to the Danville Police Department.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Danville Police Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class. The Danville Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is available regarding area services for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority. For crimes that occur at the IALR, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Danville Police Department. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Danville Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the IALR.
- Go to the Danville Regional Medical Center. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test

may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.

- Seek counseling from the Danville / Pittsylvania Mental Health Services Board located at 245 Hairston Street, Danville Va. 24540 (434-799-0456) or a private counselor. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are Statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Danville Regional Medical Center for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. The Danville Regional Medical Center offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at the IALR. Many other options exist in the Danville area that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's. Danville - Pittsylvania community services provides local mental health counseling.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened at the IALR, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Danville Police Department. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal

charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Danville Regional Medical Center for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Women's Center	703-281-2657
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8am-5pm)
	540-231-6444 (5pm-8am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (located in Blacksburg)
VT HR Employee Assistance Program	866-725-0602
(Employees who are covered by the university's health insurance)	
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Danville Police Department	434-799-6510
	911 (emergency)
Danville Regional Medical Center	434-799-2100
Danville-Pittsylvania Community Services	434-799-0456
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771

Danville-Pittsylvania Community Services, created in 1972 by a joint resolution of Danville City Council and the Pittsylvania County Board of Supervisors, is the Community Services Board that provides mental health, intellectual disability, substance abuse, and prevention services to the citizens of Danville and Pittsylvania County. Today, Danville-Pittsylvania Community Services has grown to be a large employer in Southside Virginia, with more than 250 staff members and an annual operating budget in excess of 16 million dollars.

Report all crimes to the Danville Police Department.

Virginia Tech Danville Institute for Advanced Learning and Research Crime Statistics 2015

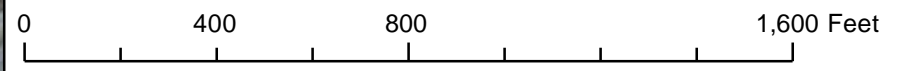
OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Danville Institute Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

150 Slayton Ave
Danville, VA



Hampton Roads Education Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Hampton Roads Education Center is obtained from the Director of the Facility and the Virginia Beach Police Department. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Virginia Beach Police Department or the Director of the Hampton Roads facility.

Information for this annual report is compiled from reports provided by Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Office of Student Conduct, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech Women's Center, and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns, leases or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property.

Campus Overview

The Hampton Roads Education Center is located at 1444 Diamond Springs Road in Virginia Beach, Virginia. The facility is shared with the University of Virginia's School of Continuing Education. The Center offers quality graduate and professional development programs to part-time adult students. The majority of the classes are held during the evening hours and on weekends. The Hampton Roads Education Center offers six unique degree programs and provides both traditional classes and Distance Learning classes to its students.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. The Hampton Roads Education Center is open to the public from 8:00am to 9:30pm and are secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. Administrators review security access and address issues related to lighting and other unsafe conditions on a routine basis. On site staff fix any problems noted.

Law Enforcement Services

The Virginia Tech Police Department does not normally provide law enforcement services to the Hampton Roads Education Center. Day-to-day law enforcement services to the Hampton Roads Education Center are provided by the Virginia Beach Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Virginia Beach Police since Virginia Beach Police investigate all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warning / Crime Alert Notices

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police

Department receives information either from the Virginia Beach Police Department, the Virginia State Police or the Director of the Hampton Roads Education Center. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* notices are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university for the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Virginia Beach Police who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Hampton Roads Education Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Response and Evacuation

The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Hampton Roads Education Center include the Virginia Beach Police Department, the Virginia State Police and the Virginia Beach Fire and EMS Department.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the "Alert" process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>

Emergency Preparedness

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be found on the "Be Hokie Ready" link from the Office of Emergency Management webpage <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. In an emergency it is important to remember three important things: **do not take unnecessary risks, there is no substitute for remaining calm, and always use common sense.**

Emergency Evacuation Procedures

Each university department or unit develops an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies. Evacuation planning is a part of each department's EAP. Once you have reviewed your evacuation and fire prevention plans with your employees, practice drills are recommended to ensure that the employees are prepared for emergencies. All drills must be coordinated with EHS in advance by calling (540) 231-9068 or email firesafe@vt.edu.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Virginia Beach Police Department at 757-385-2703 or 911 for an emergency. The Hampton Roads Education Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Just because a report is filed with the police department does not mean that criminal charges have to be filed. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a *Timely Warning* report and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Safety and Security Programs

The Virginia Tech Police Department has community outreach and residence life officers that provide educational programming and other crime prevention functions to the university community. The Virginia Tech Police Department has community outreach and residence life officers that provide educational programming and other crime prevention functions to the university community. Educational programs located on the Blacksburg campus include Student Police Academy, Alcohol Awareness, Bicycle Safety, Drug Awareness, Operation ID, Personal and Property Safety (basic crime prevention and personal safety), Rape Aggression Defense and Women's Awareness and Safety. All programs are available to faculty, staff and students upon request or if a need becomes apparent.

Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The Virginia Beach Police Department should be contacted to determine what types of

classes are available. Any requests for programs that are not conducted by the Virginia Tech Police Department should be directed to the Virginia Beach Police Department.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Virginia Beach Police Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police, officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is available regarding area services for general counseling, medical attention, visa and immigration, emergency housing or financial assistance. For crimes that occur in Virginia Beach, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Virginia Beach Police Department or other law enforcement agency depending on the jurisdiction in which it occurred. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Virginia Beach Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the Sentara Bayside Hospital in Virginia Beach. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial

proceedings if you decide to prosecute.

- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from a local women's center or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member. (See Counseling)
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges (See Judicial Options).
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Sentara Bayside Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at the Hampton Roads Education Center. Many other options exist in Virginia Beach and Hampton that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Virginia Beach Police Department. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Sentara Bayside Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case.

Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Director of Hampton Roads Melissa Lubin	804-662-7288, ext. 215
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8am –5pm)
	540-231-6444 (5pm –8am))
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	911 (emergency, on campus)
	540-231-6411 (non-emergency)
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Cranwell International Center	540-231-6527
Virginia Beach Police Department	911 (emergency)
(3rd Precinct)	757-385-2703 (non-emergency)
Sentara Bayside Hospital	757-363-6137
VA Family Violence & Sexual Assault	757-622-4300
(hotline)	
Coordinator for the Hampton Roads Center	757-552-1880
	(ext. 14)
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

Virginia Tech Hampton Roads Education Center Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Hampton Roads Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Hampton Roads AREC



Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus.

Crime information for the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center is obtained from the Director of the Facility and the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report should report them to the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office or the Director of the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center.

Campus Overview

The Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center is located at Morven Park in Leesburg, VA. It is the Northern Virginia campus of the Virginia-Maryland Regional College of Veterinary Medicine. Opened in 1984, the Equine Medical Center serves as a referral hospital for equine patients. The Center consists of a main hospital facility, an isolation facility, a research lab and a treadmill building. The Center's staff of healthcare professionals includes board certified veterinarians in anesthesia, internal medicine, and surgery, veterinarians in residency and internship training programs, certified veterinary technicians, and professional staff providing nursing care, laboratory services, medical imaging, and intensive care services. Veterinary services are provided on an outpatient basis by appointment. Emergency and critical services are available 24 hours daily, every day of the year. The Center offers educational opportunities to fourth-year veterinary students, as well as residency training programs, graduate studies programs, rotating internships, and continuing education programs.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public during operating hours and are generally secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. Visitors to the Marion DuPont Equine Medical Center enter either at the front desk to the administrative offices or the emergency room area. The receptionist at the front desk signs in visitors. The main facility is locked after normal business hours; however, due to the nature of the services offered, the emergency entrance is open to receive patients 24 hours a day. Administrators review security access and address issues related to lighting and other unsafe conditions on a routine basis. On site staff fix any problems noted.

Law Enforcement Services

Day to day law enforcement services to the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center are provided by the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office since the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warning/Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office, the Virginia

State Police or the Director of the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* notices are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the University upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Loudon County Sheriff's Office who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about Reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Response and Preparedness

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the National Capital Region, including the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center. Immediate/emergency notifications to members of satellite campus communities will be provided when information is received, either from the Director at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Director of the satellite campus, the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations.

The Loudoun County Sheriff's Office is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Director or designee could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office or authorized staff member at the Marion DuPont Equine Medical Center, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the Marion DuPont Equine Medical Center. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center include the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office, Virginia State Police, and the Loudoun County Fire and EMS Department.

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the "Alert" process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>.

Emergency Preparedness

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be found on the "Be Hokie Ready" link from the Office of Emergency Management webpage <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. In an emergency it is important to remember three important things: **do not take unnecessary risks, there is no substitute for remaining calm, and always use common sense.**

Virginia Tech will notify the university community of its emergency notification protocols, emergency response and evacuation procedures via email, in conjunction with at least one drill or exercise each calendar year. Information related to emergency notifications and emergency guidelines can be found at <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. Information related to evacuation procedures can be found at <http://www.ehss.vt.edu>.

Emergency Evacuation Procedures

Each university department or unit develops an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies. Evacuation planning is a part of each department's EAP. Once you have reviewed your evacuation and fire prevention plans with your employees, practice drills are recommended to ensure that the employees are prepared for emergencies. All drills must be coordinated with EHS in advance by calling (540) 231-9068 or email firesafe@vt.edu.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office at 703-777-0407 or 911 for an emergency. The Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking

Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The Loudoun County Sheriff's Office should be contacted to determine what types of classes are available. Any requests for programs that are not conducted by the Virginia Tech Police Department should be directed to the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office. There has not been any crime prevention programs conducted during the previous three years.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Loudoun County Sheriff's Office investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Sexual Assault is a crime punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The University Judicial System administered through the Office of Student Conduct adjudicates, at the request of

the survivor, all cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is available at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. For crimes that occur in Leesburg, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office or other law enforcement agency depending on the jurisdiction in which it occurred. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Loudoun County Sheriff's Office should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the INOVA Loudoun Hospital in Ashburn. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.

- Seek counseling from Loudoun Abused Women's Shelter (LAWS) Sexual Assault Services, the Virginia Family Violence & Sexual Assault Center or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member. (See Counseling)
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges (See Judicial Options).
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the INOVA Loudoun Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. INOVA Loudoun Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at the Marion DuPont Scott Equine Center. Many other options exist in Leesburg and Loudoun County that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's. For services in Leesburg or Loudoun County, contact LAWS Sexual Assault Services or the Virginia Family Violence & Sexual Assault Center.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Loudoun County Sheriff's Office. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at INOVA Loudoun Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor.

The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Loudoun County Sheriff's Office	911 (emergency) 703-777-0407
INOVA Loudoun Hospital	(non-emergency) 703-858-6000 or 888-542-8477
(LAWS) Sexual Assault Services	703-777-6552 (24 hour hotline)
Loudoun County Survivor/Witness Services	703-777-0417
Virginia Family Violence & Sexual Assault	800-838-8238
Loudoun County Mental Health	703-771-5100
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8am--5pm)
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6444 (8pm—5am)
Shiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority	911(emergency) 540-382-4343 (non-emergency)
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (non-emergency)
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

Virginia Tech Marion DuPont Scott Equine Medical Center Crimes Statistics 2015

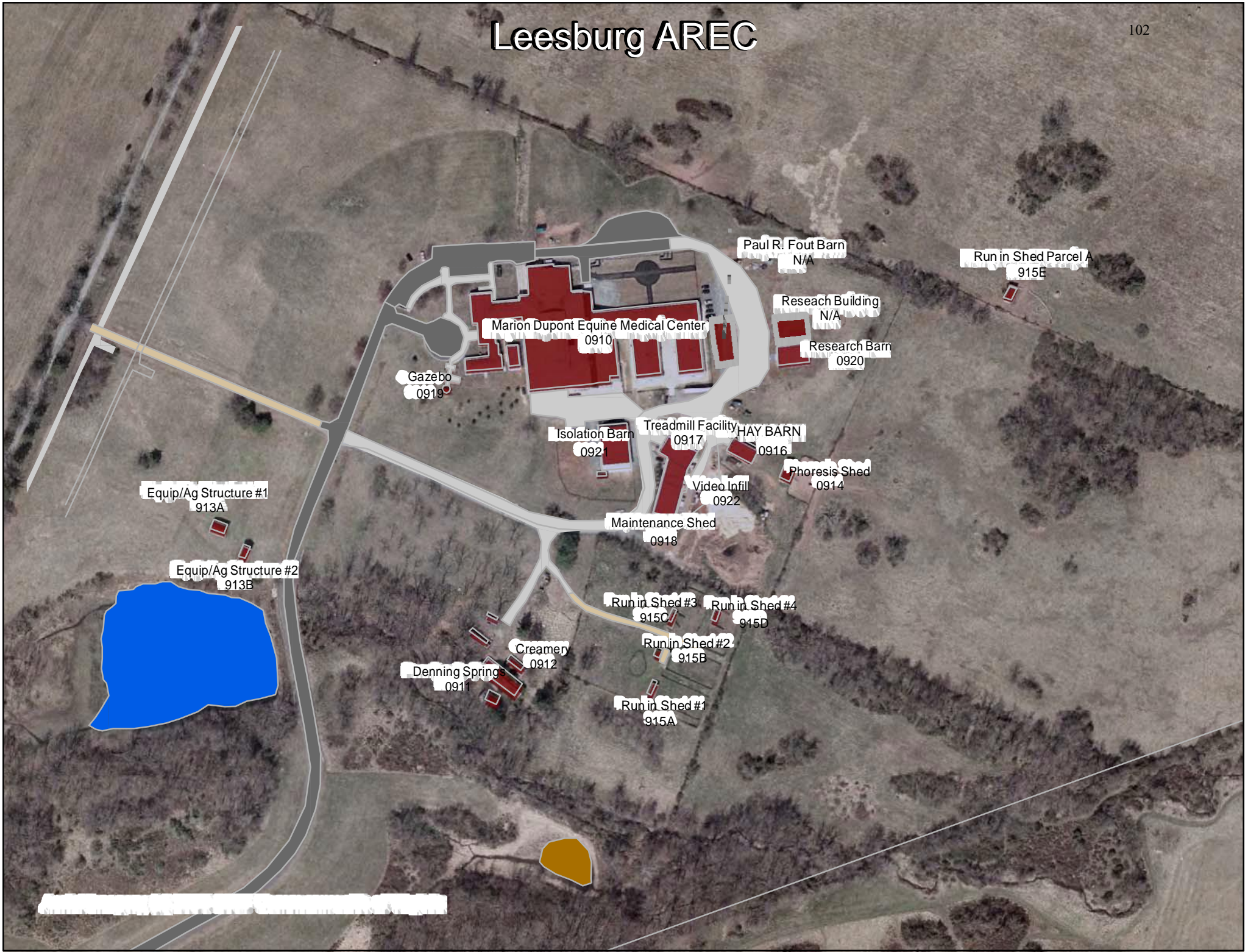
OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Marion DuPont Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Leesburg AREC



Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office or the Facilities Manager at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center.

Information for this annual report is compiled from reports provided by Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Office of Student Conduct, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech women's Center and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns, leases or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property. Information about crimes occurring on the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center was obtained from the Facilities Manager at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center and the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office.

Campus Overview

The Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center (MARE) is situated at the heart of Virginia's horse country and is one of Virginia Tech's 12 Agricultural Research and Extension Centers (ARECs). Philanthropist Paul Mellon donated the 420-acre farm to Virginia Tech in 1949 to foster research which improved pasture and animal productivity while enhancing the land. The center was used primarily for beef cattle research for 40 years, but was re-dedicated to equine research and teaching in 1992. Today, the MARE Center continues to play a critical role in the discovery, outreach and education missions of Virginia Tech's College of Agriculture and Life Sciences. Through collaboration with academic and industry partners around the world, the center advances the health and well-being of the horse through its innovative research efforts and exceptional educational programming in equine science. The Center provides an undergraduate student learning experience in equine sciences that serves as the cornerstone for its teaching program. The novel, cutting-edge educational experience immerses students in an environment filled with horses for an entire semester. Combining a strong scientific program with practical, hands-on training, the program prepares students as future leaders in the horse industry, academia, or the veterinary sciences.

As an innovator in equine science education and international leader in equine research, the MARE Center began offering unparalleled learning opportunities for undergraduate and graduate students in 2010 and continues high-quality outreach programs for adult and youth audiences. The Center is located at 5527 Sullivans Mill Road in Middleburg, Virginia. Housing for students is provided in an old farm house located on the property.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. All buildings on the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center campus are locked at all times. Academic and administrative buildings remain secure. Students who reside in the residences are provide keys that they use to access the residences.

Administrators review security access and address issues related to lighting and other unsafe conditions on a routine basis. On site staff fix any problems noted.

Law Enforcement Services

Day to day law enforcement services to the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center are provided by the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office since the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction. The Fauquier County Sheriff's Office does not notify Virginia Tech when students are involved in law violations nor do they submit student conduct referrals.

Timely Warning Notices / Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police or a designee, constitutes an ongoing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office, the Virginia State Police or the Facility Manager of the MARE Center. The clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website and may be posted on social media outlets. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Missing Persons

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing, he or she should *immediately* notify the Virginia Tech Police Department through the NRV Emergency Communications Authority at 540-382-4343 and the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office. The Fauquier County Sheriff's Office or the Virginia Tech Police Department will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation.

After investigating the missing person report, should the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office or the Virginia Tech Police Department determine that the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, the Virginia Tech Police Department will notify the student's emergency contact, or confidentially identified individual, no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, the Virginia Tech Police Department will notify the student's parent or legal guardian or any other designated contact person after the Virginia Tech Police Department has determined that the student has been missing for more than 24 hours. As per requirement of the law, the Virginia Tech Police Department will inform the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office of any missing student in order to

inform them that the Virginia Tech Police Department has conducted an initial investigation and has determined that a student is missing. This notification will be made no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

In addition to registering an emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing have the option to identify, confidentially, an individual to be contacted by Virginia Tech in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. Students who wish to identify a confidential contact can do so through the Hokie Spa web site. This confidential contact information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement and it will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Response and Preparedness

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the National Capital Region, including the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center. Immediate/emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of a satellite campus community will be provided when information is received, either from the designated individual at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will normally be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department. Emergency notifications may be issued locally, using other means by the Facility Manager of the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center or his designee. These methods may include direct communication to the campus using email or website notices. Members of the National Capital Region are also encouraged to sign up for Capitalerts, an alert system not affiliated with Virginia Tech, but available in the Washington area. Information about Capitalerts can be found at: <http://capitalert.gov/>.

The Fauquier County Sheriff's Office is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Facility Manager or designee can also be in a position to confirm an emergency in or surrounding their facility. The Office of

University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the VT Alerts system which can send an alert to subscribers; notifying the campus community of threats that have occurred that may necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. The university will typically provide follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert or to direct the community to other informational channels.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office or authorized staff member at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the appropriate segment(s) of the campus community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office or the designated Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center official, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. First responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center will typically include the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office, Virginia State Police, and the Middleburg Fire and EMS Department.

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, text messages, and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Students and employees have the option of signing up on VT Alerts to receive emergency messages related to the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center. Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the "Alert" process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>.

Emergency Preparedness

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be found on the "Be Hokie Ready" link from the Office of Emergency Management webpage <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. In an emergency it is important to remember three important things: do not take unnecessary risks, there is no substitute for remaining calm, and always use common sense.

University departments are responsible for developing Emergency Action Plans (EAP) and Continuity of Operations Plans (COOP) for their staff and areas of responsibility. The University conducts numerous emergency response exercises each year, including table top exercises, functional exercises, drills and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution.

Virginia Tech will notify the university community of its emergency notification protocols, emergency response and evacuation procedures via email, in conjunction with at least one drill or exercise each calendar year. Information related to emergency notifications and emergency guidelines can be found at <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. Information related to evacuation procedures can be found at <http://www.ehss.vt.edu>.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office at 540-422-8600 or 911 for an emergency.

The Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Just because a report is filed with the police department does not mean that criminal charges have to be filed. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia

Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is available regarding area services for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Fauquier County Sheriff's Office should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the INOVA Loudoun Hospital in Alexandria. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from the Rape Survivors Hotline, the Battered Women's Shelter or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges.
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief.

The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.

- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the INOVA Loudoun Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. INOVA Loudoun Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have at least three counseling options that are free of charge. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These agencies frequently collaborate to provide services to survivors of sexual assault and these services are CONFIDENTIAL. The Rape Survivors Hotline is available 24 hours a day by calling 703-683-7273. Many other options exist which have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Fauquier County Sheriff's Office. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the INOVA Loudoun Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, or for other information, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Fauquier County Sheriff's Office	911(emergency) 540-422-8600 (non-emergency)
INOVA Alexandria Hospital	703-858-6000
Rape Survivors Hotline	703-683-7273 (24 hour hotline)
Department of Human Services	703-838-5030
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am – 5:00pm) 540-231-6444 (5:00pm – 8:00am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (non-emergency)
Dean of Students	540-23 1-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Facility Manager-Ryan Brooks	540-687-3521 ext. 24
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

Virginia Tech Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension Center Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Middleburg Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Virginia Tech Higher Education Opportunity Act Middleburg Campus Fire Safety Annual Compliance Report for 2015

Overview

The Middleburg residential facility is located at the Middleburg Agricultural Research and Extension (MARE) Center in Middleburg, Virginia. The facility, which belongs to the Virginia Tech Foundation, is located on a 420-acre farm and consists of 7 stand-alone ranch style houses (800/800A is a two story house with two separated living spaces). Each house includes a basement equipped with washer and dryer, a full bathroom and kitchen along with a dedicated front and backyard. Within the past four years renovation work, which included roof repair and replacement, interior repairs and replacement of electrical wiring, has been completed for all of the houses.

Middleburg Facility Fire Safety Equipment

The fire protection systems at the Middleburg Facility includes Portable Fire Extinguishers and Dual Duty Smoke Detectors:

- Individual houses are equipped with portable fire extinguishers.
- All houses are equipped with dual duty smoke detectors that also detect Carbon Monoxide.

All fire protection equipment is strictly maintained and tested in accordance with the Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code. The periodic maintenance and testing activities are conducted by contractors. In addition, a Fire and Life Safety inspection is conducted by the local Fire Official on a periodic basis. This inspection includes an audit of the fire protection equipment testing and maintenance activities and a fire code review of all apartment units and common areas. For more information on the fire safety systems that are present in each facility, see Table I.

Fire Safety Education, Training and Fire Drills

All current Middleburg Facility Residents have been provided information on the fire protection systems present in the subject buildings and evacuations procedures to be followed, and all future residents will be provided this information when their lease is initiated. Since the facility is classified as R-3 under the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, there are no requirements for conducting fire drills and no drills have been performed.

Specific Fire Prevention Related Policies and Programs

Based on the facility classification under the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, no special policies other than the policies listed below have been implemented:

- Policy 1005, [Health and Safety](#), affirms that faculty, staff and students must comply with university health and safety policies and programs, attend required training, report any identified safety or health hazard, and know their roles in an emergency.
- Policy 1010, [Policy on Smoking](#), prohibits smoking in all university properties owned and operated by Virginia Tech, including residence halls.

- Virginia Tech's [Fire and Life Safety Program](#) establishes requirements for the performance of periodic fire safety inspections of all university buildings, including residence halls; provides for periodic training for employees and students on basic fire safety; affirms conditions that must be maintained in all university properties to comply with the Virginia State Wide Fire Prevention Code; and, establishes requirements for the permitting, approval and inspection of hot work, use of open flames/burning, pyrotechnics and special effects, and temporary facilities, tents and stages.

Fire Statistics

The number and cause of each fire in the residential facility for each dwelling is summarized in Table 2. There were no fires or associated losses reported in the Middleburg Residential Facilities during the Calendar Years 2014 and 2015. There was one fire reported for the Calendar Year 2013.

Fire Reporting

If a fire has occurred, it should be reported to the local Police Department by calling 911 (emergency). It should also be reported to Jacob Grove, Virginia Tech MARE Center Superintendent at (540) 313- 5895.

Responding to a Fire

If a fire emergency occurs, while you are in the building, notify occupants by knocking on their doors and shouting "fire" as you exit the building. Do not jeopardize your own safety to do this. If you are in your room with the door closed and an alarm activates, feel your door. If cool, open and leave immediately. If the door is hot, do not open, place towels at the base of the door, and open the window from the top. Exit through the window, if safe to do so. Do not reenter the building until the fire department says it is safe to do so. If you are unable to leave your room, place towels under the door to prevent smoke from entering. Call 911 and give them your exact location and as much information as possible. Remain calm.

Plans for Future improvement:

Virginia Tech will continue to work with the local Authorities to enhance and improve the existing building fire protection system capabilities as required by applicable codes, standards and best business practices.

Table I- Fire Protection Systems at the Middleburg Campus Residential Facilities

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring</i>	<i>Partial Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Full Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Smoke Detection</i>	<i>Fire Extinguishing Devices</i>	<i>Evacuation Plans & Signs</i>	<i>Number of Fire Drills each calendar year</i>
House 815 – 5566 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required
House 814 – 5558 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required
House 804 – 5511 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring</i>	<i>Partial Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Full Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Smoke Detection</i>	<i>Fire Extinguishing Devices</i>	<i>Evacuation Plans & Signs</i>	<i>Number of Fire Drills each calendar year</i>
House 820 – 5497 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required
House 818- 5364 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required
House 800-5414 Sullivans Mill Rd., ² Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required
House 800A-5414 Sullivans Mill Rd., ²				X	X	Not Required	Not Required
House 816-5615 Sullivans Mill Rd., ² Middleburg, VA 20117				X	X	Not Required	Not Required

¹Rebuilt and housing students

²Added student housing

Table 2 - Fire Statistics for the Middleburg Campus Residential Facilities for Calendar Year 2013, 2014, and 2015

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>	<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
House 815 – 5566 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	1	1	1/5/2013	Started in Kitchen Wall	Occupant left frying chicken unattended while using restroom upon return the wall behind the stove was in flames – grease fire.	0	0	\$85,000.00
House 814 – 5558 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
House 804 – 5511 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
House 820 – 5497 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
House 818- 5364 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>	<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
House 800 – 5414 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
House 800A – 5414 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
House 816 – 5615 Sullivans Mill Rd., Middleburg, VA 20117	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Middleburg AREC



Northern Virginia Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Northern Virginia Center (NVC) is obtained from the NVC Center Director, the Facilities Manager and the Fairfax County Police Department. Individuals, who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Fairfax County Police Department.

Campus Overview

At the Northern Virginia Center in Falls Church near Washington, DC, nearly two thousand students are currently pursuing Master's and Doctoral degrees and certificates of advanced study. The Center is located at 7054 Haycock Road, adjacent to the West Falls Church Metro Station and George Mason High School. Fifty full-time resident faculty and 30 staff support the Virginia Tech academic and administrative activities at the Northern Virginia Center. Most of the students at the center are working professionals from the corporate world, local and federal governments, non-profit organizations and other regional entities. Virginia Tech's Northern Virginia Center provides an excellent opportunity for students to increase their knowledge in their chosen professional fields.

Access to Campus Buildings

Access to the Northern Virginia Center is controlled by the property management company. All exterior doors, except the main entrance, are locked at all times. A security guard is stationed at the front desk to address visitors. Exterior key access is maintained by the management company and not by Virginia Tech. Virginia Tech does not have any responsibility for maintenance of the facility therefore has no policy related to security considerations.

Law Enforcement Services

The Virginia Tech Police Department does not normally provide law enforcement services to the NVC. Day-to-day law enforcement services to the Northern Virginia Center are provided by the Fairfax County Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Fairfax County Police since Fairfax County Police investigate all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Falls Church Police Department, the Fairfax County Police Department, the Virginia State Police or the Director of the Northern Virginia Center. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* notices are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Fairfax County Police Department or the Virginia State Police who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Northern Virginia Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Response and Evacuation

Emergency Notifications

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring on the campus. In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; classroom electronic message signs; posters; university website notices; campus loud speakers/sirens and desktop alerts. Protocols for emergency notifications, as outlined in the Emergency Notification Systems Protocols, are available at: <http://www.police.vt.edu/static/vt-ens-protocol.pdf>.

Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for all of the immediate notifications through Virginia Tech Alerts. However, they are able to sign up for Desktop Alerts and are encouraged to do so and can also check the University Website at <http://www.vt.edu> for updates during an emergency on campus. The Fairfax County Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. There are other departments on campus that could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department the Office of Emergency Management, the Vice President for Administrative Services have access to the systems to notify

the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

One of the listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Northern Virginia Center include the Fairfax County Police Department, the Virginia State Police, and the Fairfax County Fire and EMS Department. The Falls Church Police Department may also respond since the Center borders on their jurisdiction.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the “Alert” process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>.

Emergency Preparedness

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be found on the “Be Hokie Ready” link from the Office of Emergency Management webpage <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. In an emergency it is important to remember three important things: **do not take unnecessary risks, there is no substitute for remaining calm, and always use common sense.**

University departments are responsible for developing Emergency Action Plans (EAP) and Continuity of Operations Plans (COOP) for their staff and areas of responsibility. The University conducts numerous emergency response exercises each year, including table top exercises, functional exercises, drills and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution.

Virginia Tech will notify the university community of its emergency notification protocols, emergency response and evacuation procedures via email, in conjunction with at least one drill or exercise each calendar year. Information related to emergency notifications and emergency guidelines can be found at <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. Information related to evacuation procedures can be found at <http://www.ehss.vt.edu>.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Fairfax County Police Department at 703-691-2131 or 911 for an emergency.

The Northern Virginia Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Fairfax County Police Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense. Sexual Assault is a crime punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The University Judicial System administered through the Office of Student Conduct adjudicates, at the request of the survivor, all cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has

educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

For crimes that occur in Falls Church, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Falls Church Police Department or the Fairfax County Police Department depending on the jurisdiction in which it occurred. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Fairfax County Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the Northern Virginia Center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the INOVA Fairfax Hospital in Fairfax or the Arlington Hospital. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from the Center for Family Services located onsite at the Northern Virginia Center or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges.
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the INOVA Fairfax Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. INOVA Fairfax Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at the Northern Virginia Center. Many other options exist in Falls Church and Fairfax that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Fairfax County Police. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the INOVA Fairfax Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Women's Center	703-281-2657
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am – 5:00pm) 540-231-6444 (5:00pm – 8:00am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (located in Blacksburg)
VT HR Employee Assistance Program	866-725-0602
<u>(Employees who are covered by the university's health insurance)</u>	
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Fairfax County Police Department	703-691-2131 911 (emergency)
INOVA Fairfax Hospital ER Dept.	703-776-3111
NOVA Community Hospital, Arlington, VA	703-671-1200
Virginia Hospital Center, Arlington, VA	703-558-5000
Crisis Link Hotline	703-527-4077
Center for Family Services, VT/NVC	703-538-8470
Survivor's Assistance Network, 24 hour	703-360-7273 TTY: 703-435-1235
Fairfax County Alcohol & Drug	703-359-7040 TTY: 703-538-5292
Fairfax-Falls Church Mental Health Services	703-573-5679 TTY: 703-207-7737
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

Report all crimes to the Fairfax County Police.

Virginia Tech Northern Virginia Center Crime Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	1	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Northern Virginia Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Northern Virginia Center

125



7054 Haycock Rd
Falls Church, VA

0 100 200 400 Feet

Richmond Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Richmond Center is obtained from the Richmond Center Director and the Henrico County Police Department. Individuals, who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Director of the Richmond Center or the Henrico County Police Department.

Information about services and crimes for this report is obtained from Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Director of Virginia Tech Richmond Center and Office of Student Conduct. Statistics are also obtained from the Henrico County Police Department, which serves as the law enforcement authority where the Richmond Center is located.

Campus Overview

The Virginia Tech Richmond Center is a collaborative venture between the Universities Of Virginia and Virginia Tech, and is located 2810 N. Parham Road, in Richmond, Virginia. The Richmond Center consists of classrooms and administrative offices located on the third floor of the building. It is staffed by a Director, an Assistant Director and several faculty members.

Most of the students at the center are working professionals from the corporate world, local and federal governments, non-profit organizations and other regional entities. As employers seek to do more with less, upgraded proficiencies, often in newly developed knowledge, are vital to competing within the context of the technological revolution and today's increasingly global economy. Virginia Tech's Richmond Center provides an excellent opportunity for students to increase their knowledge in their chosen professional fields. Masters classes in Public Administration, Educational Leadership and Policy Studies, Information Technology, Business Administration and Engineering are offered. The Center hosts a number of other professional development courses for public and private organizations not affiliated with Virginia Tech.

Access to Campus Buildings

Access to the Virginia Tech Richmond Center is controlled by MVP LLC. Exterior doors are unlocked at 7:00am on business days and are secured by 10:00pm. Exterior key access is maintained by the management company and not by Virginia Tech. Security is provided by the management company from 3:00pm to 11:00pm Monday through Friday, on site. Virginia Tech does not have any responsibility for maintenance of the facility therefore has no policy related to security considerations.

Law Enforcement Services

The Virginia Tech Richmond Center receives its police services from the Henrico County Police Department. Henrico County Police respond to calls for service and assistance. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Henrico County Police, since Henrico County Police investigate all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warning Notices

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Henrico County Police Department, the Virginia State Police or the Director of the Richmond Center. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* notices are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university for the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Henrico County Police who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Virginia Tech Richmond Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Response and Evacuation

Emergency Notifications

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring on the campus. In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has

implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; classroom electronic message signs; posters; university website notices; campus loud speakers/sirens and desktop alerts. Protocols for emergency notifications, as outlined in the Emergency Notification Systems Protocols, are available at: <http://www.police.vt.edu/static/vt-ens-protocol.pdf>.

Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for all of the immediate notifications through Virginia Tech Alerts. However, they are able to sign up for Desktop Alerts and are encouraged to do so and can also check the University Website at <http://www.vt.edu> for updates during an emergency on campus. The Henrico County Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation at the Richmond Center that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. There are other departments on campus that could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department the Office of Emergency Management, the Vice President for Administrative Services have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

One of the listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Richmond Center include the Henrico County Police Department, the Virginia State Police and the Henrico County Fire and EMS Department.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the “Alert” process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>.

University departments are responsible for developing Emergency Action Plans (EAP) and Continuity of Operations Plans (COOP) for their staff and areas of responsibility. The University conducts numerous emergency response exercises each year, including table top exercises, functional exercises, drills and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Henrico County Police Department at 804-501-5000 or 911 for an emergency.

The Richmond Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. For crimes that occur in Richmond, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Richmond Police Department or the Henrico County Police Department depending on the jurisdiction in which it occurred. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Henrico County Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the Richmond Community Hospital. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from a counselor in your area. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges (See Judicial Options).
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Richmond Community Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. Richmond Community Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at the Richmond Center. Many other options exist in Richmond that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Henrico County Police. If the assault occurs anywhere other than the main campus in Blacksburg, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in notifying the proper authorities, if the student requests the assistance of these personnel. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Richmond Community Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action.

The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech.

For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Melissa Maybury Lubin, Director	804-662-7288
Kathy Ely, Assistant to the Director	804-662-7288
Henrico County Police	911 (emergency)
	804-501-5000 (non-emergency)
Richmond Community Hospital	804-225-1700
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Virginia Tech Women's Center	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am – 5:00pm)
	540-231-6444 (5:00pm – 8:00am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411
	(non- emergency)
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Chris Napoli (building manager)	804-640-5487
Chris Todd (building liaison)	703-932-5934
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

Virginia Tech Richmond Center Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

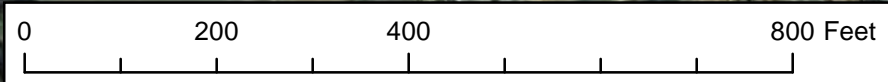
*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Richmond Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

VT Richmond Higher Education Center



2810 N Parham Rd
Richmond, VA



Roanoke Higher Education Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Roanoke Higher Education Center is obtained from the Director of the Facility and the Roanoke City Police Department. Individuals, who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Director of the Roanoke Center or the Roanoke City Police Department.

Information for this annual report is compiled from reports provided by Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Office of Student Conduct, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech Women's Center, and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns, leases or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property.

Campus Overview

The Roanoke Higher Education Center is unique in the number and kind of organizations collaborating to expand educational access. It is an incubator for innovative approaches to learning that include a mix of traditional classroom instruction, computer assisted instruction, and distance learning instruction that meet a wide variety of student learning styles and needs. The Center is located on the 7th floor of the Roanoke Higher Education Center at 108 N. Jefferson Street in downtown Roanoke. Courses are taught by visiting professors and through advanced interactive electronic delivery. The people of the Roanoke Valley, from high school age through retirement age, will be able to find programs that will give them a career start, a career boost, or a change in career direction. Whether through short-term training or the more lengthy pursuit of an advanced degree, individuals will have an opportunity to broaden their knowledge, skills, and interests in ways that will enrich their lives and the overall quality of life in the region.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public during operating hours and are generally secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. The Roanoke Higher Education Center is open from 7:30am to 10:30pm Monday through Friday and from 7:00am to 6:00pm on Saturday's. The Center uses Sun States security to provide security on-site from 6:00am to 12:00am, Monday through Friday and from 6:00am to 8:00pm on Saturday. The security company monitors security features, access, lighting and report problems to the administration.

Law Enforcement Services

Day to day law enforcement services to the Roanoke Higher Education Center are provided by the Roanoke City Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Roanoke City Police Department since the Roanoke City Police Department investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Roanoke City Police Department, the Virginia State Police or the Director of the Roanoke Higher Education Center. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate the email system. The *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* notices are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website. Updates to the Virginia Tech community about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed via email.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Roanoke City Police Department who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Roanoke Higher Education Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the Roanoke Region, including the Roanoke Higher Education Center. Immediate/emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of satellite campus communities will be provided when information is received, either from the Director at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Director of the satellite campus, the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations.

The Roanoke City Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Director or designee could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the

authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Roanoke City Police Department or authorized staff member at the Roanoke Higher Education Center, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the Roanoke Higher Education Center. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Roanoke City Police Department, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the Roanoke Higher Education Center include the Roanoke City Police Department, Virginia State Police, and the Roanoke City Fire and EMS Department.

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Roanoke Higher Education Center and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the “Alert” process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>.

Emergency Preparedness

Emergency preparedness and information on what to do in an emergency can be found on the “Be Hokie Ready” link from the Office of Emergency Management webpage <http://www.emergency.vt.edu>. In an emergency it is important to remember three important things: **do not take unnecessary risks, there is no substitute for remaining calm, and always use common sense**. University departments are responsible for developing Emergency Action Plans (EAP) and Continuity of Operations Plans (COOP) for their staff and areas of responsibility. The University conducts numerous emergency response exercises each year, including table top exercises, functional exercises, drills and tests of the emergency notification systems on campus. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Roanoke City Police

Department at 540-853-2212 or 911 for an emergency. The Roanoke Higher Education Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The Roanoke City Police Department should be contacted to determine what types of classes are available. Any requests for programs that are not conducted by the Virginia Tech Police Department should be directed to the Roanoke City Police Department. There has not been any crime prevention programs conducted during the previous three years.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, medical attention, visa and immigration assistance, emergency housing or financial assistance. For crimes that occur in Roanoke, the Virginia Tech Police Department will

assist and refer the survivor to the Roanoke City Police Department or other law enforcement agency depending on the jurisdiction in which it occurred. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Roanoke City Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the Carilion Roanoke Community Hospital in Roanoke. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from Sexual Assault Response & Awareness (SARA), a local area women's center that offers a 24 hour hotline as well as counseling, or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member. (See Counseling)
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges (See Judicial Options).
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Carilion Roanoke Community Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. Carilion Roanoke Community Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible. Survivors may also wish to see their family doctor. Even if no symptoms are apparent, survivors are still strongly encouraged to seek medical attention.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have counseling options available. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These two options may not be practical for students at the Roanoke Higher Education Center. Many other options exist in Roanoke that may have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists.

Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's. The Women's Resource Center in Radford offers a 24-hour crisis line, individual and group counseling, and legal advocacy. These three agencies frequently collaborate to provide services to survivors of sexual assault and these services are CONFIDENTIAL. Many other options exist which have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Roanoke City Police. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Carilion Roanoke Community Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

Roanoke City Police Department	911 (emergency) 540-853-2212 (non-emergency)
Carilion Roanoke Community Hospital	540-985-8000
Sexual Assault Response/Awareness	540-345-7273
Jessica Call-Director of Facility Services	540-767-6005
Dr. Susan Short- Virginia Tech Director	540-767-6100
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am – 5:00pm) 540-231-6444 (5:00pm – 8:00am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Cranwell International Center	540-231-6527
NRV Emergency Communications Regional Authority	911 (emergency on campus)
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (non-emergency)
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438

Virginia Tech Roanoke Higher Education Center Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Sex Offenses, Forcible	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

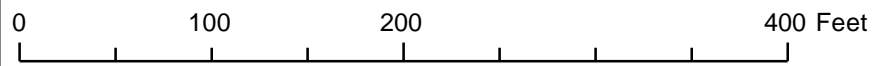
*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Roanoke Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

VT Roanoke Higher Education Center

108 N Jefferson St #701
Roanoke, VA



Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center is obtained from the Director of the Facility and the Abingdon Police Department. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report should report them to the Abingdon Police Department or the Director of the Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center.

Information for this annual report is compiled from reports provided by Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Office of Student Conduct, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech Women's Center, and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns, leases or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property.

Campus Overview

Chartered by the Virginia General Assembly to enhance economic growth and stability in our region, the Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center (SVHEC) is 89,000 square foot facility located on the Virginia Highlands Community College property at Partnership Circle in Abingdon, Virginia. SVHEC offers over 40 bachelor and master degree programs and undergraduate certificate programs in such disciplines as Business, Education, Engineering, Health and Human Service, Liberal Arts and General Studies. The Center is a collaborative effort between nine higher education institutions: Emory and Henry, Radford University, University of Virginia, University of Virginia at Wise, Virginia Commonwealth University, Old Dominion University, Virginia Intermont College and Virginia Highlands Community College.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public during operating hours and are generally secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. The facility is open Monday through Friday from 7:30a.m. - 10:00p.m., Saturdays from 8:00a.m - 5:00p.m. Visitors check in at the front desk and security cameras monitor public areas.

Law Enforcement Services

Day to day law enforcement services to the SVHEC are provided by the Abingdon Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Abingdon Police Department since the Abingdon Police Department investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction.

Virginia Tech has designed policies and regulations in order to create a safer and more harmonious environment for the members of its community. All campus community members and visitors of the university are required to obey these regulations. These policies not only reflect the university's high standards of conduct, but also local, state and federal laws. Observed and enforced, they create a high degree of safety for the university community.

Facilities and landscapes are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. The Director of the Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center campus is responsible for security considerations used in building maintenance.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon a first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Abingdon Police who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the Abingdon Region, including the Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center. Immediate/emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of satellite campus communities will be provided when information is received, either from the Director at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Director of the satellite campus, the Virginia Tech Police Department or University Relations. Faculty, staff and students are also encouraged to sign up for the Virginia Highlands Community College Alerts. Information related to the VHCC Alerts can be found at: <http://alert.vhcc.edu>.

The Abingdon Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Director or designee could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Abingdon Police Department or authorized staff member at the Southwest Higher Education Center, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the Southwest Higher Education Center. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Abingdon

Police Department, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the Southwest Higher Education Center include the Abingdon Police Department, Virginia State Police, and the Abingdon Fire and EMS Department. .

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alert system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, and text messages; and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Southwest Higher Education Center and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Abingdon Police Department at 276-628-3111 or 911 for an emergency.

The Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The Abingdon Police Department should be contacted to determine what types of classes are available. Any requests for programs that are not conducted by the Virginia Tech Police Department should be directed to the Abingdon Police Department. There has not been any crime prevention programs conducted during the previous three years.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Abingdon Police Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Once reported to the Police officers respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense. Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, visa and immigration assistance, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The NRV Emergency Communications Authority who will dispatch the Virginia Tech Police Department should be contacted for on-campus incidents and the local police should be contacted for off-campus incidents. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the Johnston Memorial Hospital in Abingdon. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of

HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.

- Seek counseling from a local women's center or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges.
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Johnston Memorial Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Abingdon Police. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Johnston Memorial Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Sources of Information and Assistance

Abingdon Police department	911 (emergency) 276-628-3111 (non-emergency)
Johnston Memorial Hospital	276-739-8010
Highland Community Center	276-628-9504
Abuse Alternatives	800-987-6499
SWVHEC Directors Office	276-619-4305
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am – 5:00pm) 540-231-6444 (5:00pm – 8:00am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	911 (emergency, on campus) 540-231-6411 (non-emergency)
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438
Cranwell International Center	540-231-6527

Virginia Tech Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia South West Virginia Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Southwest Virginia AREC

150

Family Dwelling
0740

Office Building
0743

Implement and Machinery Shed
0742

Granery Sheep Barn
0744 0745

Tobacco Barn
0746

Cattle Barn #5
0741

Tobacco Barn
0747

Tobacco Barn
0748

Steger Center for International Scholarship

Virginia Tech is committed to providing the members of the campus community and visitors with the safest and most secure environment possible, however, even the most extensive initiatives cannot succeed without the awareness and cooperation of the community members who work, study and live on campus. Crime information for the Steger Center is obtained from the Managing Director of the Facility and the Repubblica e Cantone TicinoDipartimento. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Managing Director of the Facility.

Campus Overview

Virginia Tech's 250-year old Villa Casa Maderni in Riva San Vitale, Switzerland has been beautifully restored and serves as a Center for International Scholarship (Steger Center) on Lake Lugano by the Italian border. The Villa has computers, an architecture studio, a small library, classrooms, and dormitory and dining (professional kitchen) rooms. Language instruction is offered by local professors, while other courses are taught by Virginia Tech faculty. A variety of semester and summer programs are scheduled to offer a learning experience that goes beyond the textbook and classroom to the people, museums, and cultures surrounding the site. Students and faculty live in the remodeled villa or in nearby apartments. All meals are served in the villa family style.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public from 7:30am to 7:00pm, Monday through Friday, during operating hours and are secured after operating hours and on the weekends. All students have a digital key to provide them access to the facility.

Law Enforcement Services

Day to day law enforcement services to the Steger Center are provided by the Repubblica e Cantone TicinoDipartimento. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Repubblica e Cantone TicinoDipartimento, since the Repubblica e Cantone TicinoDipartimento investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction. The Repubblica e Cantone TicinoDipartimento does not notify Virginia Tech when students are involved in law violations, nor do they submit student conduct referrals.

Timely Warning / Crime Alerts

Timely Warnings/ Crime Alerts will be provided to the community in the event of a reported crime, either on campus or off, that, in the judgment of the Chief of the Virginia Tech Police Department or a designee, constitutes an ongoing or continuing serious threat to the university community. *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* can only be issued if the Virginia Tech Police Department receives information either from the Polizia Cantonale or the Managing Director of the Steger Center. The Clery crimes for which *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* may be issued may include, but are not limited to, arson, homicide, burglary, robbery, sex offenses, aggravated assault and motor vehicle theft.

The *Timely Warnings / Crime Alerts* are generally written by the Chief of Police or a designee and they are typically distributed to the community via email to anyone who has a vt.edu email address by University Relations. However, because of the fact that the Steger Center is located in Switzerland, many if not all of the students do not utilize cellphones while at the Villa. Therefore, they might not be in the position to receive a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* via their vt.edu e-mail address in a timely manner. A *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* for the Steger Center will be distributed in the same manner as noted above in “Emergency Notifications”. That is, via the email list serve set up by the Managing Director, door to door notification, posting of flyers and a phone tree for the Steger Center facility and the area apartments. If someone from University Relations is unavailable, there are several administrators in the Virginia Tech Police Department who can initiate a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* for the Steger Center. The *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* notices are also posted on the Virginia Tech Police Department website. Updates to the Steger Center about any particular case resulting in a *Timely Warning / Crime Alert* will normally be distributed in the same fashion as noted above, that is email list serve set up by the Managing Director, door to door notification, posting of flyers and a phone tree for the Steger Center facility and the area apartments.

The internal process for providing warnings at the Riva Campus is by e-mail, phone or by immediately notifying by voice to the entire community. The community is reachable within a few minutes from the occurrence of the event. All faculty are provided a cell phone (operative worldwide) and can be reached immediately when traveling with students. The Steger Center maintains a listserv with all e-mail addresses of students and faculty in residency as well as some administrators at Virginia Tech. Students traveling on weekends or breaks can usually be contacted by e-mail or by phone (text or call). All students traveling overnight during the semester must fill out a travel form in order for the Steger Center to be able to contact them in case of any emergencies.

Missing Person Policy

If a member of the Steger Center community has reason to believe that a student who resides at the Villa is missing, he or she should *immediately* notify the Managing Director of the Steger Center. The Managing Director is responsible for notifying the Virginia Tech Police Department at 540-231-6411 and the Polizia Cantonale subsequently the United States Embassy. The Polizia Cantonale will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation.

After investigating the missing person report, should the Polizia Cantonale determine that the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, the Managing Director of the Steger Center, or designee, will immediately notify the Virginia Tech Police Department so that they may notify the student’s emergency contact, or confidentially identified individual, no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, the Virginia Tech Police Department will notify the student’s parent or legal guardian or any other designated contact person immediately after the Polizia Cantonale has determined that the student has been missing for more than 24 hours. As per requirement of the law, the Virginia Tech Police Department will inform the Blacksburg Police Department of any missing student in order to inform them that Polizia Cantonale has conducted an initial investigation and has determined that a student is missing. This notification will be made no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Steger Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Notifications

If an emergency notification is required to the Steger Center community, there are several methods available. These methods include an email list serve, door to door notification, posting of flyers and a phone tree for the Steger Center facility and the area apartments. These methods may be used singularly or in concert, as the situation warrants. If there is an emergency in the village a siren will sound telling residents to enter the streets and seek additional information from local police and first responders. Emergency notifications may be issued by the Managing Director of the Steger Center, or the Polizia Cantonale, or the Protezione Civile Officers. By means of select email distributions to select groups, University Relations and the Virginia Tech Police Department can send email notifications as needed.

The Polizia Cantonale is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Managing Director or designee could be in a position to confirm certain types of emergencies, such as a pandemic flu outbreak, etc. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the systems to notify the campus community of immediate threats that have occurred and necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Repubblica e Cantone Ticino Dipartimento or authorized staff member at the Steger Center, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the Villa. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate the notification system based on information received from the Polizia Cantonale, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a victim or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the Steger Center include the Repubblica e Cantone Ticino Dipartimento.

Emergency Evacuation Procedures

Each occupied residence hall is required to conduct a quarterly fire drill in compliance with the Virginia statewide fire code. Thus, the emergency response and evacuation procedures are tested at least twice each year and, for some of the buildings, four times a year. The purpose of the drills is to provide all staff practice in the event there is ever a real fire or other evacuation emergency. The drills prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in case of a fire or other emergency. Evacuation drills are used as a way to educate and train occupants on fire safety issues specific to their building. During the drill, occupants familiarize themselves with procedures and the location of exits and the sound of the fire alarm. Alarms and other components of the fire safety system are also checked to see that they are working properly.

Each university department or unit develops an Emergency Action Plan (EAP) that outlines the actions occupants in the building must take during emergencies. Evacuation planning is a part of each department's EAP. Once you have reviewed your evacuation and fire prevention plans with your employees, practice drills are recommended to ensure that the employees are prepared for emergencies.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance

Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Canton Ticino Police at: 117.

Students may also seek assistance through the US embassy/consulate. To view all option visit: http://travel.state.gov/travel/cis_pa_tw/cis/cis_1034.html#victim and scroll down to “Information for Victims of Crime” chapter.

The Steger Center Campus does not have any policies or procedures that allow victims or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a victim of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the victim refuses to press charges. This is the victim's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women’s Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Safety and Security Programs

The Virginia Tech Police Department has community outreach and residence life resource officers that provide educational programming and other crime prevention functions to the university community. Educational programs located on the Blacksburg campus include Student Police Academy, Alcohol Awareness, Bicycle Safety, Drug Awareness, Operation ID, Personal and Property Safety (basic crime prevention and personal safety), Rape Aggression Defense and Women's Awareness and Safety. All programs are available to faculty, staff and students upon request or if a need becomes apparent. While the Virginia Tech Police Department will present programming to the Steger Center, upon request.

Crime prevention programs for satellite campuses are supplemented by local law enforcement agencies. The administration of the Steger Center should be contacted to determine what types of classes are available. Any requests for programs will be forwarded by the administration at the Steger Center to the resource best suited to meet the request. There has not been any crime prevention programs conducted during the previous three years.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages victims to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the victim of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the victim of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class. RAD classes are not currently available at the Steger Center.

The Police Department's Victim/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of victims and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, visa and immigration assistance, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. Responsiveness to the needs of crime victims is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Cantonal police should be contacted for all incidents occurring in Switzerland. The Virginia Tech Police will assist the victim in contacting the correct law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the nearest hospital- if you are on the Virginia Tech campus in Riva San Vitale it will be the Ospedale Beata Vergine located in Mendrisio. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in

prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.

- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from a local Center UIR (designated by State law to assist sexual assault victims) is organized through any of the hospitals or a private counselor (information and contact of a counseling center is normally done with the assistance of the hospital and or by the Police). If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges (See Judicial Options).
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the victim request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, victims of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the nearest Hospital (Ospedale Beata Vergine if you are at the Steger Center) for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All victims, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. Female victims may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have at least three counseling options that are free of charge. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. The Women's Resource Center in Radford offers a 24-hour crisis line, individual and group counseling, and legal advocacy. These three agencies frequently collaborate to provide services to victims of sexual assault and these services are CONFIDENTIAL. These two options may not be practical for students at the Steger Center. Many other options exist which have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and victims should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the victim's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Cantonal Police (Ticino for the Campus of Riva San Vitale). Many victims believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the victim to be seen at the Ospedale Beata Vergine Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage victims to come forward. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the victim, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Additional information about criminal procedures in Switzerland is available at: <http://www4.ti.ch/di/pol/prevenzione/reati-sessuali/>. The victim should immediately contact the police at either 112 or 117. In case of sexual assault the victim has the RIGHT to be interrogated by a person of the same sex. The victim also has the right to be assisted by doctors and psychologist, and receive a juridical advice by a counseling center recognized by the Swiss authorities. If the victim does not feel like seeing the police first she should immediately see a physician (Hospital Mendrisio) and contact the Center UIR (Unità di Intervento Regionale) in Mendrisio at 0041-91-815-94 01 (office hours). Victims may also see the police in Mendrisio (only during office hours) and have them arrange a consultation through the UIR or go to the nearest Hospital open 24 hours a day/7 days a week to seek assistance through UIR.

Sex Offender Registry

Switzerland does not have a sex offender registry.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive. Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that victims can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a victim, or family and friends of a victim, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech. For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here (numbers marked as such * are as dialed in Switzerland).

Canton Ticino Police (Polizia Cantonle)*	117 (preferably, service available 24/7) 112 (general emergency, service available 24/7) +011 41 91 848 25 55 55
US to Switzerland	
Emergency Ambulance (in Ticino)*	144
Steger Center Managing Dir. Cell phone*	0041 79 208 46 36
VT Dean of Students	540-231-3787
VT Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411
VT Women's Center	540-231-7806
VT Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Cranwell International Center	540-231-6527
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Services	540-231-6557
VT The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
VT Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am - 5:00pm EST) 540-231-6444 (5:00pm - 8:00am EST)
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771 (8:00am - 5:00pm EST)
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438 (8:00am – 5:00pm EST)

What is Hokie Sentinel?

Hokie Sentinel is the rallying term used by Hokies to prepare and protect Hokies traveling abroad. It encompasses every effort expended across the Virginia Tech family to help Hokies understand the value of a global experience, and the seriousness of preparing for that experience, being vigilant while abroad, and protecting the reputation of Hokies around the globe by behaving in a way that epitomizes Virginia Tech's motto "Ut Prosim". (More information is accessible through Virginia Tech's main website)

Hokie Sentinel Quick Reference Emergency Contacts

VT Police (24/7 coverage)

540-231-6411

VT Global Safety & Risk Management (24/7 coverage)

Randy Penson

540-750-5747 rpenon@vt.edu

AXA Assistance (Cultural Insurance Services

International's contracted support team)

312-935-1703 (collect)

medassist-usa@axa-assistance.us

Virginia Tech Steger Center for International Scholarship Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Steger Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Virginia Tech Higher Education Opportunity Act Switzerland Campus – Steger Center Fire Safety Annual Compliance Report for 2015

Overview

The properties located on the Switzerland Campus of Virginia Tech (the Steger Center for International Scholarship, Steger Center) consist of Villa Maderni (an approximately 260 year old building), annexed renovated stables (used as classroom), new building featuring classrooms, multipurpose room, storage, mechanical room surrounded by a large garden. All of the properties listed belong to Virginia Tech Foundation. The main building was renovated in 1993- the construction-renovation work on the old stables area and the expansion were terminated in June 2014. In addition to the Villa Maderni, Steger Center also maintains rental contracts for apartments at the Piazza Grande 11 (notice given for February 2015) and substituted with apartment in via G. Motta 15 (apt. B), via Franscini 2, via Carlo Maderno 1, via Settala 7, and via G. Motta 15 (apt. A).

The 2014 new Steger Center buildings include classroom spaces, office spaces, a library, a housing facility with residential space for **32** students, dining facility (with a professional kitchen), storage, and a built-in independent apartment. The Fire Protection Equipment in the primary building was upgraded during the last renovation in 1993 in order to meet all applicable Swiss laws and regulations and in 2011 an additional upgrade included installation of a fire alarm system (with centralized smoke detectors) and fire rated doors. The fire rated doors project is still in-progress to adjust it to the new needs of renovation and expansion project and will be terminated by end of 2015.

Steger Center Housing Fire Safety Equipment

All the areas of the Steger Center are equipped with smoke detectors, fire extinguishers, fire hoses, and/or blankets in order to block the rapid spread of fire. All fire protection equipment is strictly maintained and tested in accordance with applicable Swiss laws. The electrical system is fully inspected and tested every 5 years and all devices operating with natural gas are inspected and maintained annually. There are no sprinkler systems but fire hoses, and a newly installed fire alarm system was added in 2011 and extended to the newly built and renovated spaces in June 2014. The fire alarms are sent directly to the local fire alarm station in Mendrisio/and Cantonal Police and the technical faults are detected immediately and reported to the Steger Center security designee. For a summary of fire protection systems present in each facility, see Table I. A lightning rod-discharge-grounding system was installed at the end of the renovation-expansion project in 2014 to fulfil the Swiss code requirement.

Fire Safety Education, Training and Fire Drills

All the Steger Center residents and non-residents (e.g. students and faculty who live in town and commute for classes and meals) receive comprehensive fire safety training at the beginning of each semester or, in the case of short-stay groups, during the summer semester at arrival. A mandatory fire drill is conducted during the training session at the beginning of each semester. All students are required to evacuate the building upon being notified that there is a fire. Steger

Center staff receive comprehensive safety training, which includes specific instructions on operating different fire safety equipment present in their area of work.

Specific Fire Prevention Related Policies and Programs

Based on the nature of the programs hosted at the Steger Center (small programs), the only policy that has been implemented is a No Smoking policy. Kitchen, Maintenance and Custodial Services Personnel monitor all of their designated areas for safety infractions. They report all identified hazards to the managing director, who is charged with taking appropriate corrective measures. Steger Center staff access student living quarters and all other areas of the building for general cleaning/maintenance on periodic basis and will report any identified hazards in those areas as well. Students and faculty are encouraged to discuss any special furnishing or decoration they may need for special projects with Steger Center administration. The yearly maintenance services to various Steger Center fire protection systems and equipment are also utilized in order to identify and correct additional deficiencies.

Statistical Report for Fire Response to the Steger Center

The fire response statistics for Steger Center are summarized in the following table.

Fire Statistics

The number and cause of each fire in the residential facility for each dwelling is summarized in Table 2. There were no fires or fire losses reported at any of the Steger Center Campus Facilities during Calendar Years 2013, 2014 and 2015.

Fire Reporting

If a fire has occurred at the Steger Center or in any of the apartments, it should be reported to Daniela Doninelli, Managing Director, Steger Center for International Scholarship at +41 79 208 46 36 or by email to daniela@vt.edu.

Responding to a Fire

If a fire alarm is received in the Steger Center, residents shall immediately exit all the buildings and gather at a predetermined location. The fire alarm central system will automatically notify the Cantonal police. The Cantonal police will then notify the fire department and the Steger Center Managing director or designee.

If a fire emergency occurs in the residence apartments leased by Virginia Tech, without a centralized fire alarm system, notify occupants by knocking on their doors and shouting “fire-fuoco (in Italian)” as you exit the building. Do not jeopardize your own safety to do this. Do not reenter the building until the fire department says it is safe to do so. If you are unable to leave your room, place towels under the door to prevent smoke from entering. Call 118 or call Steger Center Managing Director and give them your exact location and as much information as possible. Remain calm.

Plans for Future improvement

The Virginia Tech Foundation will continue to work with the local Authorities to enhance and improve the existing building fire protection system capabilities as required by applicable codes, standards and best business practices.

Table I - Fire Protection Systems at the Steger Center Campus Switzerland

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring</i>	<i>Partial Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Full Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Smoke Detection</i>	<i>Fire Extinguishing Devices</i>	<i>Evacuation Plans & Signs</i>	<i>Number of Fire Drills each calendar year</i>
Steger Center	X			X	X	Not Required	Not Required
APT. Piazza Grande 11 ¹				X	X ^{2,3}	Not Required	Not Required
APT. via Franscini 2				X	X ^{2,3}	Not Required	Not Required
APT. via Carlo Maderno 1				X	X ^{2,3}	Not Required	Not Required
APT. via Settala 7				X	X ^{2,3}	Not Required	Not Required
APT. via G. Motta 15 (apt. A)				X	X ^{2,3}	Not Required	Not Required
APT. Via G. Motta 15 (apt. B)				X	X ^{2,3}	Not Required	Not Required

¹ denotes occupied till February 2015, no longer rented

² denotes addition of fire extinguishers

³ denotes addition of fire blankets

Table 2 - Fire Statistics for the Steger Center Campus Switzerland for Calendar Years 2013, 2014, 2015

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>	<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
Steger Center	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
APT. Piazza Grande 11 ¹	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
APT. via Franscini 2	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
APT. via Carlo Maderno 1	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
APT. via Settala 7	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
APT. via G. Motta 15 (apt. A)	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
APT. via G. Motta 15 (apt. B)	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

¹ denotes occupied till February 2015, no longer rented

Steger Center-Switzerland



Saloni da parrucchieri Ilaria

TV Gerosa di Alberto Bazzuri

Farmacia Neuroni
Ufficio postale 6826
Riva San Vitale

Comune di Riva San vitale

Saloni da parrucchieri Doriana

Piazza Grande

Via Don Gottardo Zurini

Guisan

Borghese

Washington-Alexandria Campus

The Virginia Tech Police Department has been designated as the department responsible for compiling and publishing the university's annual security and fire safety report. This document is intended to serve as the annual security and fire safety report, as required by the Higher Education Opportunity Act and the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act. The purpose of the report is to provide information about security on campus to include: campus and community crime statistics, fire statistics and safety information, policy information, safety tips, resource phone numbers and a brief overview of the many services the university provides.

Information for this annual report is compiled from reports provided by Campus Security Authorities including, but not limited to, the Department of Human Resources, the Office of Student Conduct, the Dean of Students Office, the Virginia Tech Women's Center, and the Office of Residence Life. Statistics are also compiled from law enforcement agencies in jurisdictions that Virginia Tech owns, leases or controls property or those with jurisdiction on adjacent property. Information about crimes occurring on the Washington-Alexandria Campus was obtained from the Director of the Northern Capital Region and the Alexandria Police Department. Individuals who want to report crimes for inclusion in the Annual Security Report, or for the purpose of making timely warning reports, should report them to the Director of the Washington Alexandria Campus or the Alexandria Police Department.

Campus Overview

The Virginia Tech Washington-Alexandria Campus allows students from the Department of Architecture and related College disciplines to study in an urban area along with other architecture students and faculty in an international consortium of schools, all sharing concern for the design of the built environment. Located in Old Town Alexandria, Virginia, the Center has design studios, classrooms, a distance learning facility, offices, a library, exhibition spaces, and shops for the students and faculty of the consortium. The campus buildings are located at 1001 Prince Street, 1021 Prince Street, and 205 S. Patrick Street in Alexandria, Virginia. The University owns an apartment building adjacent to the Gallery at 207 S. Patrick Street, which creates an economical and convenient housing option for many students studying at the Center. The apartments give priority to students but are also available to visiting students and others. The apartments are managed by Bluestone Realty and have a resident manager on-site. The management company does not submit conduct referrals for students living at the Gallery Apartments. Since leases are managed through Bluestone Realty, student policies do not apply as they do at the on-campus housing in Blacksburg.

Alexandria is located next to Washington, D.C. with four Metro subway stations that connect visitors to all parts of the metropolitan area in minutes. Alexandria is within easy driving distance of most major East Coast cities via interstate highways.

Access to Campus Buildings

Security and access control design standards have been developed for new and renovated buildings owned by the university. Academic and administrative buildings are open to the public during operating hours and are generally secured after operating hours and during extended breaks. Both 1001 Prince Street and 1021 Prince Street are secured at all times and are accessible either by a key or key fob. Both the Gallery and the Gallery Apartments are accessible only to those authorized to use the facilities unless there is an exhibit in the Gallery. The Gallery is accessible by PIN number on a keypad. Administrators review security access and address issues related to lighting and other unsafe conditions on a routine basis. On site staff fix any problems noted.

Law Enforcement Services

Day to day law enforcement services to the Washington-Alexandria Campus are provided by the Alexandria Police Department. The Virginia Tech Police Department does not have a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the Alexandria Police Department since the Alexandria Police Department investigates all crimes within their jurisdiction. The Alexandria Police Department does not notify Virginia Tech when students are involved in law violations nor do they submit student conduct referrals.

Missing Persons

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing, he or she should immediately notify the Alexandria Police Department. Alexandria Police will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation.

After investigating the missing person report, should the Alexandria Police determine that the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, Alexandria Police will notify the student's emergency contact, or confidentially identified individual, no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, Alexandria Police can contact the Virginia Tech Police Department to notify the student's parent or legal guardian immediately after the Virginia Tech Police Department has determined that the student has been missing for more than 24 hours. As per requirement of the law, the Virginia Tech Police Department will inform the Blacksburg Police Department of any missing student in order to inform them that the Virginia Tech Police Department has conducted an initial investigation and has determined that a student is missing. This notification will be made no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

In addition to registering an emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing have the option to identify, confidentially, an individual to be contacted by Virginia Tech in the event the student is determined to be missing for more than 24 hours. Students who wish to identify a confidential contact can do so through the Hokie Spa web site. This confidential contact information will be accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement and it will not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation.

Controlled Substances

The university strictly prohibits the illegal use or possession of any controlled substance. The illegal use of controlled substances is incompatible with the goals of an academic community. Students found guilty of possessing, using, distributing, or selling controlled substances will face serious disciplinary action, which may include suspension and/or dismissal from the university upon the first offense. Violations of state law should be reported to the Alexandria Police Department who will take appropriate legal actions. For more comprehensive details, please refer to the University's Policy for a Drug Free University at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/1020.pdf>.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

The Washington-Alexandria Center does not have any pastoral or professional counselors, therefore, there are no policies encouraging counselors to inform persons about reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

Emergency Notifications

Regional VT Alerts are available for the National Capital Region, including the Washington Alexandria Campus. Immediate/emergency notifications using VT Alerts to members of a satellite campus community will be provided when information is received, either from the designated individual at the satellite campus or from the law enforcement agency responsible for services where the campus is located. VT Alerts will

normally be issued by the Virginia Tech Police Department. Emergency notifications may be issued locally, using other means by the Director of the Northern Capital Region or his designee. These methods may include direct communication to the campus using email or website notices. Members of the National Capital Region are also encouraged to sign up for Capitalerts, an alert system not affiliated with Virginia Tech, but available in the Washington area. Information about Capitalerts can be found at: <http://capitalert.gov/>.

The Alexandria Police Department is primarily responsible for confirming that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation on campus that could cause an immediate threat to the health and safety of the members of the campus community. The Director or designee can also be in a position to confirm an emergency in or surrounding their facility. The Office of University Relations, the Virginia Tech Police Department and/or Director of Emergency Management have access to the VT Alerts system which can send an alert to subscribers; notifying the campus community of threats that have occurred that may necessitate evacuation, shelter in place or other action on the part of students, employees, and campus visitors. These three departments have the authority to determine the appropriate segment or segments of the campus community that will receive alerts, to determine the content of the alert, and to initiate the notification system. The institution typically provides follow-up information to the community using the same systems that were used to send out the original alert.

Virginia Tech will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation, from the Alexandria Police Department or authorized staff member at the Washington-Alexandria Campus, of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or staff occurring at the Washington-Alexandria Campus. One of the three listed departments above will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and the message recipients in order to initiate the notification system based on information received from the Alexandria Police Department or the designated Washington-Alexandria campus official, unless issuing a notification will, in the professional judgment of first responders, compromise efforts to assist a survivor or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency. The typical first responders to an incident that causes an immediate threat to the health and safety of the Virginia Tech community at the Washington-Alexandria Campus will typically include the Alexandria Police Department, Virginia State Police, and the Alexandria Fire and EMS Department.

In accordance with the Higher Education Act of 1965 as amended and Section 23-9.2:11 of the Code of Virginia, the university has implemented a comprehensive communications system, VT Alerts, to provide prompt warning notifications and alerts of immediate threats to the health and safety of members of the campus community using a variety of methods. The VT Alerts system includes: email notices; phone, cellular phone, text messages, and university website notices. Parents and members of the larger community are not eligible to sign up for immediate notification through VT Alerts, but they can check the University Website at www.vt.edu for updates during an emergency at the Washington-Alexandria Campus and can sign up for desk top alerts by following the direction at: <http://www.alerts.vt.edu/desktop/alerts-desktop.html>.

Students and employees have the option of signing up on VT Alerts to receive emergency messages related to the Washington-Alexandria Campus. Annually, the Offices of University Relations and Human Resources provide communications to the university community regarding university procedures for authorized closings and receiving emergency alerts. Additional information about the "Alert" process can be found in the University Safety and Security Policy at: <http://www.policies.vt.edu/5615.pdf>.

Reporting a Crime or Getting Emergency Assistance Individuals are responsible for being aware of and complying with university policies/procedures, and applicable law. Employees and students are encouraged to accurately, voluntarily and promptly report crimes, emergencies, potential threats, or risks to the appropriate law enforcement agency or university office(s). Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Alexandria Police Department at 703-838-4444 or 911 for an emergency.

The Washington-Alexandria Campus does not have any policies or procedures that allow survivors or witnesses to report crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in the annual disclosure of crime statistics.

The Virginia Tech Police Department encourages everyone that is a survivor of crime to come forward and report to the police. However, on occasion and depending on the nature of the crime the survivor refuses to press charges. This is the survivor's option. Students also have the option of contacting other university resources on the main campus, such as the Virginia Tech Women's Center, Office of Student Conduct, Cook Counseling Center, Shiffert Health Center, or academic advisors who will assist with notifications, if desired. Crimes can also be reported to the Virginia Tech Police Department for the purpose of making a timely warning reports and the annual statistical disclosure.

Services and Prevention Information

All Virginia Tech students have access to services offered on the main campus regardless of the location of the extended campus where they are taking classes. Crime prevention, safety and security, sexual assault and other programs are available upon request.

Virginia Tech is committed to University Policy 1025 and the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), which among other things prohibits discrimination and discriminatory harassment, including sexual harassment and sexual violence in all of its forms, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual Assault is a crime that affects men and women punishable by both civil and criminal legal action. The Virginia Tech Police Department investigates all sexual assaults reported to the Police Department. Detectives are regularly on call and capable of responding immediately at any time. An on call list is updated and maintained for call out situations in the communications center. Once reported to the Police, detectives respond, investigate and make applicable criminal charges based on evidence collection and survivor / witness statements. The Virginia Tech Police Department works closely with other area law enforcement personnel and other university departments to ensure that appropriate support services are made available and utilized when necessary. The survivor of a sexual assault may also choose to file a report with Title IX or Deputy Title IX Coordinator, or the Department of Human Resources. The Office of Student Conduct adjudicates cases involving sex offenses in which the alleged perpetrator is a Virginia Tech Student. Virginia Tech also encourages survivors to prosecute alleged perpetrators to the fullest extent of the law. There are several avenues for assistance if a person becomes the survivor of a sex offense.

Survivors of sexual assault tend to feel a variety of conflicting emotions: rage, fear, depression, relief to have survived, numbness, and exhaustion, to name just a few. Two key points to remember are that the assault was not your fault and there is help available.

The Virginia Tech Police Department is available and ready to assist if needed. The Virginia Tech Police Department is a valuable resource for information. The department has educational literature available on prevention methods and procedures to follow if you should become the survivor of a sex offense. The department provides educational programs on women's awareness, personal safety and instructs Rape Aggression Defense (RAD) classes upon request. RAD classes are self-defense classes for women only and consist of awareness, safety tips and progresses into hands on attack simulations at the end of the class.

The Police Department's Survivor/Witness Assistance Program protects the rights of survivors and witness of crimes. Referral information is accessible at all times regarding area services available for general counseling, visa and immigration assistance, medical attention, emergency housing or financial assistance. For crimes that occur in Washington Alexandria, the Virginia Tech Police Department will assist and refer the survivor to the Alexandria Police Department. Responsiveness to the needs of crime survivors is a department priority.

If Sexual Assault Happens to You

- Contact the police for assistance and information or to report the incident. The Alexandria Police Department should be contacted for incidents occurring at the center. The Virginia Tech Police Department will assist the survivor in contacting law enforcement agency, if requested.
- Go to the INOVA Alexandria Hospital in Alexandria or the Mount Vernon Hospital. A qualified physician or nurse will examine you for injuries and collect physical evidence that could be used in judicial proceedings if you decide to prosecute.
- If possible, do not change your clothes, shower, eat or drink between the rape and the trip to the emergency room. Preserving evidence is critical and can assist in prosecution. Bring a change of clothes with you because the police will need the clothes you were wearing for evidence.
- Even if you do not wish to prosecute, it is important that you have a physical exam after the attack. Besides bruises or other physical injuries, the perpetrator might have passed on a sexually transmitted disease that requires treatment. An HIV/AIDS test may also ease your mind, although six months must elapse after an attack to accurately detect the presence of HIV, the virus that causes AIDS.
- Seek counseling from the Rape Survivors Hotline, the Battered Women's Shelter or a private counselor. All these services are free of charge (except private counseling) and CONFIDENTIAL. If you are not comfortable talking with a counselor, consider talking with a trusted friend or family member.
- Consider your judicial options if you have not done so already. Although there are statutes of limitation on criminal cases, they are often longer than you think. You also have the option of campus and civil charges.
- If the assault and its aftermath are interfering with your ability to complete your work or academic performance, talk with the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center, Women's Center at Virginia Tech, or the academic dean of your college about academic relief. The Dean of Students will also assist in changing academic and living situations after an alleged sexual assault incident, should the survivor request such assistance and such changes are reasonably available.
- Remember that it is never too late to deal with a sexual assault, and that you can heal from this significant trauma. People are ready and able to help you, but they can't if you don't ask.

Medical Care

As mentioned above, survivors of very recent assaults should go to the emergency room of the Mount Vernon Hospital or INOVA Alexandria Hospital for a physical exam and the collection of evidence. All survivors, past or present, should be seen by a qualified physician or nurse to check for sexually transmitted diseases, physical trauma, and possible pregnancy. INOVA Alexandria Hospital offers the services of Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners. Female survivors may prefer to see a female physician, and should request one if that will increase their comfort, though in the emergency room that may not always be possible.

Counseling Options

Students coping with a sexual assault have at least three counseling options that are free of charge. Two of those options are on-campus: The Women's Center at Virginia Tech and the Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center. The Women's Center at Virginia Tech offers short-term crisis counseling and sexual assault support groups. The Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center offers both short-term and long-term individual and group counseling. These agencies frequently collaborate to provide services to survivors of sexual assault and these services are CONFIDENTIAL. The Rape Survivors Hotline is available 24 hours a day by calling 703-683-7273. Many other options exist which have some cost associated with them, such as private therapists. Counseling is often crucial to the recovery process, and survivors should be encouraged to seek the assistance of qualified professionals, even if many years have elapsed since the assault. As always, the choice to seek counseling should be the survivor's.

Criminal

A police report must be generated before an investigation can begin and charges can be placed. If the assault happened on campus, it falls under the jurisdiction of the Alexandria Police Department. Many survivors believe that if they do not file criminal charges immediately, they lose that option. This may not be the case. There are statutes of limitation for filing criminal charges, but they are typically several years in duration. Certainly, it is best to go to the police as soon as possible after an assault, in order to preserve as much evidence as possible. The police will arrange for the survivor to be seen at the Mount Vernon Hospital or INOVA Fairfax Hospital for medical care and evidence collection. However, even if some time has elapsed, the police still encourage survivors to come forward. Criminal charges are prosecuted by the state of Virginia, not the individual survivor. A Commonwealth's Attorney will argue the case at no cost to the survivor. The survivor serves as the primary witness to the crime, and his or her testimony is crucial to the case. Criminal cases may take considerable time to proceed through the justice system. Typically, the press protects the identity of the survivor, although the identity of the accused perpetrator is not protected.

Important Phone Numbers

This section has attempted to offer an overview of sexual assault issues, and the available options on the Virginia Tech campus. No one publication can be entirely comprehensive.

Sexual assault is a complex issue; no two cases will have exactly the same results or the same course of action. The university therefore offers a variety of services so that survivors can get the assistance they most need. A good starting point for a survivor, or family and friends of a survivor, is with the Sexual Assault Education Coordinator who is based in The Women's Center at Virginia Tech.

For further explanation or elaboration of the information in this section, or for other information, contact the agencies whose numbers are listed here.

Alexandria Police Department	911 (emergency) 703-838-4444 (non- emergency)
INOVA Alexandria Hospital	703-504-3066
Mount Vernon Hospital	703-664-7111
Rape Survivors Hotline	703-683-7273 (24 hour hotline)
Department of Human Services	703-838-5030
The Women's Center at Virginia Tech	540-231-7806
Thomas E. Cook Counseling Center	540-231-6557 (8:00am – 5:00pm) 540-231-6444 (5:00pm– 8:00am)
Schiffert Health Services	540-231-6444
Virginia Tech Police Department	540-231-6411 (non- emergency)
Dean of Students	540-231-3787
Office of Student Conduct	540-231-3790
Office of Student Programs	540-231-6204
Student Legal Services	540-231-4720
Title IX Coordinator	540-231-8771
Office of Emergency Management	540-231-2438
Cranwell International Center	540-231-6527

Virginia Tech Washington-Alexandria Campus Crimes Statistics 2015

OFFENSE TYPE	On Campus			Non Campus			Public Property			Year Total			Residential			Unfounded		
	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015	2013	2014	2015
Murder & Non negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Manslaughter By Negligence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fondling	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aggravated Assault	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Liquor Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Violations Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drug Law Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Referred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal Weapons Possession Arrests	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Domestic Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0
Dating Violence**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0
Stalking**	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0	N/A	0	0

*No hate crimes were reported in 2013, 2014, or 2015.

*Hate crimes are criminal offenses committed against a person or property which is motivated in whole or in part by the offender's bias. Bias is a preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, ethnicity, disability, gender identity and national origin.

Note: Included in the Virginia Tech Washington Alexandria Center Crime Statistics Chart are the crimes required by the Clery Act that occurred on or within an institution's Clery Geography that have been reported to a Campus Security Authority.

Virginia Tech Higher Education Opportunity Act Alexandria Campus Fire Safety Annual Compliance Report for 2015

Overview

The Gallery Apartments in Alexandria, Virginia has 3 levels and includes 23 units that are connected by atrium space. The individual units contain an individual kitchen and bathroom. The building also provides common areas for the residents as well as laundry facilities. The property belongs to the Virginia Tech Foundation, and it includes an addition to the original building.

Gallery Apartments Fire Safety Equipment

The fire protection systems at the Gallery Apartments include Portable Fire Extinguishers, Dual Duty Smoke Detectors and a Partial Sprinkler and Alarm System as follows:

- All common areas of the Gallery Apartments are equipped with portable fire extinguishers.
- The addition, which includes the atrium and 9 apartments as well as the common area, is protected by a sprinkler and fire alarm system. No central monitoring of these systems is provided.
- All apartments are equipped with dual duty smoke detectors that also detect Carbon Monoxide, these were updated in 2015.

All fire protection equipment is strictly maintained and tested in accordance with the Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention Code. The periodic maintenance and testing activities are conducted by contractors. In addition, a Fire and Life Safety inspection is conducted by the local Fire Official on a periodic basis. This inspection includes an audit of the fire protection equipment testing and maintenance activities and a fire code review of all apartment units and common areas. For more information, see Table I.

Fire Safety Education, Training and Fire Drills

All current Gallery Apartment Residents have been provided information on the fire protection systems present in the subject building and evacuations procedures to be followed, and all future residents will be provided this information when their lease is initiated. Since the facility is classified as **R-2** under the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code but is not a university owned building, there are no requirements for conducting fire drills and no drills have been performed. A Resident who lives on the property in one of the 23 units is available to assist residents during emergency evacuations.

Specific Fire Prevention Related Policies and Programs

Based on the facility classification under the Virginia Uniform Statewide Building Code, no special policies other than a No Smoking policy have been implemented.

Fire Statistics

There were no fires or fire losses reported in the Gallery Apartments during Calendar Years 2013, 2014 or 2015. See Table 2.

Fire Reporting

If a fire has occurred, it should be reported to the local Police Department by calling 911 (emergency). It should also be reported to Greg Lawrence Property Manager, Capitol Property Management at (703) 707-6404.

Responding to a Fire

If a fire emergency occurs, while you are in the building, notify occupants by knocking on their doors and shouting “fire” as you exit the building. Do not jeopardize your own safety to do this. Do not reenter the building until the fire department says it is safe to do so. If you are unable to leave your room, place towels under the door to prevent smoke from entering. Call 911 and give them your exact location and as much information as possible. Remain calm.

Plans for Future improvement

The Virginia Tech Foundation will continue to work with the local Authorities to enhance and improve the existing building fire protection system capabilities as required by applicable codes, standards and best business practices.

Table 1 - Fire Protection Systems in the Alexandria Campus Residential Facility

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Onsite Fire Alarm Monitoring</i>	<i>Partial Sprinkler System (*)</i>	<i>Full Sprinkler System</i>	<i>Smoke Detection (**)</i>	<i>Fire Extinguishing Devices</i>	<i>Evacuation Plans & Signs</i>	<i>Number of Fire Drills each calendar year</i>
Gallery Apartments 207 S. Patrick Street		X		X	X	Not Required	Not Required

* The addition, which includes the atrium and 9 apartments as well as the common area, is protected by a sprinkler and fire alarm system. No central monitoring of these systems is provided.

** All apartments are equipped with dual duty smoke detectors that also detect Carbon Monoxide, these were updated in 2015.

Table 2 - Fire Statistics for the Alexandria Campus Residential Facility for Calendar Years 2013, 2014 and 2015

<i>Building Name</i>	<i>Total Fires in Each Building</i>	<i>Fire Number</i>	<i>Date/Time</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Cause of Fire</i>	<i>Number of Injuries that Required Treatment at a Medical Facility</i>	<i>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</i>	<i>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire (Dollars)</i>
Gallery Apartments 207 S. Patrick Street	0	0			N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Washington-Alexandria Architecture Center

175

1001 Prince St
Alexandria, VA

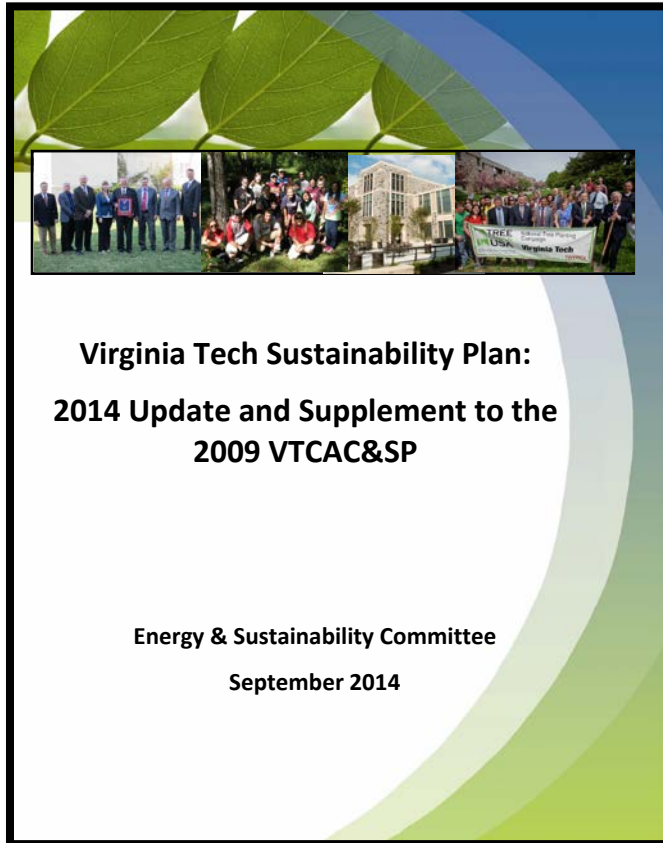
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Virginia Tech
2016
SUSTAINABILITY
Annual Report



Sustainability Annual Report per

Presidential Policy Memorandum No. 262 Rev 1
“Update to the VT Climate Action Commitment”

Key Points:

1. Statement of Virginia Tech’s Climate Action Commitment **specific to the university**
2. Action plan to **achieve the goals of commitment**
3. Action plan to **enhance** sustainability **programs & culture**
4. 2014 Update and Supplement embraces **AASHE STARS Program** as the management tool to track our progress

5-Year Energy Action Plan (FY2016-FY2021) Purpose:

- Achieve significant reductions in **utility cost**
- Comply with **state mandates** for energy use reduction
- Support Virginia Tech **Climate Action Commitment and Sustainability** plan

Plan Concentrates on **52 “Energy Hog”** buildings and **Seven Program Areas**:

- **Electric Demand**
- **Energy & Water Audits**
- **Retrofit Projects**
- **Re-Commissioning**
- **Metering Infrastructure**
- **Analytics Software Tools**
- **Plant Upgrades**





Energy Savings!

- Conversion of chilled water piping system at North Chiller Plant finished in May 2016 with **savings** \$295,000 per year.
- Installation of 22 chilled water meters at North Chiller Plant completed in April 2016 with **savings** \$40,000 per year.
- Installation of 15 new steam meters at Power Plant is underway with **potential savings** of \$55,000 per year.
- 32 energy audits completed of 10 identified “energy hog” buildings. Energy **saving opportunities** identified: Approximately \$1.5 million per year.

Virginia Tech's STARS Rating

- Past STARS Silver Rating was 63.30 points
- A STARS Gold Rating requires achieving 65 points
- Achieved a **GOLD Rating in fall 2014**

Bragging Rights

- In the **top 10%** of over **300** reporting universities
- The **highest score** by any university **in Virginia**
- Score is the **highest among universities in the ACC**



Virginia Tech
Score: 71.02

21 LEED registered projects (1,564,754 GSF):

- 13 projects are LEED Certified (6 Gold, 5 Silver, and 2 Certified)
- 1 project is completed and awaiting certification
- 2 projects are under construction
- 5 projects are in design



Indoor Athletic Training Facility
91,600 GSF



Goodwin Hall
154,935 GSF



Davidson Hall Chemistry Building Renovation
44,845 GSF



2016 SUSTAINABILITY EVENTS



Ytoss



Earth Week was planned at our Student Sustainability Forum!



SUSTAINABILITY PROGRAMS



17 Student Interns



Launch of Student Sustainability Forum



650+ Green Graduates Of Virginia Tech

3 Zero Waste Events



The purpose is to direct financial resources to ***Student Driven Sustainability Initiatives*** to promote sustainability at Virginia Tech.

- Since AY 2011 - **43 student proposals** totaling more than **\$460,000**
- For AY 2016 - **11 student proposals** totaling more than **\$137,560**
- Proposals are selected that **support the Climate Action Commitment**

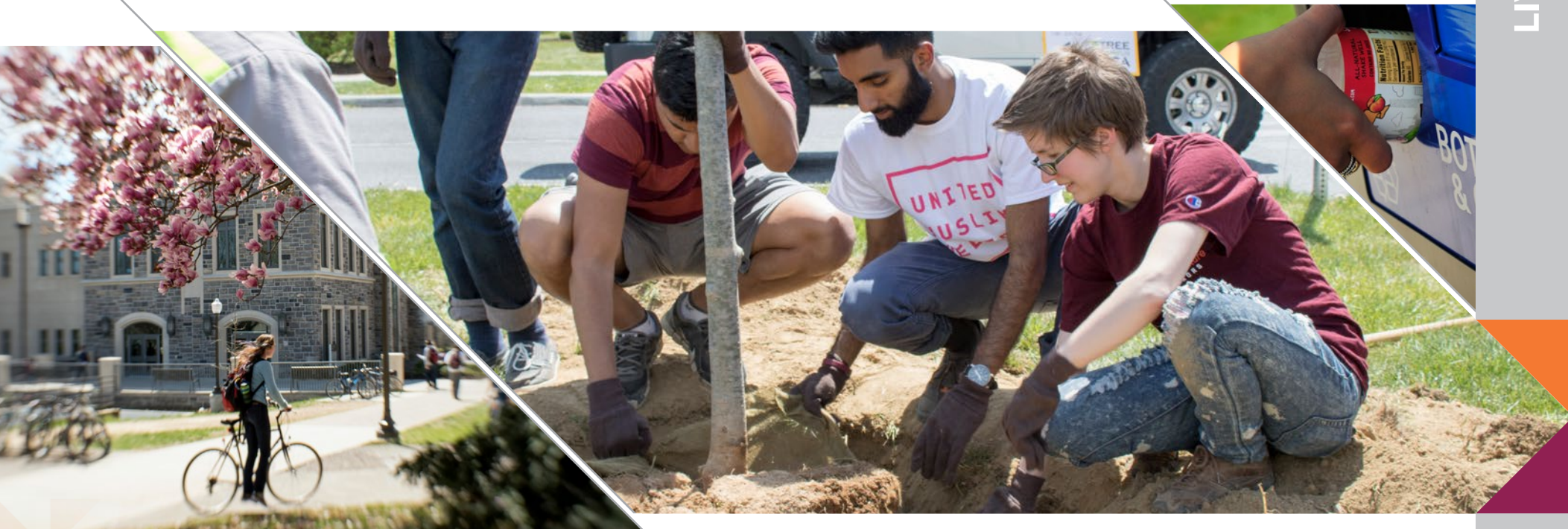


Ozzi Reusable-To-Go Machines



2015-16 Office of Sustainability Annual Report

LIVE ▾ LEARN ▾ WORK



Contents

Overview.....	3
Climate Action Commitment.....	4
Partners	5
Energy.....	6
Waste and Recycling.....	8
Sustainable Dining.....	10
Alternative Transportation.....	12
LEED Certifications.....	13
Sustainability Week.....	14
Sustainability Leaders and Earth Week.....	15
Green Request for Proposals Program.....	16
Energy and Sustainability Committee	18
Green Office Certification.....	20
Internship Program.....	21
Green Graduates	24
Awards and Certifications	27
Catawba Sustainability Center	28
Appendices.....	34

Virginia Tech does not discriminate against employees, students, or applicants on the basis of age, color, disability, gender, gender identity, gender expression, national origin, political affiliation, race, religion, sexual orientation, genetic information, or veteran status; or otherwise discriminate against employees or applicants who inquire about, discuss, or disclose their compensation or the compensation of other employees, or applicants; or any other basis protected by law.

For inquiries regarding non-discrimination policies, contact the Office of Equity and Access at 540-231-2010 or Virginia Tech, North End Center, Suite 2300 (0318), 300 Turner St. NW, Blacksburg, VA 24061.

OFFICE OF SUSTAINABILITY

Facilities Department
Division of Administrative Services

Steve Mouras
Director, Transportation Planning and Sustainability

Denny Cochrane
Sustainability Program Manager

Karlee Anne Siepierski
Campus Sustainability Planner

INTERNS

Laura Featherstone '16	Colette Julson '16
Ann Beverly Prideaux '17	Smita Sharma '16
Alex Flevarakis '17	Bridget Acland '17
Drew Miller '17	Meghan Hekl '16
Ben Pollins '17	Emily Fennell '16
Katie Ranger '16	Chloe Sikora '18
Morgan Altizer '17	Katie Palombo '16
Amy Gelb '17	Dyllan Taylor '16
Serena Emanuel '18	

ENERGY AND SUSTAINABILITY COMMITTEE

Sherwood Wilson	Staff Senate
M. Dwight Shelton	Katie Reaves
Chris Kiwus	David Mellichamp
Jason Soileau	
Frances Keene	Council of College Deans
Denny Cochrane	Richard Benson

Facilities Services

Ruben Avagyan
Steve Mouras

Graduate Student Assembly

Devita Mccullough-Amal
Allison Homer

Environmental Health and Safety Services

Rob Lowe

Student Government Association

Melvin Amos
Sam Gittelman
Guests
Emily Schosid
Katy Shepard
Rial Carver

Faculty Senate

Sean McGinnis
John Chermak
Tim Baird
Bruce Obenhaus



Overview

The Office of Sustainability (OofS) was established in accordance with the Virginia Tech Climate Action Commitment (VTCAC) and is responsible for monitoring energy usage, Green House Gas (GHG) emissions, overseeing the implementation of the VTCAC and the Sustainability Plan, coordinating programs for campus sustainability, and managing a campus wide student internship program.

Virginia Tech is a leader in campus sustainability. In 2009, the Virginia Tech Board of Visitors approved the first ever VTCAC. These documents guide the direction of the university by setting goals for the next 50 years to reduce Virginia Tech's environmental footprint.



Virginia Tech is rated by the Association for Advancement of Sustainability in Higher Education (AASHE) and their **Sustainability Tracking Assessment & Rating System (STARS)** yearly. In 2014, Virginia Tech scored a **Gold rating** with **71.02 points** for its efforts to promote campus sustainability.



Climate Action Commitment

Virginia Tech serves as a model community for a sustainable society. Sustainability is an integral part of the fabric of the university as it pursues enhanced economic stability and affordability, diversity and inclusion, environmental stewardship, expansion of knowledge, and education of future leaders.



- 1 A **Leader** in Campus **Sustainability**.
- 2 Represent VTCAC&SP in **Strategic Plan**.
- 3 Reduce **GHG emissions** to 80% below 1990 emission level by 2050.
- 4 Improve **energy efficiency**, reduce energy waste, replace high-carbon fuels, etc.
- 5 Maintain a sustainability office.
- 6 **LEED certification**
- 7 Electricity and heat efficiency
- 8 50 percent **recycle** rate by 2020.
- 9 a. Purchase or lease Energy Star equipment and maximize practicable recycled content paper
b. Consider a product's life cycle cost and impact when making purchasing decisions
- 10 **Engage students, faculty, and staff** to develop and implement innovative strategies for efficient and sustainable use of energy, water, and materials in all university-owned facilities.
- 11 **Transportation** energy efficiency through parking, fleet, and alternative transportation policies and practices.
- 12 Develop and implement innovative sustainability-related **academic programs** in instruction, research, and outreach
- 13 **Monitor energy use** and GHG emissions and change internal and external conditions, prepare an annual 'report card' showing progress towards targets
- 14 **Provide funding** to support sustainability programs.



Our Partners

To achieve the university's energy and sustainability goals, the Office of Sustainability works collaboratively with the following groups:

Departments

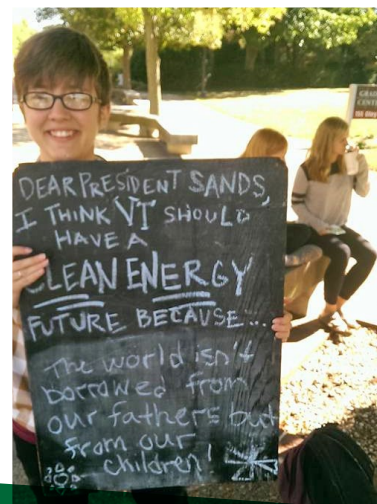
Alternative Transportation
College of Natural Resources and Environment
Sustainability Institute
Dining Services
YToss at Virginia Tech

Student Groups

Campus Kitchen
Environmental Coalition
Environmental Student Organization
Residence Hall Federation
Roots and Shoots
Students for Clean Energy
Student Government Association
Sustainable Food Corps

Community Groups

Sustainable Blacksburg
Town of Blacksburg





Energy

Demand Side Management

Demand Side Management promotes energy efficiency by upgrading, retrofitting, and commissioning mechanical, lighting, and electrical systems in the buildings. The Office of Energy Management launched a **Five Year Energy Action Plan** to address the energy efficiency improvements with 50 of the most energy intensive buildings.

On-Going Projects

- ▶ Combustion testing of boilers and furnaces
- ▶ Electric sub-metering of chiller plants
- ▶ Fume hood energy reduction program
- ▶ Greenhouse lighting technology improvements
- ▶ Thermal imaging of campus buildings
- ▶ Lighting bulb/fixture replacement
- ▶ Steam Trap Survey Program
- ▶ Thermal insulation on steam pipes, fittings, and equipment



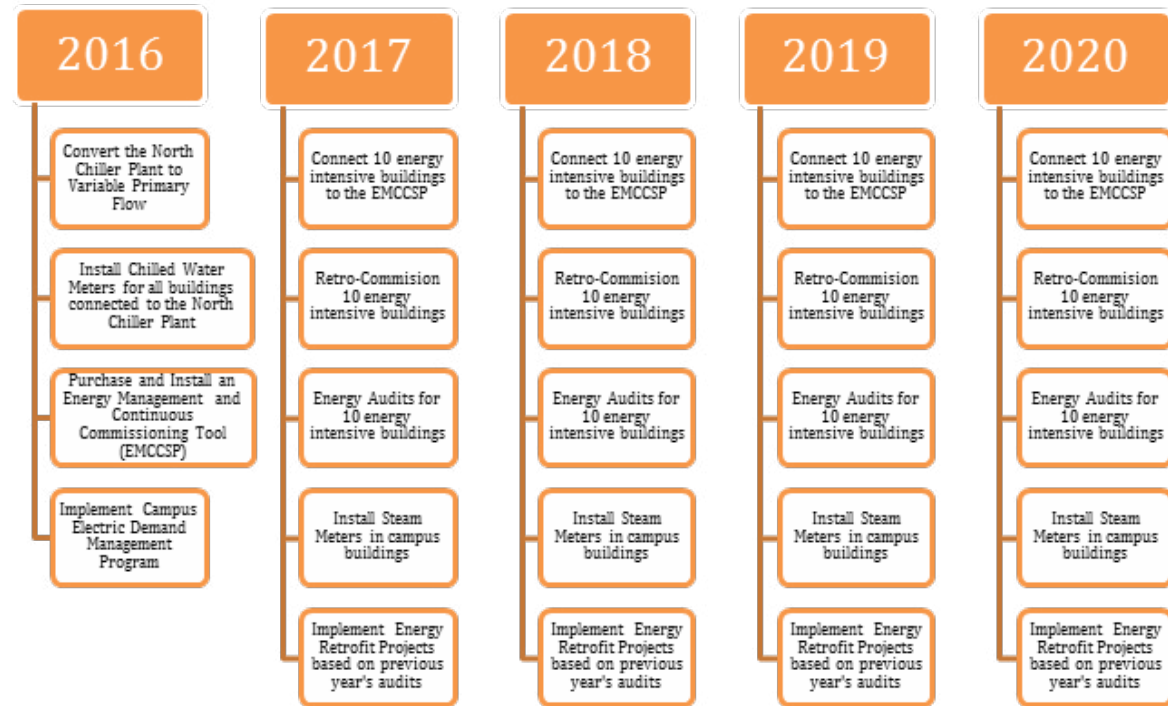
Energy Efficient Design

To establish university standards which go beyond the applicable VA Energy Code, the Facilities Department has added a section to Virginia Tech's "**Design and Construction Standards**" that speaks to "Guidelines for Energy Efficient Design."

The guide applies to all new construction and new addition and renovation projects and will over time make **significant advancements to energy reductions and savings.**



Five Year Energy Action Plan

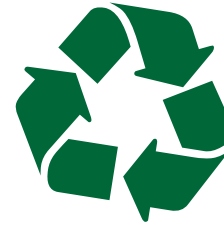


The Office of Energy Management recently conducted a benchmarking analysis of campus buildings which identified 50 energy intensive buildings. Representing only 35 percent of the university structures, these buildings account for over 70 percent of the main campus utility cost.

Following this study, a comprehensive **Five Year Energy Action Plan** was developed in collaboration with the Office of Budget and Financial Planning. The plan guides the facilities operations to achieve significant reduction in energy cost. The program will concentrate on 10 "energy hog" buildings per phase with a goal of completing all in five years. An **energy cost savings of approximately \$4.5 million** is estimated.



Waste Disposal, Composting, and Recycling



Zero Waste Events

- ▶ Staff Appreciation Day May, 2015: composted food waste 2,500lbs, recycling material 130lbs
- ▶ Welcome Back Kickoff Aug, 2015
- ▶ Hokie Picnic at Lane Stadium Aug 21, 2015
- ▶ 3.2 Run for Remembrance April 16, 2016
- ▶ Staff Appreciation Day May, 2016

Composting Feasibility Study

When the company that provided composting services for Virginia Tech went out of business in May 2015, the university reevaluated the program and determined that the most cost effective solution was for Virginia Tech to **continue using a third party organic waste management provider**. Key stakeholders on campus, including representatives from Facilities, Environmental Health and Safety, and Dining Services, participated in the reevaluation process.



Ytoss 2016

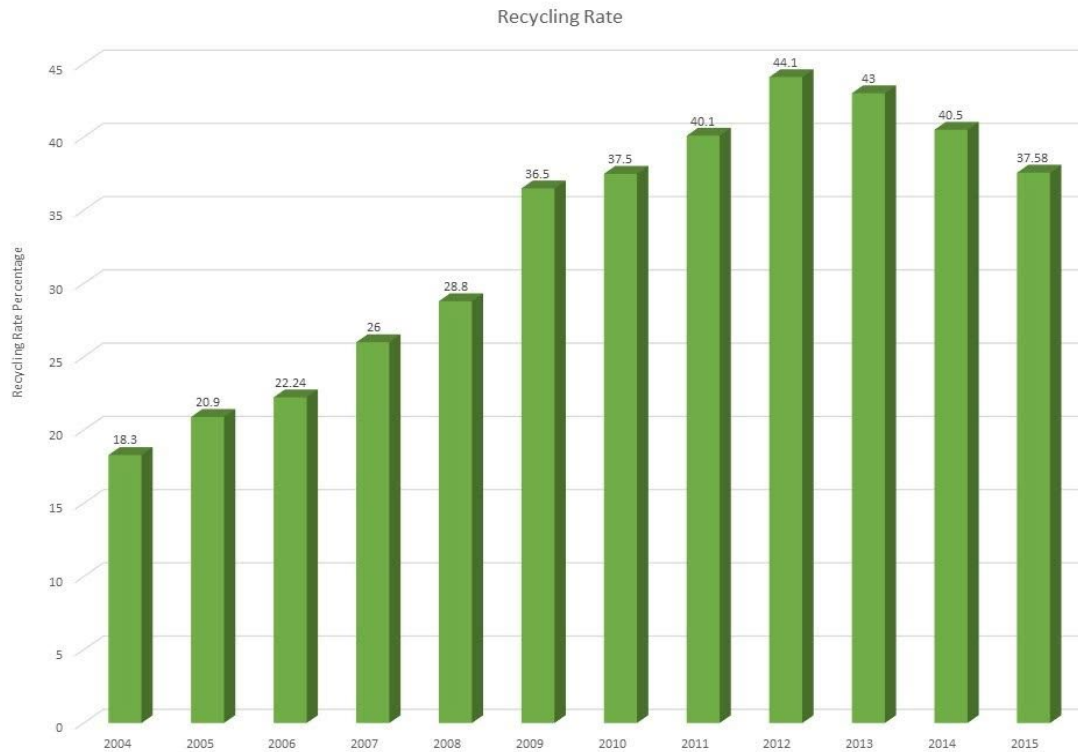


9.4 tons of used student furniture, appliances, etc. kept out of landfill.



Every year students volunteer to keep the program running!





Single Stream Recycling

Recycle these items together:

Newspapers,
Magazines,
and Mail

Cardboard
& Pizza
Boxes

Cereal
& Tissue
Boxes

Glass
Bottles
& Jars

Aluminum
& Metal
Cans

Plastic
Containers
#1-7 (lids on)

Keep Out:

Electronics,
Cords & Wires

Styrofoam

Plastic Bags
and Wrap

Food Waste

Batteries

Questions? See www.facilities.vt.edu/sustainability/recycle

Transition to Single Stream Recycling

Single Stream Recycling began the summer of **2015** for the Blacksburg campus. Standard Single Stream Signage (left) is being used on all single stream advertising on campus.

In addition to bottles, paper products can now be dropped into the Big Belly Solar Trash Compactors for recycling. Additionally, new Large Outdoor Recycling Containers (right) have been placed outside residence halls and new Indoor Single Stream Recycling Lids were replaced with the existing "Slim Jims" containers.



Sustainable Dining

The Farms and Fields Project in Owens Food Court offers a seasonal menu highlighting local, sustainable, and organic foods.



Dining Services Farm at Kentland

Beginning as a quarter acre herb plot in 2009, the Dining Services Farm at Kentland now produces about six acres each year. This joint program between Dining Services and the Department of Horticulture produces fruits, vegetables, and herbs that are used in Virginia Tech's dining halls. In 2015, the university harvested **48,000 pounds of produce.**



Reusable To-Go Container Program Expands to Two Additional Dining Centers

Sometimes, ordering food to-go happens.

Here are your options:

Reusable To-Go



\$3.50 Cash or
\$3.50 Flex w/discount
one time buy-in
unlimited uses with token

Compostable To-Go



\$0.20 Cash or
\$0.10 Flex w/discount
large 9x9 to-go
container only

At the start of the fall 2015 semester:

- ▶ 9,500 Reusable To-Go containers were distributed to on-campus residents. The Virginia Tech Student Government Association and Office of Housing and Residence Life shared the \$19,000 cost.
- ▶ 47,000 meals were served in Reusable To-Go containers during the fall 2015 semester.
- ▶ 340,000 fewer compostable to-go containers were used in the fall 2015 semester compared to spring 2015 semester.



Alternative Transportation

Bus, Bike, Walk, and Carshare

Alternative Transportation promotes and encourages the use of alternative modes of transportation (e.g., bicycling, walking, vanpooling, carpooling, riding transit) to get to, from, and around campus.



The **Hokie Bike Hub** serves as a bicycle maintenance and commuter education center. Cyclists have access to tools and resources for self-service bike repair. Cyclists can also attend bike-themed workshops and learn how to maintain and repair bikes. The Bike Hub has become the home of bicycling on campus and serves as a social space for cyclists to interact with and learn from one another.



Green Building: LEED Certifications

(Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design)



Goodwin Hall
LEED Gold 2015



Human and Agricultural
Biosciences Building
LEED Gold 2015



Indoor Athletic
Training Facility LEED Silver 2015

More LEED Registered and Certified Buildings at Virginia Tech

Henderson Hall Renovation and Theatre 101 Addition	Gold	2/1/10
Football Locker Room Addition	Silver	10/1/11
ICTAS II (Institute for Critical Technology and Applied Science)	Gold	11/1/11
Visitors and Undergraduate Admissions Center	Certified	8/1/12
Academic and Student Affairs Building (Lavery Hall)	Silver	4/1/13
Vet Med Instructional Addition	Silver	6/1/13
Ambler Johnston Hall	Gold	11/1/13
Chiller Plant, Phase I (Southwest Chiller Plant)	Silver	11/1/13
Center for the Arts (Moss Arts Center)	Gold	5/1/14
Renovate Davidson Hall	Certified	3/11/16

Virginia Tech also has a number of future LEED Certified buildings under design

Sustainability Week



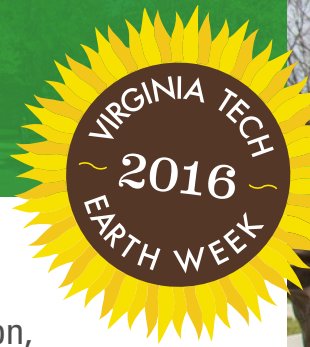
Sustainability Week is a **partnership between Virginia Tech, the Town of Blacksburg, and Sustainable Blacksburg** that highlights sustainability efforts in the town and on campus. More than a dozen events were scheduled the week of Sept. 14-18, 2015 to showcase the sustainable efforts happening on campus and in the community.

Some of the highlights include:

- ▶ “Caught Green Handed”—Volunteers traveled throughout the community catching people in the act of making more sustainable everyday choices such as biking to work, using a reusable coffee mug, or recycling.
- ▶ Active Commute Celebration—This event is hosted by the Office of Alternative Transportation and highlights information about Blacksburg Transit, the Virginia Tech Office of Sustainability, the Blacksburg Office of Sustainability, and many others.
- ▶ Tree Planting—Virginia Tech students, employees, and community members planted six native Oak trees along West Campus Drive.



Earth Week



With the mission to “build a more just and sustainable community through education, action, and appreciation for our world,” Virginia Tech’s annual Earth Week events are led by The Environmental Coalition at Virginia Tech, with support from nearly a dozen other groups, including:

- ▶ Virginia Tech Office of Sustainability
- ▶ Virginia Tech Students for Clean Energy
- ▶ Virginia Tech Environmental Student Organization
- ▶ Sustainable Food Corps
- ▶ Sustainable Dining at Virginia Tech
- ▶ Virginia Tech Office of Alternative Transportation
- ▶ YMCA at Virginia Tech
- ▶ Veg Club of Virginia Tech
- ▶ Blacksburg Farmers Market

Each day of Earth Week is themed around an important sustainability topic, like clean energy, waste and recycling, local food, social justice, and community. The particular events change each year, but the basic mission to take action for and celebrate a sustainable campus and beyond is carried through year to year.



Green Request for Proposals (RFP) Program

At a Glance

The Green Request for Proposals Program provides **university funds to student-generated sustainability projects**. This program solicits proposals from recognized student organizations that promote sustainability on campus. Proposals that are funded by the university support the Virginia Tech Climate Action Commitment and produce realizable savings.

Since 2010, 43 student proposals have been approved and **awarded more than \$435,000**. **The following projects were funded in 2014-15:**

- ▶ Water bottle refilling stations in residence halls and academic buildings
- ▶ LED street lamp upgrades
- ▶ OZZI machines for reusable to-go containers
- ▶ A Solar Charging Table in Pritchard Quad



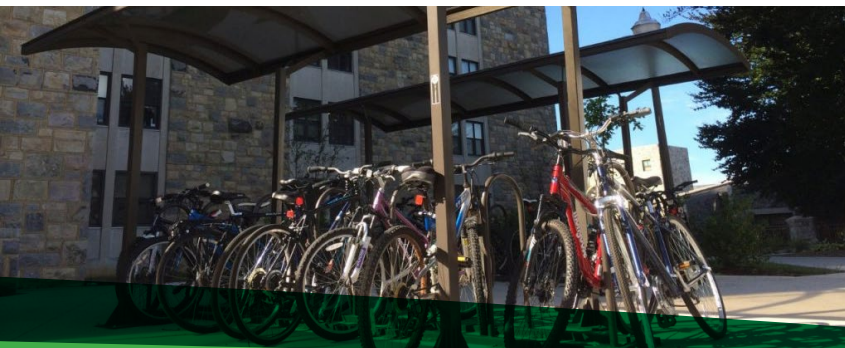
The following projects were funded and will be installed during the 2016-17 academic year:

- ▶ Additional LED street lamp upgrades-**\$23,800**
- ▶ Additional OZZI reusable to-go machines and Hokie Passport readers-**\$31,000**
- ▶ Indoor waste stations for academic buildings-**\$15,000**
- ▶ Shut-the-Sash fume hood stickers-**\$1,000**
- ▶ Bicycle parking hubs-**\$52,970**
- ▶ Rainwater catchment system for Urban Horticulture Center-**\$1,715**
- ▶ Water bottle refilling station in Smyth Hall-**\$3,500**
- ▶ Native trees for Sustainability Week (fall 2016)-**\$5,000**
- ▶ Bicycle fix-it stations-**\$2,800**
- ▶ Ytoss signage-**\$775**



Solar Charging Table

On April 13, 2016 (during Earth Week), Virginia Tech's first Solar Charging Table was unveiled. This table was proposed by Students for Clean Energy president Patrick Gallagher during the 2014-2015 RFP requests.



Energy and Sustainability Committee

Committee Purpose

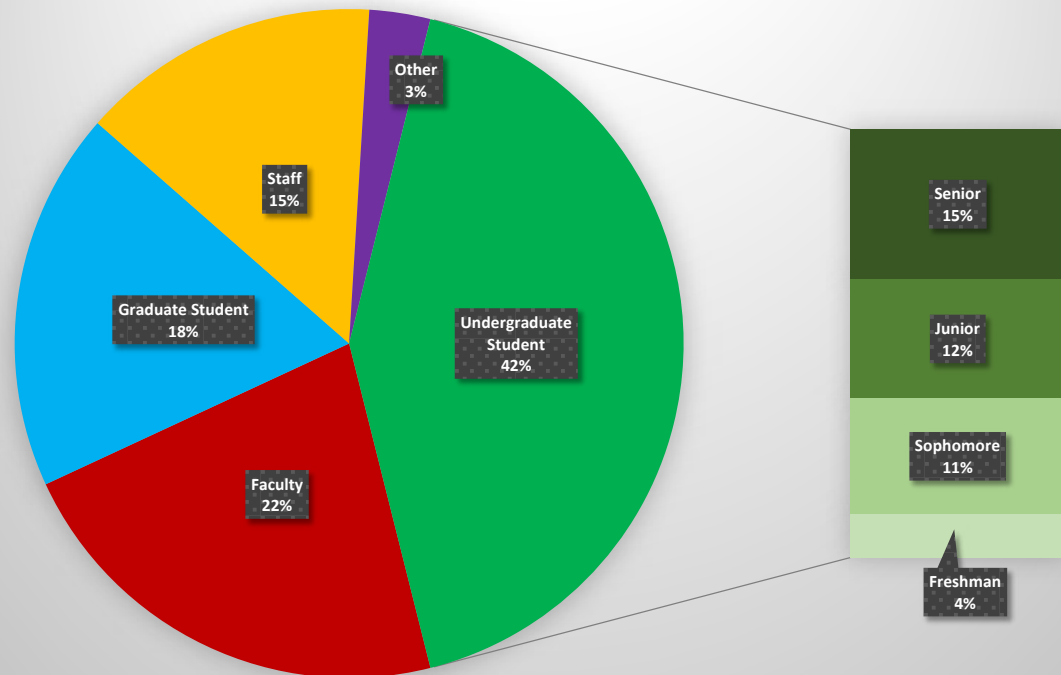
To review and advise the university administration regarding broad policy issues relating to energy usage, efficiency and conservation in particular, and with overall sustainability matters in general.

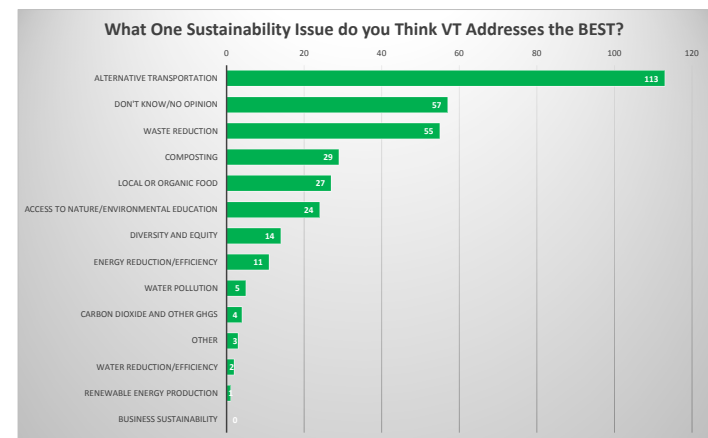
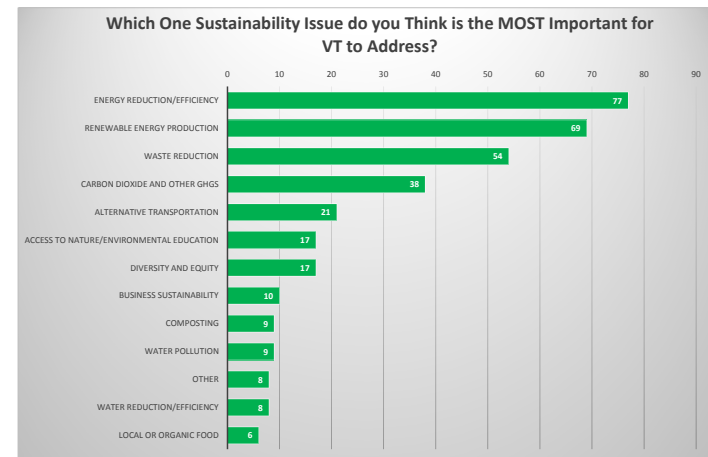
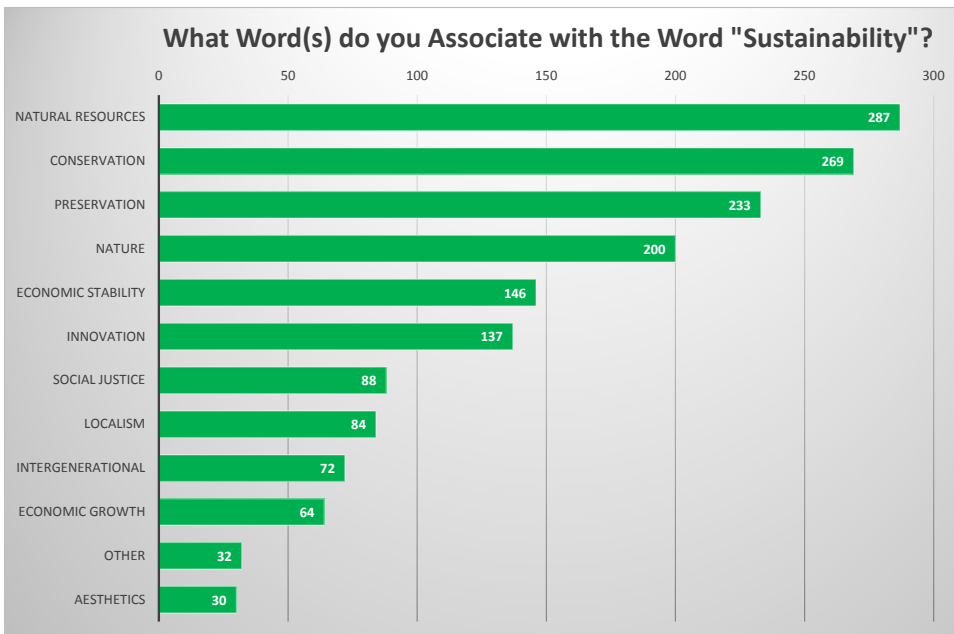
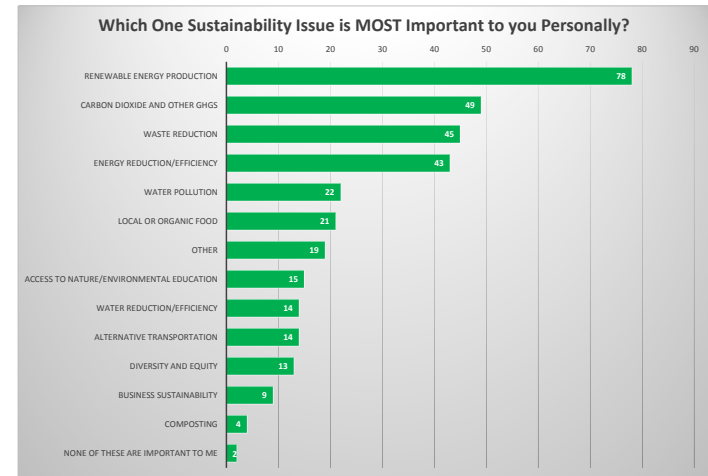
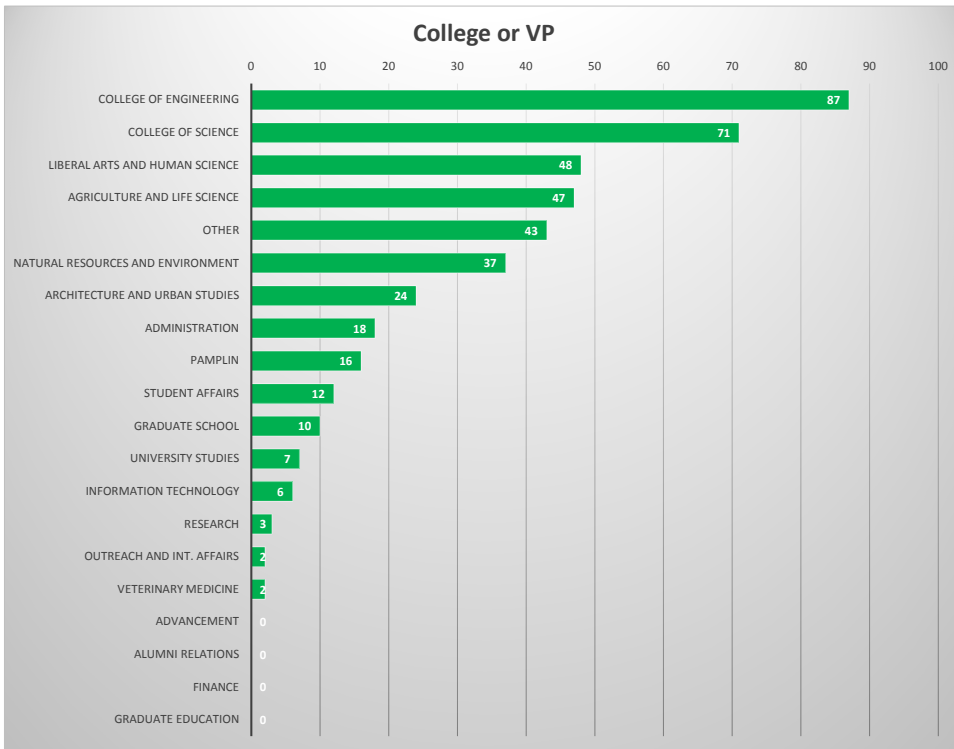
The Energy and Sustainability Committee is part of the university governance structure. The committee reports to the Commission on University Support which reports to University Council.

Sustainability Survey and Focus Groups

In 2015, members of the Energy and Sustainability Committee discussed ways to create more opportunities for the committee to interact with the rest of the Virginia Tech community on sustainability issues. The committee distributed a survey about sustainability at Virginia Tech to determine what issues are most important to Hokies. The results of this survey can be seen below. These results give a good indication of the **issues deemed most important**, as well as the desired priorities going forward.

Participants





Green Office Certification

The Green Office Certification program recognizes offices/departments who save energy and reduce waste.

Since the program launched, 15 offices have completed the certification.



The **Office of Sustainability Internship Program** blends real-world projects at the Blacksburg campus with practical skills-based professional development courses to prepare students for a career in the sustainability field. Students learn what it is like to work in a dynamic environment by **encouraging creativity, ownership, and collaboration.**

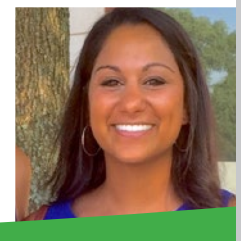
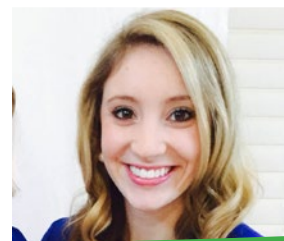
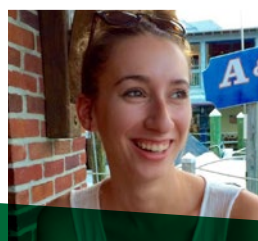
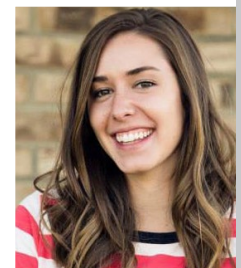
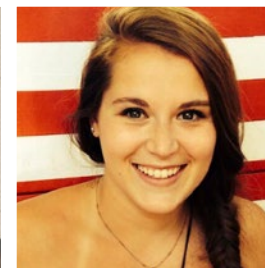
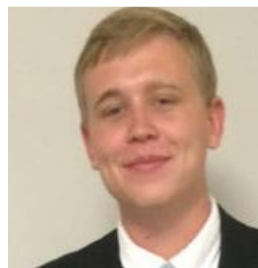
There are two main goals of this program:

1. Cultivate the skills needed by young sustainability professionals.
2. Forward Virginia Tech's sustainability goals through creative engagement.

The projects the students take on, paired with professional development classes and other trainings, allow students to sharpen and expand their environmental professional skill sets.



Internship Program



Fall Semester Intern Events



MEET OZZI

VT'S REUSABLE TO GO CONTAINER

STEP 1:
ASK FOR YOUR FOOD IN A REUSABLE TO GO CONTAINER WHEN YOU ORDER AND PAY YOUR ONE TIME FEE OF \$3.50

STEP 2:
EAT YOUR FOOD ON THE GO!

STEP 3:
DUMP YOUR LEFTOVERS AND TAKE YOUR EMPTY CONTAINER TO AN OZZI MACHINE.

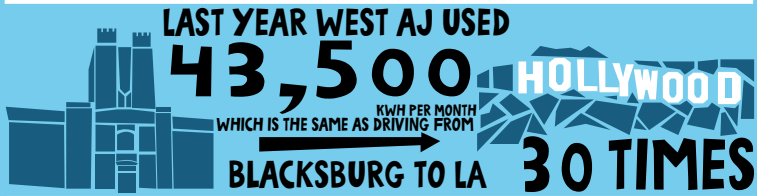
STEP 4:
GRAB YOUR OZZI TOKEN AFTER YOU DEPOSIT YOUR CONTAINER.

STEP 5:
NEXT TIME YOU EAT TO GO, HAND THE CASHIER YOUR OZZI TOKEN.

YOU CAN FIND THE BIG OZZI MACHINES IN OWENS, WEST END, AND TURNER

Display 10/12-10/18

DID YOU KNOW?



A LAUNDRY MACHINE TAKES 20 GALLONS OF WATER TO RUN PER LOAD. THAT IS EQUIVALENT TO DRINKING 320 CUPS OF COFFEE **EACH DAY**

IF EVERY FAUCET IN AMERICA DRIPPED ONCE EACH SECOND,





Green Graduates



Frequently Asked Questions

Do other schools have a graduation pledge? Yes. Virginia Tech is part of the Graduation Pledge Alliance. There are more than 100 active pledge schools and 125,000 college graduates have taken the pledge.

How do I participate? To participate send a quick blurb of how you pledge to support a sustainable world and a photo of yourself (think “Humans of New York” project or just your standard selfie) to the Facebook page.

Do I need to be graduating to get the cord? Yes, we will only give cords to students who are set to graduate in the upcoming graduation ceremony.

Do you hand out cords for December graduation? Yes.

Do you have to be an undergraduate student to participate (rather than a Masters, PhD, etc.)? Not at all. Graduate students are also invited to participate.

What’s the cost? The cord is free of charge, and only requires that you send your pledge and photo to commit to living a sustainable post-graduation life.





“Earth is our home, it’s been here long before humans walked the planet and it will be here when we’re gone. We don’t own this place, we’re only borrowing it from future generations of species. Which is why we have a responsibility to leave it in a better condition than we received it. We can each help, even the smallest changes in your lifestyle can make a difference. Use reusable bags to reduce plastic waste, plant a small garden, take shorter showers, and recycle plastic and glass bottles. It’s all in the little things!”



“I pledge to support a sustainable world because I recognize that the ground I walk on is finite and it is my responsibility to do all that I can to ensure its survival through my day to day activities, raising awareness about how important it is to support a sustainable world, and treating the Earth with unwavering respect. I pledge to support a sustainable world because I want to fight for environmental justice and a safer, cleaner, and greener world.”

“Hola! My name is Luis Manrique Bowen, I’m a senior graduating from the college of engineering and majoring in civil engineering. I want to be the first person in my family to incorporate sustainability in my everyday life. I think by taking the first step towards this goal it will enlighten those around me to do the same and think about our planet’s current conditions. By committing myself to live a sustainable life style, I hope to empower others to follow my footsteps. This is our only home and we must preserve it for those yet to come.”

To view more,
visit our
Facebook page:

Green Graduates
of Virginia Tech.



Since Virginia Tech was first certified in 2008 under the Tree Campus USA program, over 600 trees have been planted across campus. Plantings primarily take place during Sustainability Week in the fall semester and during Earth Week in the spring semester. Virginia Tech was one of the founding member schools of Tree Campus USA but as of 2015 over 250 universities were certified through this program.



STARS: Sustainability Tracking, Assessment and Rating System



Gold Rating since October 15, 2014

A Letter From President Sands to the Association for the Advancement of Sustainability in Higher Education (AASHE)

Virginia Tech is proud to be a charter participant in AASHE's STARS. **We are committed to maintaining our leadership role in campus sustainability.** It is my pleasure to endorse and affirm that Virginia Tech's STARS submission accurately reflects the sustainability initiatives and progress to date on our campus.

We actively use STARS as the primary tool for benchmarking our progress towards a more sustainable campus. Our commitment to sustainability was initiated by students in 2007. In 2009, our Board of Visitors unanimously approved the Virginia Tech Climate Action Commitment Resolution, which was accompanied by a Sustainability Plan specific to the university. This resulted in the creation of the Office of Energy and Sustainability, establishment of targets for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, an emphasis on energy efficiency, increased recycling and alternative transportation rates, an institutional commitment to pursue LEED Silver certification or better for all new construction and major renovation projects, and continued student engagement in campus sustainability. We are pleased to report that we have made tremendous progress toward our goals and are continually implementing additional initiatives to achieve a more sustainable future.

The STARS program continues to evolve and offer greater opportunities for colleges and universities. We will submit an application again under version 1.2 to advance our rating from Silver to Gold. Thank you for this opportunity to continue our participation in STARS and to learn from our peers as we **work together to advance sustainability in higher education.**



Beginning Farmer Programs

To help train new farmers and strengthen the local food system, the CSC in partnership with Virginia Cooperative Extension, continued the Small Farm Incubator program by providing 6 farmers with land and resources at the Center during the 2015 growing season. In addition, the CSC facilitated the **Midsummer Sustainable Gardening Workshop** and implemented an agriculture education program with a local high school.

Catawba Sustainability Center

The Catawba Sustainability Center (CSC) is a 377-acre research and education site in Roanoke County, Virginia, that aims to inspire thought and discover solutions in environmental, social, and economic sustainability through research, education, and demonstration. The CSC works to advance environmental stewardship, community engagement, and economic growth by providing a living, learning environment for the teaching and demonstration of sustainable practices in land management, agriculture, and economics.





Conservation Land Management and Agroforestry

The Catawba Sustainability Center is committed to implementing and teaching conservation land management practices and integrating agroforestry into the development of the farm wherever possible.

CSC is a partner in a National Fish and Wildlife Foundation grant award to develop a multi acre, mixed-use agroforestry farm plot over the next two years to demonstrate **how agroforestry can be used on Virginia Farms to meet conservation goals** and generate revenue through conservation and nutrient credit trading.

The **Catawba Sustainability Center hosts over 1,000 visitors annually**. In 2015, the Catawba Sustainability Center produced the 3rd Roanoke Valley Locavore Food Directory, a print and web publication showcasing locally produced food and beverage.



Multi-Modal Transit Facility (MMTF) and Sustainability Showcase

The **Multi-Modal Transit Facility (MMTF)** is a partnership between the university and the Town of Blacksburg. It will function as a transit hub and will serve multiple modes of transportation. The facility will provide amenities for users, facilitate public interface, disseminate information, and promote alternative transportation.

This project will be the first building at Virginia Tech to pursue LEED Platinum certification. Some of the sustainability showcase items that will be included in the MMTF include:

- ▶ **Rainwater** from the building will be collected in storage tanks and be reused for gray water purposes in the building.
- ▶ A **wind turbine** will be installed as a demonstration of wind energy.
- ▶ Extensive **photo-voltaic panels** will be installed in select bus slip canopies to provide renewable energy.
- ▶ A **green roof** will be installed to provide natural insulation, CO₂ reduction, and reduce rain water runoff.



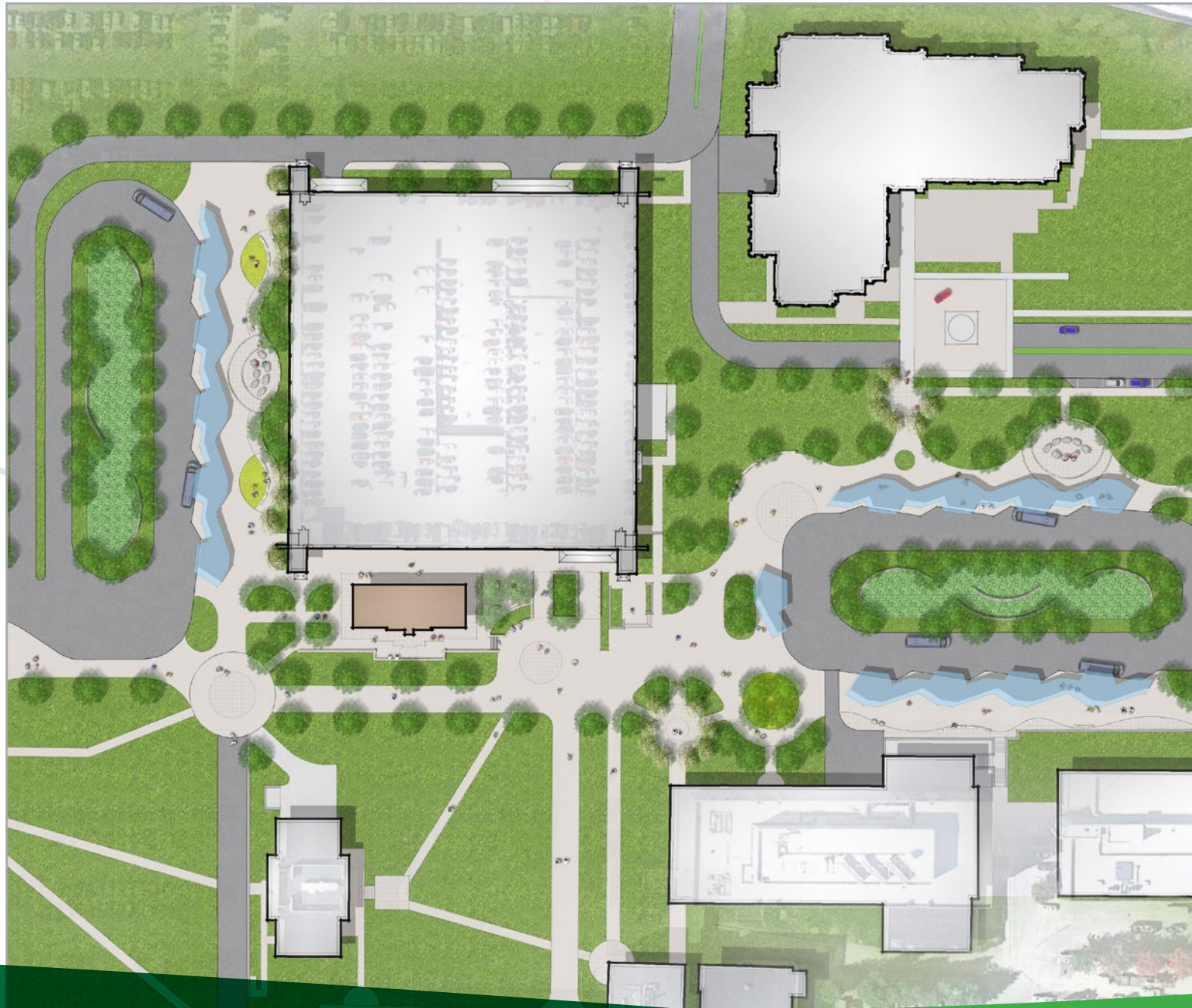
Aerial view looking north



Ground view looking south with Perry Street Parking Garage on left



MMTF site plan



In Conclusion

The past year has been a “Sustainability Success” because of our achievements engaging our campus community and implementing a comprehensive Five Year Energy Action Plan. You can see these achievement in the faces of our faculty, staff, and students as they come together to make our campus even greener and in the results of our annual Greenhouse Gas (GHG) assessment showing a 7.6% decrease in our emissions in FY 16. Virginia Tech continues to lead in Sustainability.



Appendices





Commonwealth of Virginia
Locality Recycling Rate Report
For Calendar Year 2015

Contact Information

Reporting Solid Waste Planning Unit: Virginia Tech

Person Completing This Form: Dennis C. Cochrane

Title: Sustainability Program Manager, Office of Sustainability

Address: Sterrett Center, Suite 48 (0160), 230 Sterrett Drive, Blacksburg, VA 24061

Phone #: (540) 231-5184 Fax #: (540) 231-4745 Email Address: denniscc@vt.edu

Summary: The Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority (MRSWA) located in Christiansburg, VA oversees the implementation of the Solid Waste Management Plan for our region of Southwest Virginia. MRSWA operates a transfer facility that receives recycling materials and municipal solid waste from its four jurisdictional members which includes the Towns of Blacksburg and Christiansburg, Montgomery County and Virginia Tech. MRSWA collects data from its members and prepares a consolidated recycling rate report using this DEQ form. Virginia Tech uses the same form and calculates its recycling rate using the DEQ formula shown on page 2. The figures provided in this report pertain to the Virginia Tech main campus in Blacksburg. MRSWA transitioned to a "Single Stream Recycling System" on July 1, 2015. Recycling and municipal solid waste is brought to MRSWA, weighed, and transported to our recycling hub Recycling & Disposal Services (RDS) in Roanoke, VA. Our "Commingled (Single Stream)" line item shows a significant increase this year (see page 3, part I). The sudden and unexpected closure of Popular Manor Enterprises in Riner, VA in mid-April directly resulted in an estimated 260 ton decrease in composted food waste and a decrease in our recycling rate. A feasibility study has identified an acceptable composting company for our use in 2016.

Due to the complexity and difficulty in obtaining data, this report reflects the best efforts of the solid waste planning unit to represent its recycling efforts for CY 2015. Data in this report was collected from our recycling and solid waste facilities, and from other recycling sources, including non-governmental entities. I certify that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this form and any attached documents, and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the submitted information is true, accurate, and complete. These records will be made available for auditing purposes, if requested.

Dennis C. Cochrane

Sustainability Program Manager

APR 8, 2016

Authorized Signature

Title

Date

Locality Recycling Rate Report

For Calendar Year 2015

PART A: Recycling Rate Calculation - Using the formulae provided below and the information reported on Pages 3, 4 and 5 to calculate your recycling rates.

Step 1: [(PRMs) / (PRMs + MSW Disposed)] X 100 = Base Recycling Rate %

$$\frac{\boxed{1,892} \text{ TONS}}{\boxed{1,892} \text{ TONS} + \boxed{3,916} \text{ TONS}} \times 100 = \boxed{32.58} \%$$

Step 2: CREDITS calculation

a. Total Recycling Residue	0 tons
b. Total Solid Waste Reused	49 tons
c. Total Non-MSW Recycled	4,981 tons
CREDITS	5,030 tons

Step 3: [(PRMs + CREDITS) / (PRMs + CREDITS + MSW Disposed)] X 100 = Adjusted Recycling Rate #1*

$$\frac{\boxed{1,892} \text{ TONS} + \boxed{5,030} \text{ TONS}}{\boxed{1,892} \text{ TONS} + \boxed{5,030} \text{ TONS} + \boxed{3,916} \text{ TONS}} \times 100 = \boxed{63.87} \%$$

Step 4: Source Reduction Credit does not apply; or

Adjusted Recycling Rate #1 + 2% SRP Credit = Adjusted Recycling Rate #2*

$$\boxed{63.87} \% + 2\% = \boxed{65.84} \%$$

Step 5: Final Recycling Rate* for Solid Waste Planning Unit = 37.58 %

*** Total credits resulting from Steps 3 and 4 may not exceed 5 percentage points above the Base Recycling Rate achieved by the Solid Waste Planning Unit.**

Locality Recycling Rate Report
PART B: DATA

For Calendar Year 2015

Part I: Principal Recyclable Materials (PRMs): Report only PRM material generated within the reporting SWPU and recycled, NOT imported PRMs for recycling.

<u>PRM TYPE</u>	<u>RECYCLED AMOUNT (TONS)</u>
Paper	594 (round to whole tons)
Metal	229
Plastic	16
Glass	0
Commingled (also known as Single Stream)	275
Yard Waste (composted or mulched)	250
Waste wood (chipped or mulched)	150
White Goods	4
Tires	6
Used Oil	4
Used Oil Filters	1
Used Antifreeze	0
Batteries	6
Electronics (E-Waste)	10
Food Waste Organic-Composting	298
Waste Cooking Oil	37
Fluorescent Lights/Bulbs & Ballasts	8
TOTAL PRMs	1,892 (PRMs)

(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 1)

Listing of sources for Principal Recyclable Materials and Municipal Solid Waste data

1. Virginia Tech activities that provided recycling and municipal solid waste (MSW) data:
 - a. Department of Facilities: Facilities Operations
 - b. Department of Facilities: University Design & Construction
 - c. Department of Facilities: Office of Sustainability
 - d. Dining Services
 - e. Environmental Health and Safety Office
 - f. Fleet Services
 - g. Department of Human Resources
 - h. _____
 - i. _____
 - j. _____
2. Other facilities (not included in #1 above) that provided PRM & MSW data:
 - a. Montgomery Regional Solid Waste Authority (MRSWA)
 - b. YMCA at Virginia Tech
 - c. Dairy Facilities at Kentland Farm
 - d. _____
 - e. _____
 - f. _____
 - g. _____
 - h. _____
 - i. _____

Locality Recycling Rate Report

For Calendar Year 2015

Part II: Credits by Category (see Credits Worksheet, Page 5)

A. Recycling Residue – “Recycling residue” means the (i) nonmetallic substances, including but not limited to plastic, rubber, and insulation, which remain after a shredder has separated for purposes of recycling the ferrous and nonferrous metal from a motor vehicle, appliance, or other discarded metallic item and (ii) organic waste remaining after removal of metals, glass, plastics and paper which are to be recycled as part of a resource recovery process for municipal solid waste resulting in the production of a refuse derived fuel. (§ 10.1-1400 of the *Code of Virginia*) (use only SWPU generation)

<u>MATERIAL DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>FACILITY/OPERATION</u>	(round to whole tons) <u>TONS OF MATERIAL</u>
_____ from _____	_____	_____
_____ from _____	_____	_____
_____ from _____	_____	_____
TOTAL RECYCLING RESIDUE		<u>0</u>

(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 2 a)

B. Solid Waste Re-Used

<u>MATERIAL DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>REUSE METHOD</u>	(round to whole tons) <u>TONS OF MATERIAL</u>
<u>Furniture/Appliances</u>	<u>Ytoss 2015 (YMCA at VT & VT Recycling)</u>	<u>9</u>
<u>Milking Machinery</u>	<u>Sold to vendor for use by Local Farmers</u>	<u>49</u>
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
TOTAL SOLID WASTE REUSED		<u>49</u>

(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 2 b)

C. Non-Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Recycled

<u>MATERIAL DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>RECYCLING METHOD</u>	(round to whole tons) <u>TONS OF MATERIAL</u>
<u>Construction Material</u>	<u>Concrete/Masonry (3 projects)</u>	<u>4,187</u>
<u>Asphalt Material</u>	<u>Asphalt Removal (3 projects)</u>	<u>190</u>
<u>EPDM Material</u>	<u>Membrane and Roofing (Sterrett Center)</u>	<u>14</u>
<u>Metal Material</u>	<u>Metal (Southgate Dairy Farm & Brodie Hall)</u>	<u>590</u>
TOTAL NON-MSW RECYCLED		<u>4,981</u>

(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 2 c)

Locality Recycling Rate Report

For Calendar Year 2015

D: A credit of two (2) percentage points may be added to the Adjusted Recycling Rate #1 if the Solid Waste Planning Unit has implemented a Source Reduction Program (SRP). Examples of SRPs include Grass-cycling, Home Composting, Clothing Reuse, Office Paper Reduction (duplexing), Multi-Use Pallets, or Paper Towel Reduction. The SRP must be included in the Solid Waste Management Plan on file with the Department:

SRP description: The Department of Human Resources has implemented a paperless electronic leave reporting system for use by its more than 7,500 full-time employees.

SRP description: Dining Services replaced Styrofoam To-Go Containers with a Compostable alternative, and it continues to expand its very popular Reusable To-Go Container Program which now has a total of 3 OZZI Collection Stations.

SRP description: To reduce the use of plastic water bottles, the university has installed over 50 Water Bottle Filling Stations through the student Green RFP Program.

(Certify on Page 2, Step 4)

Exclusions: For the purposes of this report, the following materials are not considered solid wastes, and should not be included in any of the data categories utilized in calculating the recycling rate.

1. Biosolids – industrial sludge, animal manures; or, sewage sludge (unless composted)
2. Automobiles – unless part of the Inoperable Vehicle Program (DMV)
3. Leachate
4. Soils – contaminated soils, soil material from road maintenance
5. Household hazardous waste
6. Hazardous waste
7. Medical waste
8. Rocks or stone
9. Woody waste derived from land clearing for development, VDOT or easement tree trimming/clearing.

Part III: Total Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Disposed** - Report only MSW generated within the reporting jurisdiction(s), NOT imported wastes or industrial wastes.

<u>MSW TYPE</u>	<u>TOTAL AMOUNT of MSW DISPOSED (TONS)</u>
Household	_____ (round to whole tons)
Commercial	_____
Institutional	_____ 3,916
Other (DO NOT INCLUDE INDUSTRIAL WASTES)	_____
TOTAL MSW DISPOSED	_____ 3,916

(Enter Total on Page 2, Step 1 and Step 3)

Note: MSW DISPOSED for the purpose of this report means delivered to a permitted sanitary landfill, delivered to a waste-to-energy facility, or managed at a transfer station for transport to a landfill or waste-to-energy facility.

Locality Recycling Rate Report

For Calendar Year 2015

Credits Worksheet

I. Reuse of any Solid Waste

√	Material description	Tons	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PRM	_____	(round to whole tons)
<input type="checkbox"/>	PRM	_____	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PRM	_____	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Industrial	_____	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Construction	_____	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Demolition	_____	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Debris	_____	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ytoss Program	Res Hall used furniture/appliances	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Farm Machinery	Milking Machines to Local Farmers	40
<input type="checkbox"/>	Other	_____	
	TOTAL TONS	49	(enter data on Page 4, Solid Waste Re-Used)

II. Recycling of any Non-Municipal Solid Waste

√	Material description	Tons	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Construction	Concrete/Masonry (Southgate Inter)	2,850
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Construction	Concrete/Masonry (Brodie Hall)	1,042
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Construction	Concrete/Masonry (New Classroom)	295
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Construction	Asphalt Removal (Southgate Inter)	100
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Roadwork	Asphalt Removal (Duck Pond Drive)	40
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Roadwork	Asphalt Removal (Southgate Drive)	50
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Roofing	EPDM Materials (Sterrett Center)	14
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Metal	Metal (Dairy Farm Bldgs 473 & 488)	590
	TOTAL TONS	4,981	(enter data on Page 4, Non-MSW Recycled)

III. Inoperable Vehicles Removed and Demolished – include number of vehicles that the localities received reimbursement from DMV under §46.2-1207 of the Code of Virginia.

of vehicles removed/reimbursement received _____
 Average tonnage per vehicle X 1 Ton each

Total Tons _____ **(enter data on Page 3, PRMs, Inoperative Motor Vehicle Program)**

NOTE: Check “Exclusions” on Page 5 to avoid listing of those materials on this worksheet and/or in the data fields of this report.

Part C: Recycling Rate Report Instructions

Amended Regulations for the Development of Solid Waste Management Plans (9 VAC 20-130-10 et seq.) require that Solid Waste Planning Units (SWPUs) in the Commonwealth develop complete, revised solid waste management plans. Section 9 VAC 20-130-120 B & C of the Regulations requires that a minimum recycling rate of the total municipal solid waste generated annually in each solid waste planning unit be maintained. It also requires that the plan describe how this rate shall be met or exceeded and requires that the calculation methodology be included in the plan. Section 9 VAC 20-130-165 D establishes that every solid waste management planning unit with populations over 100,000 shall submit to the department by April 30 of each year, the data and calculations required in 9 VAC 20-130-120 B & C for the preceding calendar year. SWPUs with populations of 100,000 or less are only required to report every 4 years (CY years 2016 and forward).

NOTE: ONLY RECYCLING RATE REPORTS FROM AN APPROVED SOLID WASTE PLANNING UNIT (SWPU) WILL BE ACCEPTED FOR PROCESSING. JURISDICTIONS WITHIN A SWPU MUST SUBMIT THEIR RECYCLING DATA TO THE SWPU FOR INCORPORATION INTO THE ANNUAL REPORT.

It is requested that all amounts included on the form be listed in **tons (2,000 pounds)**, rounded to the nearest whole ton. If actual weights are not known, volumes can be converted to weight estimates. To assist you with these estimates, a standardized volume-to-weight conversion table is attached.

Contact Information Section: Please provide information on the Reporting SWPU and information on the individual completing this form. Under Member Governments, please list the local governments identified in the applicable solid waste management plan.

Calculated Recycling Rate Section: Using the formulae provided, calculate your recycling rates for the reporting period from information identified in the Recycling Rate Calculations Section.

Signature Block Section: Please provide an authorized signature prior to submitting the completed form. Authorized signatories include Executive Officer, Administrator, or other legally designated representative of the SWPU reporting entity.

Recycling Rate Calculations Section: Please provide the requested information:

Part I: Principal Recyclable Material (PRM) - Report the amount in tons of each PRM collected for recycling in the named jurisdiction(s) during the reporting period. PRMs include paper, metal, plastic, container glass, commingled, yard waste, waste wood, textiles, tires, used oil, used oil filters, used antifreeze, batteries, electronics, and other materials approved by the Director taken from the Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) generation. A one ton credit may also be entered for each inoperable motor vehicle for which a locality receives reimbursement from the Virginia Department of Motor Vehicles under §46.2-1207 of the *Code of Virginia*. The total weight in **TONS** of all PRMs collected for recycling is represented as **PRMs** in the Recycling Rate Calculation. **New for CY 2015:** **Provide source information for the PRMs reported on the report (permitted and unpermitted facilities).**

Part II: Credits - Report the amount in **TONS** of each material for which recycling credit is authorized in §10.1-1411.C of the *Code of Virginia*: (i) one ton for each ton of recycling residue generated in Virginia and deposited in a landfill permitted under §10.1-1408.1 of the *Code of Virginia*; (ii) one ton for each ton of any solid waste material that is reused; and, (iii) one ton for each ton of any non-municipal solid waste that is recycled. The total weight in **TONS** of all material for which credits are authorized is represented as **CREDITS** in the Recycling Rate Calculation. A credit of two percentage points of the minimum recycling rate mandated for the Solid Waste Planning Unit (SWPU) may be taken for a source reduction program that is implemented and identified in its Solid Waste Management Plan. Total credits may not exceed five percentage points above the Base Recycling Rate achieved by the SWPU.

Part III: Total Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) Disposed: Report the total amount in **TONS** of MSW that was disposed of by the Solid Waste Planning Unit (SWPU) during the reporting period for each of the source categories (Household, Commercial, Institutional, and Other). For the purpose of this report, "disposed," means delivery to a permitted sanitary landfill or waste incinerator for disposal, and excludes industrial wastes. Industrial waste and by-products should not be included in the MSW or Recycling calculation. The total weight in tons of MSW disposed is represented as **MSW Disposed** in the Recycling Rate Calculation.

Locality Recycling Rate Report Volume to Weight Conversion Table

Material	Volume	Weight in Pounds
Metal		
Aluminum Cans, Whole	One cubic yard	50-74
Aluminum Cans, Flattened	One cubic yard	250
Aluminum Cans	One full grocery bag	1.5
Ferrous Cans, Whole	One cubic yard	150
Ferrous Cans, Flattened	One cubic yard	850
Automobile Bodies	One vehicle	2,000
Paper		
Newsprint, Loose	One cubic yard	360-800
Newsprint, Compacted	One cubic yard	720-1,000
Newsprint	12" stack	35
Corrugated Cardboard, Loose	One cubic yard	75-100
Corrugated Cardboard, Baled	One cubic yard	1,000-2,000
Plastic		
PETE, Whole, Loose	One cubic yard	30-40
PETE, Whole, Loose	Gaylord	40-53
PETE, Whole, Baled	30" x 62"	500
Film, Baled	30" x 42" x 48"	1,100
Film, Baled	Semi-Load	44,000
Film, Loose	Standard grocery bag	15
HDPE (Dairy Only), Whole, Loose	One cubic yard	24
HDPE (Dairy Only), Baled	32" x 60"	400-500
HDPE (Mixed), Baled	32" x 60"	900
Mixed PET & Dairy, Whole, Loose	One cubic yard	32
Mixed PET, Dairy & Other Rigid (Whole, Loose)	One cubic yard	38
Mixed Rigid, No Film	One cubic yard	49
Glass		
Glass, Whole Bottles	One cubic yard	600-1,000
Glass, Semi-Crushed	One cubic yard	1,000-1,800
Glass, Crushed (Mechanically)	One cubic yard	800-2,700
Glass, Whole Bottles	One full grocery bag	16
Glass, Uncrushed to Manually Broken	55 gallon drum	125-500
Arboreal		
Leaves, Uncompacted	One cubic yard	200-250
Leaves, Compacted	One cubic yard	300-450
Leaves, Vacuumed	One cubic yard	350
Wood Chips	One cubic yard	500
Grass Clippings	One cubic yard	400-1,500
Other		
Battery (Heavy Equipment)	One	60
Battery (Auto)	One	35.9
Used Motor Oil	One gallon	7.4
Used Oil Filters (Uncrushed)	55 gallon drum	66 Lbs./Used Oil + 110 Lbs./Ferrous Metal
Used Oil Filters (Crushed)	55 gallon drum	16.5 Lbs./Used Oil + 368 Lbs./Ferrous Metal
Tire - Passenger Car	One	20
Tire - Truck, Light	One	35
Tire - Semi	One	105
Antifreeze	One gallon	8.42
Food Waste, Solid & Liquid Fats	55 gallon drum	412
Electronics: CRT/CPU/LapTop/TV	Each (avg wt from NCER)	38/26/8/49 respectively
This Table For General Guidance Only.		

Virginia Tech Sustainability Annual Metrics Report 2015-2016

The following report provides a summary status on implementation of the Virginia Tech Climate Action Commitment and Sustainability Plan (VTCAC&SP) for 2015-2016. The VTCAC&SP was developed in 2009 and updated in 2013.

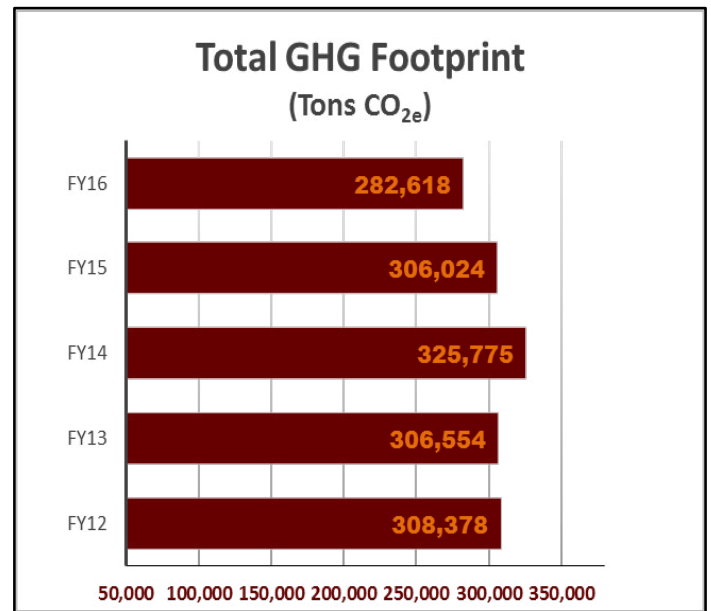
KEY SUSTAINABILITY METRICS

1. **Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions:** “Virginia Tech will establish a target for reduction of **campus GHG emissions** to 80% below 1990 emission level (**38,000 tons**) by 2050...” (VTCAC&SP)

Comments

7.6% decrease in FY2016 driven by:

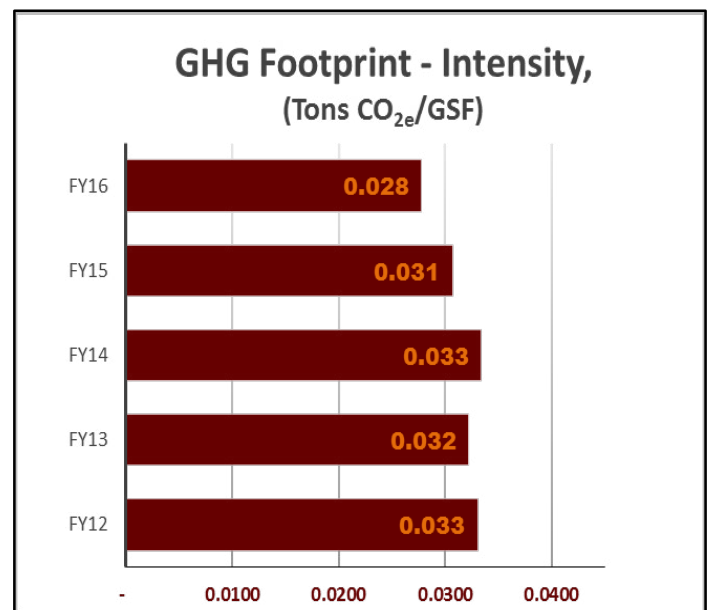
- **34% reduction** in consumption of coal in FY2016 over FY2015. The difference is compensated by increased natural gas consumption and a milder winter.
- Reduction in APCO’s coal usage resulted in less **emissions** per kilowatt-hour of purchased **electricity**.



Comments

- The university added approximately **182,000 square feet (SF) in construction during FY2016** (New Classroom Building and Pearson Hall)
- GHG emission percentages by fuel source:

○ Purchased Electricity	51%
○ Coal	25%
○ Commute	6%
○ Natural Gas (Steam Plant)	11%
○ Natural Gas (Buildings)	2%
○ All Others	5%

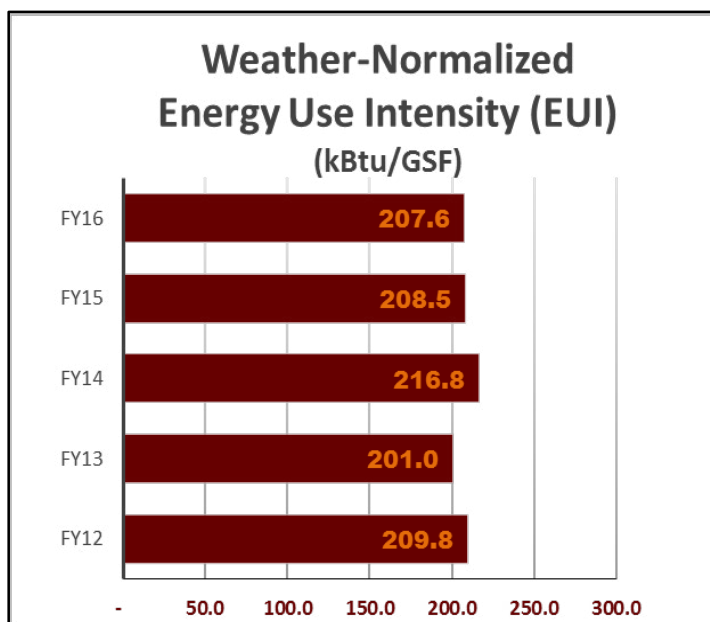


Virginia Tech Sustainability Annual Metrics Report 2015-2016

2. **Energy Use Intensity (kBtu's/GSF):** "Virginia Tech will improve electricity and heating efficiency of campus facilities and their operations by improving the heating and cooling infrastructure and operation, lighting efficiency, equipment efficiency, and metering and controls of its existing buildings." (VTCAC&SP)

Comments

- **0.4% decrease over FY2015** primarily driven by a 2.8% reduction in combined fuel consumption in FY2016 over FY2015.
- The university developed a Five Year Energy Action Plan to enhance on-going efforts to operate more efficiently. Virginia Tech has funded Phase 1 of the plan in the amount of \$2.5 million.

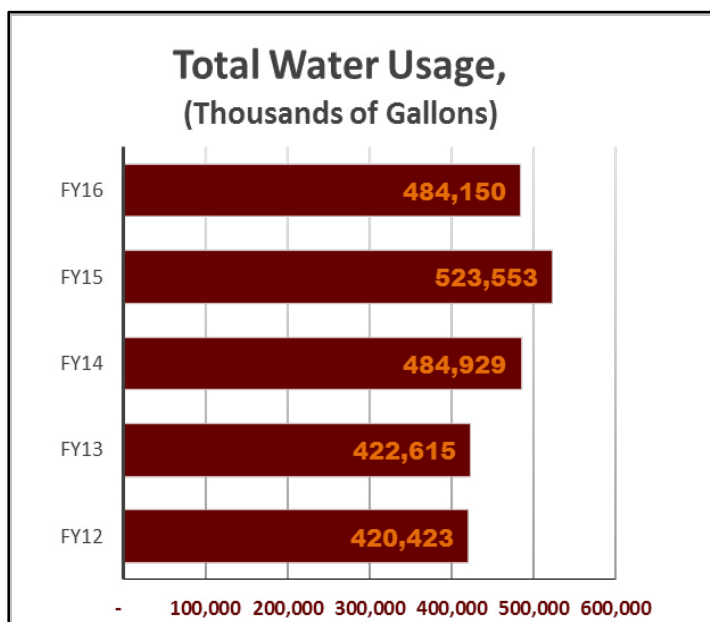


3. **Water Consumption:** "Virginia Tech will engage students, faculty, and staff through education and involvement to develop and implement innovative strategies for efficient and sustainable use of energy, **water**, and materials in all university-owned facilities." (VTCAC&SP)

Comments

7.5% decrease over FY2015 driven by:

- The installation of new Water Authority master meters which have provided a better assessment of water usage.
- A water conservation program will be developed in the Campus Master Plan's review of utilities.

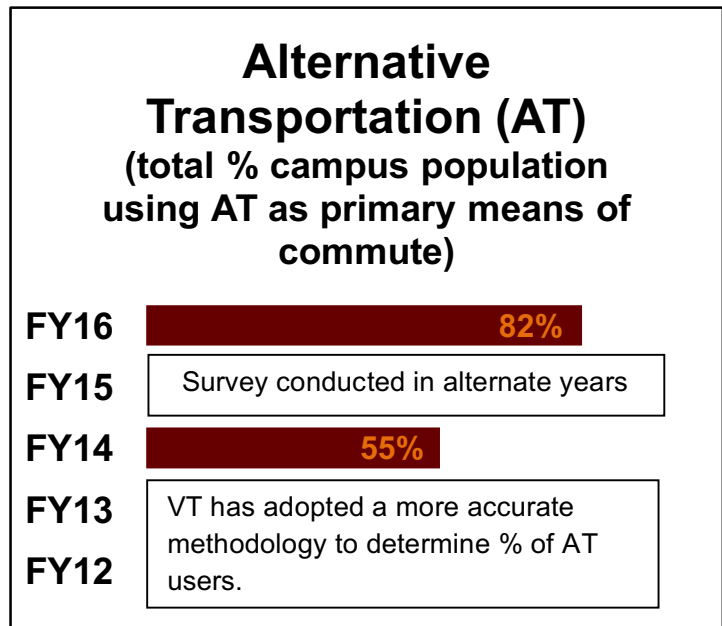


Virginia Tech Sustainability Annual Metrics Report 2015-2016

4. **Alternative Transportation Use:** “Virginia Tech will improve transportation energy efficiency on campus through parking, fleet, and **alternative transportation** policies and practices.” (VTCAC&SP)

Comments

- Virginia Tech received its seventh straight gold award from the Best Workplaces for Commuters Race for Excellence, after having been named “Best Of” in the university category in 2014.
- The university has earned recognition as a Bronze level Bicycle Friendly University from the League of American Bicyclists.
- The office of Alternative Transportation conducted the second iteration of the biennial Commuter Survey in the spring of 2016. The survey results showed that 81.6% of campus affiliates (faculty, staff, and students) use at least one alternative mode as a primary transportation source.

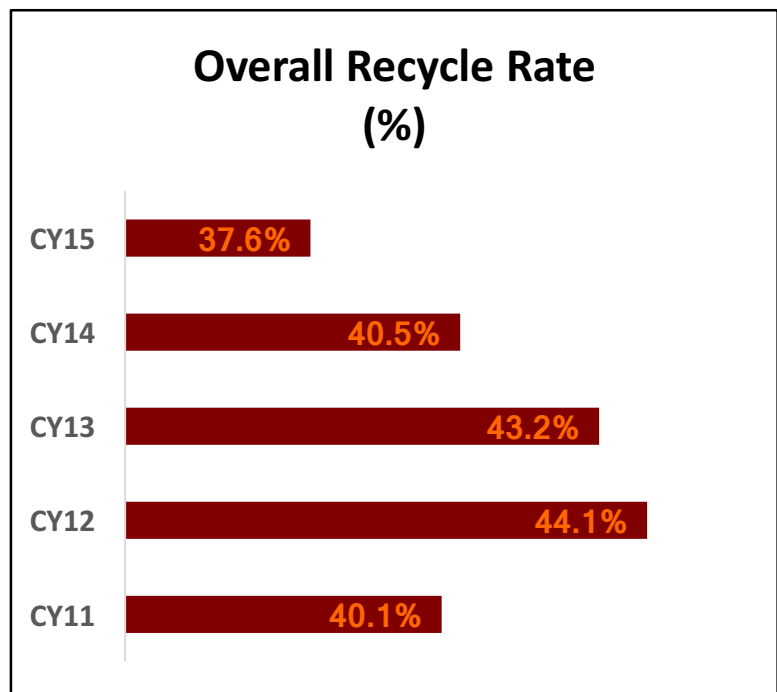


Virginia Tech Sustainability Annual Metrics Report 2015-2016

5. **Recycling:** “...Virginia Tech will minimize waste and achieve a 50% recycle rate by 2020” (VTCAC&SP)

Comments:

- 37.6% Overall Recycle Rate for 2015 directly attributable to the unanticipated closure of the composting vendor in April 2015. No other viable composting options were available for the remainder of the year, so 260 tons of food waste went to the landfill. Had the vendor remained operational Virginia Tech would have achieved a 42% overall recycling rate.
- Comprehensive Composting Feasibility Study completed in Spring 2016 recommended Virginia Tech negotiate with new vendor (Royal Oak Farm) near Lynchburg for future composting (as opposed to Virginia Tech starting its own composting operation).
- University transitioned to a Single Stream Recycling System effective July 2015 which will enhance Virginia Tech’s ability to reach the recycle rate goal.



2015-16 Office of Sustainability Annual Report



Facilities
Department

Office of Sustainability
Sterrett Facilities Complex
230 Sterrett Drive
Blacksburg, VA 24061

540-231-4300
www.facilities.vt.edu/sustainability.html





CAPITAL PROJECT STATUS REPORT



LIVE ◀ LEARN ▶ WORK

- ▶ Board of Visitors Meeting: *November 7, 2016*
- ▶ Christopher H. Kiwus, PE, PhD
Associate Vice President and Chief Facilities Officer



PROJECTS APPROVED, NOT YET FUNDED

- ▶ Chiller Plant Phase II
- ▶ Holden Hall Renovation
- ▶ Livestock and Poultry Research Facilities I
- ▶ Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute Biosciences Addition
- ▶ Undergraduate Science Laboratory





PROJECTS IN PROGRESS

- ▶ Athletic Facilities Improvements
- ▶ Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building
- ▶ Health Center Improvements/Student Wellness Services
- ▶ Improve Kentland Facilities
- ▶ Lane Electric Substation Expansion
- ▶ Multi-Modal Transit Facility
- ▶ O'Shaughnessy Hall Renovation
- ▶ Renovate/Renew Academic Buildings
- ▶ Undergraduate Science Laboratories Renovations





PROJECTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION

- ▶ Biocomplexity Institute Data Center Expansion
- ▶ Classroom Building
- ▶ Fire Alarm Systems and Access
- ▶ Residential Door Access Improvements
- ▶ Unified Communications and Network Renewal Project
- ▶ Upper Quad Residence Halls



BUILDING AND GROUNDS COMMITTEE

November 7, 2016

Capital Project Status Report

Project Name	Project Description	Estimated Total Project Cost	Non-General Funds	Project Teams	Contract Completion Date	Project Status
APPROVED, NOT YET FUNDED						
Chiller Plant Phase II	This project includes the replacement and upgrade of central plant equipment in the existing campus chiller plants and the expansion of the underground distribution infrastructure to link campus chiller substations and bring existing campus buildings online. The envisioned improvements include the replacement of outdated chiller equipment in the North Plant with two new 3,000 ton chillers, installation of thermal storage system, and installation of one new 1,500 ton chiller in the Southwest Plant. The project also includes the replacement and upgrade of ancillary equipment with state-of-the-art, optimally sized pumping and system support equipment, and the expansion of the distribution system to connect the two plants. The project accommodates LEED refrigerant requirements by replacing outdated, inefficient chiller equipment with equipment that uses newer refrigerant types.	\$40,000,000	\$0	TBD	TBD	The state has authorized university submittal of a request for planning funds. The forms have been submitted for Department of Planning and Budget approval. Procurement of an A/E firm is in progress.
				TBD		
Holden Hall Renovation	This project includes the renovation of an approximately 21,000 gross square foot (GSF) portion of Holden Hall. The remaining 21,000 GSF of the existing building will be demolished and replaced with approximately 80,000 GSF of new engineering instruction and research space for a total building size of 101,000 GSF.	\$73,500,000	\$0	Moseley Architects Virginia Beach, VA	TBD	The state has authorized university submittal of a request for planning funds. The forms have been submitted for Department of Planning and Budget approval. Procurement of the A/E and Construction Manager at Risk is in progress.
				TBD		
Livestock and Poultry Research Facilities I	This proposed project will provide a combination of new replacement facilities and renovated facilities at the Blacksburg campus and three nearby university production and research farms.	\$22,500,000	\$0	TBD	TBD	The state has authorized university submittal of a request for planning funds. The forms have been submitted for Department of Planning and Budget approval. A/E procurement is in progress.
				TBD		
Undergraduate Science Laboratory	This project will construct a new undergraduate science laboratory facility of 102,000 gross square feet (GSF) to accommodate the growing demand for STEM-H degrees at Virginia Tech.	\$74,800,000	\$0	TBD	TBD	The project has been authorized for planning, but funding will not be available until FY2018.
				TBD		
Virginia Tech Carilion Research Institute Biosciences Addition	This project will construct an approximately 105,000 gross square foot (GSF) building adjacent to the Virginia Tech - Carilion Institute in Roanoke, VA. The new facility will include high intensity biomedical research capable laboratories with surgical-type suites, Biosafety Level Three laboratories, and animal imaging facilities that require high field magnetic resonance imaging. The remaining space will include high intensity dry laboratory research and training spaces including computational facilities, offices, and procedural training rooms.	\$67,000,000	\$0	TBD	TBD	The state has authorized university submittal of a request for planning funds. The forms have been submitted for Department of Planning and Budget approval. This project will follow the university's PPEA process. A detailed scope is currently being prepared.
				TBD		
DESIGN						
Athletic Facilities Improvements	Planning authorization only. This is an umbrella project for improvements to multiple athletics facilities, including Rector Field House, Baseball, Tennis, and Cassell Coliseum Bowman Room (Nutrition Center).	\$3,500,000	\$3,500,000	Rector: Cannon Design Baseball: Cannon Design Tennis: tbd Nutrition: Hanbury	TBD	Sub-projects as follows: 1) <u>Rector Field House</u> - Includes building renovation and a new addition to provide for softball, throws practice, support space, and entry improvements. Preliminary design is in progress. Construction Manager at Risk under contract for Preconstruction Services. Relocation of utilities is in progress. 2) <u>Baseball</u> - Includes building renovation and an addition to provide for improved baseball team and training facilities. Design-Build contract has been awarded and design is proceeding. 3) <u>Tennis</u> - Includes building renovation and an addition to provide for improved tennis team and training facilities. A feasibility study to provide concept plans and cost estimate is in progress. 4) <u>Nutrition Center</u> - Includes the potential renovation and/or new construction to provide improvements for athletic team training and nutrition program. A feasibility study to identify a site, and to provide concept plans and cost is in progress.
				Rector: Branch Baseball: Whiting Turner Tennis: tbd Nutrition: tbd		
Eastern Shore AREC Equipment Storage Building	This project includes the construction of an agricultural equipment storage building at the AREC in Painter, Virginia.	TBD	\$46,000	Dewberry Charlotte, NC	TBD	Invitation for Bids advertised on August 29, 2016. Prebid conference held at site on September 15, 2016. Bids were received on October 4, 2016, and opened on October 5, 2016. The apparent low responsive bid for construction is \$393,800.
				TBD		

Project Name	Project Description	Estimated Total Project Cost	Non-General Funds	Project Teams	Contract Completion Date	Project Status
Health Center Improvements/Student Wellness Services	The planning authorization for the Health Center Improvements project was updated by the Board of Visitors at the March 2016 meeting to initiate a revised and comprehensive solution for student wellness services.	\$3,071,000	\$3,071,000	Cannon Design	TBD	The A/E has been selected and contract negotiations are in progress for a feasibility study to upgrade McComas Hall and perform a major renovation of War Memorial Hall for the Schiffert Health Center, Cook Counseling, Recreational Sports, and College of Liberal Arts and Human Sciences programs.
				TBD		
Improve Kentland Facilities	This project includes new construction of three buildings totaling approximately 28,900 gross square feet (GSF) including a metabolism research laboratory, an applied reproduction facility, and an arena with animal demonstration and holding spaces to serve Agency 229, Virginia Cooperative Extension and the Virginia Agricultural Experiment Station.	\$9,363,000	\$0	Spectrum Design, PC Roanoke, VA	TBD	The utility relocation and site preparation work has been completed. Construction documents are being finalized for bidding in October.
				TBD		
Lane Electric Substation Expansion	This project will expand the existing electrical sub-station to add approximately 37 percent additional power capacity to serve the campus Life Sciences and Northwest Precincts and the Corporate Research Center's proposed expansion.	\$6,500,000	\$6,500,000	AEP and VTES	TBD	The project is administered by Virginia Tech Electric Service in coordination with Appalachian Power Company (APCo) and Appalachian Electric Power (AEP). Long lead items are being procured. A contract with AEP is being negotiated for the design and construction of their facilities. The station power transformers Invitation for Bid has been issued and the station control buildings are complete.
				AEP and VTES		
Multi-Modal Transit Facility	This is a Capital Lease Project administered by the Town of Blacksburg and is funded by Federal Transportation Administration grants and a university match.	TBD	TBD	Wendel Associates Buffalo, NY	TBD	Construction documents are under development. The project is being designed to LEED Platinum standards, providing a campus sustainability demonstration showcase.
				TBD		
O'Shaughnessy Hall Renovation	This project includes major renovation of a 69,200 gross square foot (GSF) student residence building into a living - learning community.	TBD	\$1,750,000	Moseley Architects Virginia Beach, VA	TBD	Preliminary design has been initiated. A Construction Manager has been selected and contracted for preconstruction services.
				WM Jordan, Roanoke, VA		
Renovate/Renew Academic Buildings	This project will renovate three existing campus buildings - Sandy Hall, Liberal Arts Building, and the original portion of Davidson Hall. Collectively, these renovations will increase the functionality of three underutilized building assets, address several deferred maintenance issues, and reduce critical space deficiencies. A small addition is planned for Sandy and Liberal Arts Buildings to provide for an elevator, ADA accommodations, and circulation space improvements.	\$30,563,000	\$0	Glavè & Holmes Associates Richmond, VA	TBD	Construction bids were received in June. The bids exceeded the available construction budget. The project bid documents are being revised with removal of liquidated damages for rebidding. Estimated bid opening in late November.
				TBD		
Undergraduate Science Laboratories Renovations	This project will repurpose up to seven laboratory spaces in Derring Hall and up to three laboratories in Hahn Hall. These repurposed laboratories will expand space to meet growing demand for course sections in biology, chemistry, organic chemistry, physics, and micro-biology.	\$600,000	\$600,000	TBD	TBD	The university is initiating programming and space analysis for the renovation of selected labs in Derring Hall and Hahn Hall. Procurement of A/E services is in progress.
				TBD		

Project Name	Project Description	Estimated Total Project Cost	Non-General Funds	Project Teams	Contract Completion Date	Project Status
CONSTRUCTION						
Biocomplexity Institute Data Center Expansion	Planning authorization only. This project includes the renovation of four rooms in the Biocomplexity Institute of Virginia Tech (BI) building into a high performance computing center.	\$5,900,000	\$5,900,000	TSS Columbia, MD Whiting-Turner Baltimore, MD	April 3, 2017	A Design-Build contract has been awarded. Permits for early construction activities have been issued.
Classroom Building	This project provides for the design and construction of a 73,275 square foot (SF) academic building which will contain state-of-the-art instructional space to accommodate the unmet demand for multi-discipline general assignment classrooms and labs. The new academic building includes approximately 15 flexible classrooms and 4 laboratory rooms of various sizes and configurations to accommodate multiple teaching methods. The building provides approximately 1,600 student stations with wireless capability throughout.	\$42,650,000	\$0	EYP Architecture & Engineering Washington D.C. W.M. Jordan Company Newport News, VA	July 16, 2016	Substantial Completion was achieved in July and the building was opened for classes in August. Construction punchlist completion is in progress. Final report for this project.
Fire Alarm Systems and Access	This project provides for critical life safety improvements in several educational and general facilities on campus. Fire alarm systems will be installed or expanded in as many campus buildings as funding allows, including Architecture Annex, Food Science and Technology, Lane Hall, Litton Reaves Hall, Newman Library, Norris Hall, Patton Hall, Randolph Hall, War Memorial Hall, and Whittemore Hall.	\$4,900,000	\$0	Multiple A/E Firms Multiple Contractors	Summer 2017	Release of construction funding is allocated subject to cost approval in the bidding/construction phase: Architecture Annex, Food Science Technology, and Wallace Annex are complete. Lane Hall, War Memorial Hall, and Whittemore Hall are nearing completion. Patton Hall and Randolph are in construction. Norris Hall has been submitted for Department of General Services cost review. Litton Reaves Hall is in the design phase.
Residential Door Access Improvements	Project to retrofit and install wireless electronic door access locks on approximately 4,520 student room doors campus-wide.	\$7,735,000	\$7,735,000	Hokie Passport, CNS, and CBORD	Fall 2017	The first phase of the Electronic Door Access project (4,490 total electronic locks to be installed) is complete. The installation of 54 electronic key control boxes is also complete. The remaining lock installation will be complete at the end of summer 2017. The dispersal of the new aptiQ cards to the incoming transfer and freshman class began with summer and transfer orientation. Plans for the dispersal of new ID cards to returning students is in place, as is a process for lost cards which integrates the on-call Housing and Residence Life staff with Hokie Passport access to temporarily enable cards. Programming efforts within Hokie Passport are on schedule and the locks installed this summer were fully operational for residents in fall 2016.
Unified Communications and Network Renewal Project	This project replaces outdated equipment and upgrades campus communications systems, providing infrastructure and equipment enhancements over a five year period. The project scope includes upgrades to the Internet Protocol (IP) Network, the cable plant, and equipment rooms in buildings throughout campus.	\$16,508,000	\$16,508,000	Multiple A/E Firms Various Contractors	December 2017	The data center team continues to work through the planning, design, and procurement activities for the data center network upgrade. The target completion date for the project is December 2017. The engineering team is working through the Request for Information (RFI) process and have managed a series of engagements with industry leading technology providers. The University's Chief Technology Architect has been involved to ensure alignment with strategic initiatives and programs.
Upper Quad Residential Facilities	This project provides for the demolition and construction of replacements for Brodie and Rasche residence halls to serve the Corps of Cadets. The new residence halls totaling approximately 210,000 gross square feet (GSF) will provide over 1,000 beds in double and triple rooms sharing hall community bathrooms. These new residence halls will be constructed at the approximate location of the original Rasche Hall and Brodie Hall. Both buildings will provide double and triple occupancy rooms that meet the residence and in-room storage space needs of the cadets. Both new residence halls will provide dedicated meeting, community, and group spaces, specifically designed to meet Corps program and organization needs. Thomas Hall and Monteith Hall will also be demolished as part of this project.	\$91,000,000	\$91,000,000	Clark Nexsen Charlotte, NC Barton Malow Company - Charlottesville, VA	Pearson - August 8, 2015 Second Residence Hall - March 3, 2017	Construction of Pearson Hall (Rasche Hall replacement) is complete. The Corps of Cadets moved in on November 14, 2015. The construction of the replacement Brodie Hall is underway, but is behind schedule. A credit change order of \$2M for delay damages has been executed for Pearson Hall and a new completion date of March 3, 2017 was established for the second residence hall.